EIGHT PAGES.

Morning Oregonian.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

VOL. XXVIII. PORTLAND, OREGON. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1888. NO. 8787.

THE A. P. HOTALING CO.

Nos 1, 3, 5 and 7 North First St., Portland Or.,

Importers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers

---SOLE AGENTS---

J. H. Cutter Whiskies

Pommery Sec Champagne, Piper Heidsick Champagne, Val Blatz Weiner Beer, White Rock Mineral Water.

G. Shindler & Co.

Furniture Dealers.

Bedroom and Parlor Suites,
Folding Beds (all styles),
School Desks, Odd Chairs,
Cheffoniers, Side Boards,
Best Assortment in Portland.

SALESROOM 166 First, through block 200 feet to 167 and 169 Front Street.

G. SHINDLER & CO., Portland, Or.

Fall and Winter Goods

JUST RECEIVED.

NICOLL, "The Tailor."

The largest display of the Choicest Woolens ever shown in the city Domestic English French, Scotch and German Fabrics in endless variety for Suits to measure One thousand different patterns to select from Any and every style of garment cut and fitted to suit the most fastidious taste.

Samples, with Instructions for Self Measurement, Sent Free.

ALL GOODS SHRUNK.

PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Fine All-Wool Suits to Order from : : $20 00

Fine All-Wool Pants to Order, from : : 5 00

Experienced and First Class Cutters and none but White Labor Employed.

NICOLL, "The Tailor,"

No. 126 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR.

IN BLAST

[illegible]

---MANUFACTURERS OF---

FOUNDRY PIG IRON, WATER AND GAS PIPE

AND SPECIAL CASTINGS OF ALL SIZES!

ORDERS SOLICITED---FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

F C. SMITH, GENERAL SUP'T.,

Office Abington Bldg., Portland, Or.

SUNNYSIDE.

No tiresome hills, discouraging stumps or gravel beds to overcome. but, on the contrary, beautiful grounds ready for buildings. We assert, without fear of contradiction, that no suburb about Portland has so many bona fide purchasers, and so many cottages now being erected or under contract. New coaches on the motor line will be running within a week Mr. Joseph Holder can be found at the store and will show the grounds and give information. No lots secured until deposit is made with

J FRED CLARK & SONS, No. 13 Stark St., or TELFER STEARNS & CO No 7 Stark St.

W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO.,

Wine and Spirit Merchants,

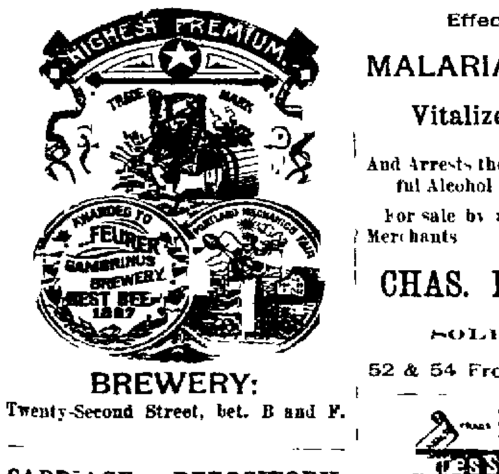
No. 63 Front St. - - - - - - Portland, Oregon

Cyrus Noble Bourbon! Old Hickory Bourbon!

Manhattan Club Bourbon

Ex SHIP JAMES DRUMMOND, from New York.

Gambrinus Beer.



BREWERY:

Twenty-Second Street, bet. B and F.

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

FRANK BROS. IMPLEMENT CO.

68 and 70 Front St Portland Or.

A complete line of Carriages Cabriolets Phaetons Top and Open Buggies Carts Spring Wagons Surreys Harness and Horse Goods. Also a Full Line of

Farm, Dairy and Mill Machinery

[illegible] all on [illegible] purchasing. Our Illustrated Catalogue furnished on application.

LODGING HOUSE FOR SALE [illegible]

Peruvian Bitters.

Effectively Cures

MALARIAL DISEASES,

Vitalizes the System

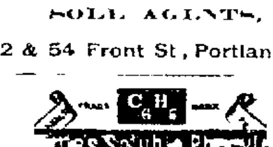
And Arrests the Ravages of the Dreadful Alcohol Habit DIPSOMANIA

For sale by all Druggists and Wine Merchants

CHAS. KOEN & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

52 & 54 Front St, Portland Or



Placed first on the list of commercial disinfectants tested by the American Public Health Association See Medical News, Feb. 7, 1885. JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., General Agents

Trees

60,000 Bartlett Pear
25,000 Loyal Ann Cherry
30,000 Esopus Spitzenberg
40,000 Prune.
10 000 Early Crawford Peach

And other [illegible] varieties [illegible] proportion. [illegible] Send for catalogue to

J H SETTLEMEIER

Woodburn, Or

PIANO TUNING. W. S. GEARY, THE tuner recently from [illegible], will remain in Portland. Orders for [illegible] [illegible] Kohler & Chase Portland Or

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST LOUIS.

Staver & Walker

NEW MARKET BLOCK

Portland Oregon

HEADQUARTERS FOR

SLEIGHS & CUTTERS

BOB SLEDS,

Sleigh-Runner Attachments, Snow Vehicles of All Kinds

Our Prices the Lowest!

Quality Considered

CATALOGUES MAILED FREE.

STAVER & WALKER.

E. E. PROWELL.

THE LEADING

SOUTH PORTLAND

DRUGGIST.

COR FIRST & MARKET STS

BABY ONE SOLID RASH,

Ugly painful blotched, malicious No rest by day no peace by night Doctors and all remedies failed Tried Cuticura Remedies. Effect marvelous Complete cure in five weeks

Our oldest child now six years of age when an infant six months old was attacked with a virulent malignant skin disease All ordinary remedies failing we called our family physician who attempted to cure it but it spread with almost incredible rapidity until the lower portion of the little fellow's person from the middle of his back down to his knees was one solid rash ugly painful blotched and malicious We had no rest at night no peace by day Finally we were advised to try the Cuticura Remedies The effect was simply marvellous. In three or four weeks a complete cure was wrought leaving the little fellow's person as white and healthy as though he had never been attacked In my opinion your valuable remedies saved his life and to-day he is a strong healthy child perfectly well no repetition of the disease having ever occured.

GEO E SMITH

Att'y at Law and Ex Pros Att'y Ashland O

Reference J C West Druggist Ashland O

CLEAR SKIN, PURE BLOOD

No mother who loves her children who takes pride in their beauty purity and health and in bestowing upon them a child's greatest inheritance a skin without a blemish and a body nourished by pure blood should fail to make trial of the Cuticura Remedies

I have seen the Cuticura Remedies used for milk crust by a visitor in my house and can testify that the cure was speedy and permanent I have also used them myself for eruptions of the skin on my little child with satisfactory results in every respect. The skin was broken out and began to assume ugly proportions I have also heard my neighbors speak of the Cuticura Remedies in the highest terms

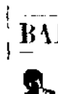
F P BLAR

Churchville Augusta Co Va.

Sold everywhere Price Cuticura 50c Soap, 25c Resolvent $1 Prepared by the POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO Boston Mass

Send for How to Cure Skin Diseases 64 pages 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp Preserved and Beautified by Cuticura Medicated Soap.



HOW MY SIDE ACHES!

Aching Sides and Back Hip Kidney and Uterine Pains Rheumatic Sciatic Neuralgic Sharp and Shooting Pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti Pain Plaster The first and only pain killing plaster 25 cents.

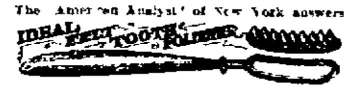
EST'D 1862.
TANSILL'S PUNCH
5¢ CIGAR
R W TANSILL & CO. CHICAGO.

O P S PLUMMER, Druggist Agt.

"CHEAPER THAN BRISTLES."

WHY?

The American Analyst of New York answers



"Each Felt Polisher lasts from One to Three Weeks and then can be replaced The handle and Metal Loop are almost indestructible so that from an economic standpoint The Felt Brush is not One Tenth so Dear as Any Other"

HORSEY M'F'G Co., Utica N Y

At all Druggists.

FOR THE FINEST GLASS OF BEER IN THE city go to Frank Kopel's, 2 Ist and Pine streets

NATIONAL FINANCES

Extracts from the Annual Report of Treasurer Hyatt.

REDUCTION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

Bond Purchases and Bond Redemptions—Coinage of Silver Dollars—The National Banks and the Money They Borrowed

WASHINGTON Nov 22—The treasurer of the United States Hon James W Hyatt has submitted to Secretary Fairchild his annual report of the operations of the treasury The net returns of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30 1888, were $379 266 074 and net expenditures $267 924 801 the surplus receipts available for reduction of the public debt being $111 341 273 an increase of $ 8 0 17 over the year before As compared with 1887 the revenues were $7 862 797 greater and expenditures $7378 less The treasury balance increased during the year from $[illegible] to $120 801 242 and total assets, including certificates of deposit in cash from $622 [illegible] to $754 [illegible]9 535 The net change of $[illegible] 9 663 in the balance was produced by an increase of $37 5[illegible] in assets and a decrease of $[illegible] 395 in liabilities

The silver balance fell off more than $27 000 000 The principal increase of assets was in United States notes and deposits in national banks and the principal decrease of liabilities was in the public debt and funds for redemption of national bank notes

There was a net decrease of $74 786 920 during the fiscal year in the principal of the interest bearing debt

BOND PURCHASES.

Total purchases of bonds for the sinking fund and out of the surplus revenues were $51 464,300 the net premium paid exclusive of accrued interest being $8 270 842

Gold and silver coin and bullion in the country and all kinds of notes and certificates outstanding, June 30 1887 amounted to $1 915 259 852 and June 30 1888 to $2 093 - 562 072. The stock of gold and silver increased from $1 007 513 901 to $1 092 391 690 mostly in gold The increase in the volume of paper circulation was $83 434 400 resulting from an increase of $110 319,955 in the amount of certificates and a falling off of $26,885 554 in the total of notes and fractional currency

Some attention has been given to the question of probable loss or destruction of paper currency but without any very definite result. A table is given showing the course of redemption of the first issue of legal tender notes Until the notes are called in by the government or some other cause brings them to the treasury the loss from destruction must be more or less a matter of conjecture The most careful estimate from data at hand places it at one per cent, or less, according to denomination

Certificates of deposit amounting to $24, 110,000 were issued for United States notes and $18 [illegible] 000 were redeemed, leaving $11 695 000 outstanding The treasurer attributed the decrease of the use of these certificates since 1886 to a change in the manner of redeeming them the holder now receiving the same notes that were deposited instead of new notes as formerly

The volume of gold certificates outstanding increased $20 536,333 reaching $142 023 150, the highest point yet noted at the end of any fiscal year

Taking into account the decrease in the treasury, the total increase in circulation was $29 [illegible] 143

SILVER DOLLARS.

The coinage of silver dollars during the year amounted to $32 [illegible] 673 making the total coinage $299 424 790 The increase of net distribution was only $39 156 Owing to a scarcity of one and two dollar notes and the demand for the movement of crops nearly 9 000 000 were drawn into circulation between May and November 1887 but when notes were again to be had the dollars came back to the treasury as fast as they had gone out. The treasurer is of the opinion that the people have all of these coins they want or are willing to take and recommends if purchases of silver are to continue that the bullion be put into the form of heavy bars or ingots arguing that the present supply of dollars will be sufficient for any demand there is likely to be for them and that any increase of the certificate circulation could be based with perfect safety on uncoined metal The new silver vault in the treasury building having a capacity of $100 000 000 and said to be the largest treasury vault in the world is being filled at the rate of half a million a week It will hold the total coinage of three years, but at the end of that period still further storage room will probably have to be provided unless coinage is suspended

The amount of fractional silver coin in the treasury has not changed much since the first accumulation after resumption of specie payment.

The treasurer states that the gold in the treasury is in good condition with the exception of a little Many of the silver half dollars are much worn some being quite smooth and it has been impossible to recoin these because the loss would have been too great in proportion to new coinage mostly dimes which it was necessary to produce

The decrease in the amount of deductions on account of mutilations from the face value of currency redeemed adding the number of counterfeit notes and coins rejected shows a gratifying improvement in the condition of the circulation in this respect

NATIONAL BANKS

At the close of the year the treasurer held $178 312 [illegible] of United States bonds to secure national bank circulation and $56 128 000 to secure public moneys held in depository banks There was a decrease during the year of $1 [illegible] in the amount of the former and a decrease of $[illegible] 612 500 in the amount of the latter

There was $58 712 [illegible] of public money held by banks an increase of $[illegible]

The semi annual duty collected from national banks amounted to $1 616 127 making an aggregate of $130 233 [illegible] since 1863

The net proceeds on national bank notes redeemed during the year was $98 246 [illegible]23 Redemptions were $11 000 000 greater than those of the preceding year in the face of a reduction of $[illegible] 000 in two years in the amount outstanding and greater in proportion to the circulation than those of every year save two since 1879

VIRGINIA TO BE CONTESTED

The Result of a Conference Between Mahone and Quay

WASHINGTON Nov 22—As a result of a conference between Gen Mahone and Senator Quay recently held in this city it is announced that proceedings will be begun in the Virginia state courts and the United States district court of Virginia attacking the right of the democratic electors of that state to cast their votes for president in the electoral college The certificates of the electors will not be issued until after the meeting of the state board of canvassers in Richmond next Monday and the contemplated proceeding will be then immediately instituted Allegations of fraud are to be made by two of the defeated republican electors against two democratic electors holding certificates of their election from the state board of canvassers

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON

The Time for His Visit to General Harrison Not Yet Settled

WASHINGTON Nov 22—Vice-President-elect Morton is in the city to-day inspecting the large apartment house which he is building on the site of his former residence here He says the time of his visit to General Harrison is not settled It will be arranged to suit the convenience of both parties

THE CABINET

John Sherman Said to Have Accepted the Secretaryship of State.

NEW YORK, Nov 22—A Washington special to the *World* says John Sherman has conditionally accepted the secretaryship of state

A DENIAL BY THE PRESIDENT.

He Never Charged or Intimated That He Was Knifed in New York.

WASHINGTON Nov 22—The *Post* to-morrow will say It can be stated authoritatively that the president denies most positively ever having used the language attributed to him by Judge Rucker in the now celebrated interview As a matter of fact the president does not remember ever having met Judge Rucker on the day in question Senator Blackburn called at the White house with some friends This much the president has called to mind He recollects also that just before leaving the library the senator stepped over to him and spoke a few words in regard to a senate report on civil service investigation but at no time was anything said about politics in New York and under no circumstances has the president ever charged or intimated that there was treachery toward him in New York

LIKE MANY OTHER LAWS

Urgently Demanded and When Passed Allowed to Become a Dead Letter

WASHINGTON Nov 22—The law that was passed by congress about a month ago giving permission to freight carrying vessels to burn petroleum as fuel has not been taken advantage of to the extent looked for by the supervising inspector general of steam vessels Considerable pressure, especially from the Pacific coast, was brought to bear upon the department and members of congress last spring to have such a law passed but now that it has gone into effect but three masters of vessels have applied for the necessary permits which have been granted These vessels are the W L Hardison the Pasadena and the yacht Hermo all owned in San Francisco

TROUBLE WITH THE FLATHEADS

The Northern Pacific Ran a Branch Across Their Lands

WASHINGTON Nov 22—At the interior department to-day it was stated that some trouble had arisen between the Northern Pacific Railroad Company and the Flathead Indians in Montana Recently that company ran a branch from Missoula through lands patented to these Indians in the Bitter Root Valley without asking their permission Now the Indians deny payment and the company is willing but as the rights to the lands are inalienable congressional aid will have to be evoked

A Congressman Robbed.

WASHINGTON, Nov 22—Representative Woodburn of Nevada was robbed at his boarding house last night of $150 and two round trip railway tickets from Oregon to San Francisco Frank Curtis, a colored boy formerly employed about the house, was suspected of the theft He was arrested and $115 of the money found upon him He then admitted his guilt and said he went to the house about 1 o clock last night and entered through the basement door He went to the representative's room and secured the plunder He put the money in his pocket and when he got around the corner he threw the other articles away Before he was arrested he purchased a complete outfit of clothing

The Convention of Architects

CHICAGO, Nov 22—The second day's session of the Western Association of Architects opened with a discussion of needed statutory revisions relative to the fitness of architects The opinion of the speakers was unanimous that statutory restrictions were needed

The report of the committee on consolidation of the Western Association of Architects and the American Institute of Architects was favorably received and will become operative when voted on favorably by two-thirds of the members of both organizations

The Sioux Indian Commission

PITTSBURG Nov 22—A Carlisle special says the Sioux Indian commission have forwarded a lengthy report to Secretary Vilas Capt Pratt said to a reporter that the report contains some startling revelations which will be read with great interest throughout the entire country It shows the condition of the Indians how they have been treated by the government and the commission sees no reasons why the government should have any trouble in bringing them to terms

Suicide of a Woman

NEW YORK Nov 22—The keeper of a so-called "furnished rooms" house Alice McCarthy by name committed suicide this afternoon She bore the name of David McCarthy with whom she lived He is not her husband Her husband's name was Nelson She was born in Virginia City Nevada and has a child in New York She was 32 years old

Large Sale of Real Estate

NEW YORK Nov 22—At the real estate exchange to-day the estate of Joshua Jones was auctioned off in lots and brought $180 000 This is the most important sale in this city for years, and it was expected to fix values for several years to come The land originally cost the estate less than $4000

A Desperado Killed

DENISON Tex Nov 22—Officers after a long chase in the Choctaw nation, succeeded in overhauling and killing a desperado supposed to be John Barber one of the celebrated Kepqueen gang The man had killed an Indian and was wanted for attempted train robbery

The President Speculated in Wheat.

CHICAGO Nov 22—A special to the *News* from Des Moines Ia says the principal bank of Osceola was closed this afternoon Over $80 000 is said to have been deposited, and there is but $3000 in the vaults It is rumored that the president speculated in wheat

Killed by a Train

WELLINGTON Kan Nov 22—Last evening Levi Mecker wife and 8 year-old daughter were found dead on the Southern Kansas railroad track It is supposed they were struck while crossing the track in a wagon by a train

Sabbath Observance.

CHICAGO Nov 22—The recently formed National Sabbath Union met here this morning It was decided to hold a national convention in the interest of Sabbath school observance at Washington December 11 to 13

Crushed to Death.

ALBUQUERQUE N M Nov 22—Swan Niestrom a Swede was yesterday crushed to death in the Aztec coal mine at Gallup by a mass of rock falling on him He leaves a wife and four small children

Anxious Dakota.

JAMESTOWN Dak, Nov 22—A call has been issued for a constitutional convention at Jamestown December to further the early admission of the two Dakotas into the union

Baseball Convention.

NEW YORK Nov 22—The baseball convention went into session with closed doors at 10 o clock to hear the committee's reports and then revise the constitution

A Carpet Trust.

NEW YORK Nov 22—At a meeting of carpet manufacturers held here yesterday it is understood a trust was formed and the price will be advanced soon

Death From Coal Gas

CLEVELAND Nov 22—Fred and Amelia Dost a young German couple were found dead in bed this morning asphyxiated by gas from a coal stove

Vicar General Walsh Dead

PHILADELPHIA Nov 22—Very Rev Maurice A Walsh vicar general of the archdiocese of Philadelphia died this morning

A False Rumor.

NEW YORK Nov 22—The steamer Suevia, which rumor had it Saturday had been sunk by the Aurania, arrived to-day.

When you desire a pleasant physic, try St. Patrick's Pills. For sale by L. Blumauer & Co.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

K. of L. Finances Are Loose But Not Crooked.

A DECISION AGAINST CANNERS

The Haines Opium Case—Panic Among School Children—Pacific Coast Railroad Business—A Tacoma Man Dies in France

INDIANAPOLIS Nov 22—The question of election still agitates the minds of the delegates of the Knights of Labor general assembly Every one now acknowledges with certainty Powderly's re-election and his choice for other positions will be the choice of the convention Hayes the present general secretary is said to be Powderly's choice for general secretary and treasurer Mrs Barry will undoubtedly be re-elected to her position in charge of the women's work and if he wishes it Richard Griffiths of Chicago may continue to serve as general worthy foreman Powderly's nominations for members of the general executive board cannot be so readily predicted A Canadian member is desired and from the South there is also a request for representation on the board McGuire and Aylsworth of the present board, and O Reilly, of New York and Hugh Cavanaugh of Cincinnati have been considered as liable to be selected

Two hours were spent in a heated debate over the Skeffington case It was finally decided that Skeffington was guilty of insubordination, and that he be publicly reprimanded by the general master workman

It was decided to send a representative of the order to the Paris exposition and then an hour and a half of the convention's time was devoted to consideration of secret work of the order

LOOSE BUT NOT CROOKED

The finance committee, Hugh Cavanagh chairman, reported that it had found the methods of disbursing the funds very loose that bills had not been countersigned before being paid that some officers should be given the veto power in regard to the expenditure of money and under such plan more money would now be in the treasury and it is further recommended that more business like methods be established They made no suggestion of any crookedness finding all accounts perfectly correct, and, the report states, reductions already decided upon by consolidation and reduction of officers would foot up $15,000 Salaries will remain the same as heretofore Power is given to the general secretary and treasurer to throw out excessive items from the expenditures

By a vote 88 to 57 it was decided to continue the salary of $5000 to the general master workman and the secretary and treasurer will be paid $2000 The members of the executive board will receive $4 a day and expenses

The report of the committee was adopted and these matters as to salary came up immediately afterwards

OF INTEREST TO CANNERYMEN

A Decision That, It is Said, Will Affect Them Disadvantageously

BOSTON Nov 22—A verdict was rendered this morning by the jury in the United States circuit court that is said to involve the collection of millions of dollars in royalties annually from canners of fruit salmon and other commodities in the United States for use of a soldering iron The case was made a test, The parties were Lewis McMurray and others against George R. Wetson canned goods manufacturer of Somerville Mass The verdict was at the rate of $18 75 per 1000 cans on which the soldering iron was used by defendant This decision it is said will open a way to suit against a majority of the fruit canners of the country

THE OPIUM CASES.

The United States Court Will not Grant Lawyer Haines an Immediate Trial

ALBANY N Y Nov 22—In the United States court Judge Brundage this morning moved for the immediate trial of Lawyer Haines of Seattle W T charged with conspiracy in the opium smuggling case United States Attorney Lockwood opposed the motion on the ground that he was not ready to proceed with the trial The court decided that the case should be given preference when the district attorney was ready

PANIC AMONG SCHOOL CHILDREN

Hundreds Badly Bruised in a Mad Rush Over a Small Fire

NEW YORK Nov 22—Shortly after 1 o clock a fire broke out in a school building at Long Island City Nine hundred children in a panic, piled upon and fought each other in a frantic effort to get out They were piled on the floor at the foot of the stairway in heaps Hundreds of them were badly bruised but none were fatally hurt The fire was insignificant

PACIFIC COAST BUSINESS

Interested Railroads Trying to Remedy Some of the Existing Evils

CHICAGO Nov 22—The committee appointed at the conference of representatives of the Transcontinental and Central Traffic Associations and trunk lines at St. Louis to remedy the existing evils on Pacific coast business reported that the conditions which unfavorably affected the revenues from east bound passenger traffic from the Pacific coast were attributable to the fact that the representatives on the coast improperly received and disbursed funds for the purpose of securing business As the Eastern lines are desirous of bettering the conditions under which such traffic exists at present it is probable that some action will be taken ere long on the recommendation of the committee that all lines adopt such restrictions as would secure uniform action and that each association take up the subject and consider it separately Any association agreeing upon uniform rules will doubtless receive the co-operation of all the others

DIED IN A FOREIGN LAND

Andrew J Baker a Wealthy Banker of Tacoma.

NEW YORK Nov 22—Word has been received here of the recent death in Cannes France of Andrew J Baker a wealthy banker of Tacoma W T Baker left for France with his wife about a year ago and before his departure called on Joseph B Braman attorney at 120 Broadway and had his will drawn, leaving as heirs two sons and a married daughter One of these sons Leslie C Baker when last heard from eight years ago was a barkeeper in Detroit His whereabouts is at present unknown

PROBABLE MURDER AND SUICIDE

The Result of a Correspondence with Another Man's Wife

SHREVEPORT La Nov 22—A P Thompson of Benton La and young Moore a traveling man from St Louis quarreled at the Texarkana depot last night and Moore shot Thompson inflicting a dangerous wound He then turned the weapon and shot himself in the head Both men will probably die The quarrel was caused by Moore charging Thompson with carrying on a correspondence with his (Moore's) wife

A LIVELY FIGHT

Police Repulsed by Unlawful Oyster Dredgers Near Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md, Nov 22—News has reached this city of an engagement between a number of boats owned by unlawful dredgers and the state police sloop in which a negro named Castis was shot and fatally wounded. The fight was very lively for several hours. The police were driven off

Through Pullman sleepers and dining cars, also second-class sleepers through to the East via Northern Pacific Railroad, Office, No. 2 Washington Street.

THE HAYTIAN REPUBLIC

The Owners of the Vessel Say That They Will Ask Damages From Hayti

NEW YORK Nov 22—Mrs Compton wife of the captain of the steamer Haytian Republic recently seized at St Mark Hayti, and taken to Port au Prince as a contraband carrying arms and Haytian rebels arrived here yesterday bringing the captain's official report to the owners of the vessel The report simply elaborates the details of the capture substantially as already given The owners of the vessel say they are satisfied that they have a good case for damages against Hayti

PEACE PROMISED

NEW YORK Nov 22—Consul General Basset who represents the Haytian government at New York has received information that peace between the Haytian government and the insurgents is being arranged by an ambassador The first steps in negotiation were taken at the request of high dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church

HAYES AT CHICAGO

The Ex President Delivers an Address on Prison Reform

CHICAGO Nov 22—Ex President Hayes arrived in the city this morning to meet different prison wardens of the Western states to unite in a testimonial to Warden McClaughrey of Joliet prison who goes East to take possession as warden in the Pennsylvania state prison Mr Hayes spoke at Farwell hall on the prison question to-night.

AN ADDRESS

CHICAGO Nov 22—Ex President Rutherford B Hayes was greeted to-night by an audience which packed Farwell hall to suffocation The ex president was a guest of the state board of charities, and his address to-night was on "Prison Reform" Mr. Hayes explained the aims of the National Prison Reform Association At the conclusion of his speech he received an ovation from Grand Army men present.

AN AERONAUT DROWNED.

His Balloon Burst and He Fell With a Parachute, in a River

COLUMBUS Ga, Nov 22—Twelve thousand people witnessed a balloon ascension at Exposition park this afternoon Prof F H. Vandergrift made the ascension When the balloon had reached an altitude of half a mile it suddenly burst and began to descend to the ground rapidly to the horror of the spectators Vandergrift cut the rope that held his parachute, and for a time it seemed he would escape death. The parachute fell near the center of the Chattahoochie river, and Vandergrift was drowned in spite of the efforts of two men in a boat to save him.

IN WEST VIRGINIA

The Cry of Fraud Raised by Both Democrats and Republicans.

WHEELING W Va Nov 22—In a card published this morning Chairman Cowgen, of the republican state committee replying to democratic charges of fraud on the part of the republicans says that in all the counties in which frauds were said to have been perpetrated by republicans the election machinery and returning boards were in the hands of the democrats He states that he is prepared to prove that all sorts of violations of law were committed in the interest of the democratic party and claims that Goff rep was elected

BANKERS TURN THIEVES

A Nebraska Concern Wrecked, the Swindlers Leaving the Town.

OMAHA Nov 22—A special to the *Bee* from Valparaiso Neb, says the bank at that place was closed this afternoon. The proprietors, F Scoville and G A. Crofts have fled, leaving many debts unsatisfied As near as can be ascertained this evening the liabilities of the bank will reach $200 000

It develops that Scoville has altered many of the notes payable to the bank by raising the figures on them Both he and Crofts borrowed extensively from their friends before leaving

TWO GREAT ACTORS

The Death of Boucicault and Knight May Occur Any Hour

NEW YORK Nov 22—Dion Boucicault is suffering from rheumatic gout. It is not believed that he can recover

George H. Knight is very ill at Orange N. J suffering from paralysis apparently from the same causes which resulted in the death of John McCullough and Bartley Campbell and which have prostrated Tony Hart. He arrived from Los Angeles ten days ago He may die any day or hour

PALMER LEAVES THE G. A. R.

He Says the Order Was Used Against Him in the Recent Election.

CHICAGO Nov 22—A Springfield Ills, special to the *News* says John M Palmer to-night formally withdrew from the Grand Army of the Republic The reason for this step given by Gen Palmer is that the order was used against him during the recent election

PANIC IN A CHICAGO STORE

A False Cry of Fire Causes a Rush by One Thousand People.

CHICAGO Nov 22—A false cry of fire in the Boston store this afternoon caused a panic A thousand persons, mostly women, shoppers and shop girls made a frantic rush for the stairway and exits Many were bruised and severely hurt but none fatally.

From the Mexican Capital

CITY OF MEXICO Nov 22—The cabinet ministers to-day handed in their resignations to take effect December 1, so that President Diaz may have full liberty to appoint a new cabinet for the new term Many rumors are afloat though it is probable that the only changes will be in the portfolios of war and justice. Jesus Jiminez governor of Michoacan forbids the publication of news not revised by him He is arresting correspondents

Harrison and His Secretary

INDIANAPOLIS Nov 22—Private secretary Halford formally entered upon his new duties to-day and occupies a desk in the library immediately to the right of a large table where the president-elect works Both were busily engaged throughout the day with the accumulated correspondence

Murder and Robbery

RALEIGH N C Nov 22.—James Philbeck a farmer living in Cleveland county was last night called to the door of his house and shot dead by an unknown party who then entered the premises shot Philbeck's wife and robbed the house The murderer escaped.

Official Vote of Michigan

DETROIT Nov 22. Official canvass of the vote of Michigan gives Harrison a plurality of 22 908 Total number of votes cast 475,- 260 an increase of 72 860 over four years ago divided as follows Harrison, 236 370, Cleveland 213 404 Fisk 20 912 Streeter 4542.

Three Children Burned to Death.

LIVINGSTONE, Ala. Nov 22.—Last night Henry James, colored and his wife went to a church supper leaving their three children locked up in the house Upon their return they found the house in ashes and the children burned to a crisp

Convicted of Murder

PRESCOTT, Nov 22—The trial of Wm Harper who shot and killed Walter J Murphy at the copper mines at Jerome in October last, was concluded last night. The jury found him guilty of murder

A Great Fire in Maryland

BALTIMORE, Nov 22.—Fire has destroyed the business part of Pocomoke City Worcester county The loss is nearly $500,000, No lives were lost

The Woman Suffragists.

CINCINNATI, Nov 22—The Woman Suffrage Association closed a four days' session this evening with addresses by various delegates

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

NORTHWESTERN NEWS.

Judgment Reversed in the Corvallis College Case.

NEWS ITEMS FROM THE CAPITAL

A Young Man Accidentally Kills Himself—Death of a Prominent Helena Journalist—Notes From Northwestern Cities

SALEM, Nov 22.—Joseph Gegge et al appellants vs [illegible] respondent, appeal from Benton [illegible] and [illegible] the court below with [illegible] of the complaint [illegible] for such other proceedings as the court [illegible] opinion by Thayer J. [illegible] is the Corvallis [illegible] his colleagues

Jesup Palmer respondent vs Charles de Roy, appellant, appeal from Jackson county argued and submitted

Court adjourned to next Monday

The docket for next week is as follows

Monday, November [illegible]—D W Applegate respondent vs [illegible] Howell appellant appeal from Douglas county

Tuesday, November 27—John Patterson vs Cliff Hayden appellant appeal from Marion county

Wednesday, November 28—State of Oregon ex rel E A Davis vs Adolph Wolff appeal from Marion county

FROM SALEM

Penitentiary and Asylum Notes—Wedding at Dallas—Etc

SALEM Nov 22.—Eugene Foster a well known young man of Dallas was married to Miss Eva Shultz of that city Wednesday evening

Frank Watson and Tom Williams were brought to the penitentiary from Wasco county to-day to serve seven years each for larceny in a dwelling

The Braden Underwood debate is now in progress at Silverton and is attracting large crowds

Harvey Bressler a journeyman tailor by trade, was brought to the asylum from Albany to-day. He is a raving maniac from alcoholism believes himself to be surrounded by devils and calls himself Jesus Christ

The fund of $16,000 appropriated by the last legislature for conveying insane and idiotic persons to the asylum has all been expended with the exception of about forty dollars. Deficiency certificates will be issued by the secretary of state for claims on this fund after it is entirely gone until the new appropriation is made. There is a balance of $[illegible] in the fund for conveying convicts to the penitentiary so there is no danger of it running out before the legislature meets

Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state to-day by the First Norwegian and Danish Methodist Episcopal church of Albina Or by its trustees, T A Sogard, S Thorsen and J O Larsen. Value of property $1,000

SALEM'S STREET RAILROAD

It Will Cost About $10,000 and Will be Completed by January 15.

SALEM Nov 22.—The board of directors of the Salem Street Railway Company this morning awarded the contract for the construction of the street railroad and furnishing all material therefor to O Connor Barr & Horrigan their bid being the lowest offered. This firm agrees to furnish the material and put down the road ready for cars from the O and C passenger depot to Commercial street and on Commercial from Mill to the Chemeketa according to the specifications for $[illegible]. The company will have to purchase its own cars horses etc so the total cost of construction and equipment will come close to $10,000

The road must be ready for the cars from Commercial street to the depot by January 1, and the whole line in running order by January 15. The entire contract must be completed February 1. The contract for furnishing the cars will likely be let to-morrow

Messrs O Connor Barr & Horrigan who are just completing an extensive contract on the Oregon Pacific construction have already commenced shipping part of their plant here and will proceed to work at once

FATAL SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

A Young Man Instantly Killed While Handling a Gun

ALBANY Or, Nov 22.—Information was received in this city to-day of a fatal shooting accident at Brownsville last evening. Phil Walker, a young man 20 years of age was sitting on a stool handling a loaded shotgun. Another young man was standing near, and looking another way. When a loud report of the gun at his back caused him to turn instantly he was horrified to see his companion fall over, blood flowing from his head. The load of shot had struck the victim fairly in the head going upwards and shattering it in a horrible manner. A surgeon was sent for but the young man was dead in a few moments

It is supposed that while he was resting the butt of the gun on the floor the hammer struck against something, causing the discharge. Young Walker resided with his parents, who are nearly distracted over the shocking accident

Death of a Helena Journalist.

HELENA Mont Nov 22.—John S Dickerson the well known journalist died this morning at the Pacific house after a long spell of pneumonia. The scene at his death bed was of the most affecting character but he was unconscious and had been delirious for a week. He leaves a wife and two children. The funeral will take place to-morrow, and promises to be one of the largest ever held in the territory

Dickerson was a man of wide and varied experience in the newspaper business having held important positions in Indianapolis St Paul Denver Butte Spokane Falls and other places and was twice editor of the Helena *Independent*. At one time he was manager of the Associated Press at St Paul. He was born near Springfield Ill March 5 1840

Mr Dickerson in his early days was a law student in President Harrison's office at Indianapolis

Members of the Helena press will act as pall bearers

Funeral at Olympia

OLYMPIA Nov 22.—The funeral of Van Eugene only son of Dr A B Woodard of West Olympia who died on Tuesday last after a long illness took place to-day from the family residence. The services were conducted by Hon. P D Moore, assisted by a vocal quartette, and were of a very impressive character. A profusion of beautiful flowers were donated by friends of deceased. Van was only 19 years old and up to the time of his illness was a steady attendant at the Collegiate Institute, the pupils and teachers of which attended his funeral in a body to-day as a mark of respect. A great deal of sympathy is expressed for the bereaved parents of the deceased as the young man was highly esteemed for his many good qualities

Dunsmuir Awarded $500 Damages

VICTORIA B C Nov 22.—In the supreme court to-day in the action for libel brought by Hon R Dunsmuir against the *Times*, to recover $5000 damages the jury gave a verdict for plaintiff of $500 and costs. The *Times* charged Dunsmuir with securing public moneys through his position as president of the executive council to build private roads to the mines

Dubois the bogus gold operator was sent up for trial

Astoria News Items

ASTORIA Nov 22.—Supplementary articles of incorporation of the Astoria Building and Loan Association were filed in the county clerk's office to-day increasing the capital stock from $400,000 to $800,000 divided into 4000 shares. The association has been in existence nineteen months and has proved a financial success from the start

The Traveler arrived in from Coos bay to-day

Notes From Albany

ALBANY, Or, Nov. 22.—Miss Mary Irving has resigned her position as teacher in the Albany college. Her place will be filled by Miss Prather of California

The drug store of Damon Smith at Harrisburg was burglarized a few nights ago. $15 in cash and a lot of drugs and patent medicines being taken

The Supreme Court,

New York Tribune.

One of the causes for profound gratitude over the republican victory is that the supreme court has been saved. Its standard of ability would inevitably have been lowered if Mr Cleveland had been re-elected to say nothing of the dangerous change that would have been made in its political complexion. Mr Cleveland has demonstrated that he does not understand the supreme court any more than he understands some other features of this government

SOMEWHAT APOCRYPHAL.

Gen. Harrison Said to Favor the Annexation of Canada

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—An *Examiner* special from New York says: A special to the *World* from Montreal November [illegible] says: The *Star* of this city this afternoon publishes a special dispatch from Indianapolis which said an intimate friend of Gen Harrison's says he like all presidents has still desire to do something that will give his administration a prominent place in the history of his country and one of his first official acts will be the negotiation of the annexation of Canada. He [illegible] believe the United States can and should secure Canada in this manner. His idea is that the territory can be annexed to the United States by assuming Canada's debt. If the territory can not be secured for that consideration Gen Harrison would favor paying a considerable bonus. It is understood that he has said privately that the surplus in the treasury could not be spent in a better manner than by buying Canada. He heartily approves such a move and will so recommend in his first message to congress

TALK OF RETALIATION.

China's Course in Relation to the Exclusion Act.

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—Rev Dr G S. Abbott Baptist clergyman of this city is in receipt of a letter from Rev George Campbell, Baptist missionary in Swatow China in which he gives the recent utterance of a Peking official which he thinks represents the purposes of the Chinese government. Speaking of the act of congress prohibiting absent Chinese from returning to this coast "China will" he said "be compelled to adopt retaliatory measures by prohibiting citizens of the United States from coming to China. If this step be not noticed by the United States it will be a question for China to consider whether it is not time for her to cancel her treaties made with that country to recall her subjects from there to expel all United States citizens from this country and to cease all relations and intercourse diplomatic and commercial with that country"

STAGE ROBBERY IN ARIZONA.

Two Mexicans Take Pretty Nearly Every Thing That Is Portable

FLORENCE Ariz, Nov 22.—The down stage from this place to Casa Grande was held up at Dry Gulch this afternoon by two unmasked Mexicans. They took the driver's watch and relieved A S. Donau, a drummer for L Zeckendorf & Co Tucson of his checks cash and samples. They also took four sacks of mail and the express box. They are supposed to be the same men who held up the stage at the same place a month ago

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS

Personal and General Notes

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22. The United States cruiser Charleston is about nine-tenths finished at the Union Iron Works

Senator Stanford will leave for Washington city Wednesday of next week

W J Honeyman owner in the iron works at Portland of Honeyman & Co is at the Occidental

Prof S I Bailey of Harvard University will spend the winter in California, for the purpose of making astronomical observations. He will then go to Peru for two years

The jury in the Portello murder case were again locked up to-night having failed to agree on a verdict

Capt P H Cook of the whaling bark Lucretia indicted by the grand jury for beating and wounding Casar Burie on the high seas pleaded guilty in the U S district court this morning and was fined $50

The first consignment of consolidated engines ordered from the Schenectady works for use on the heavy grades of the California & Oregon and Central Pacific roads are on the way from the East

Another sailing vessel line to the Hawaiian islands has been established, the Hawaiian port being Mahukona which is on the island of Hawaii, opposite Hilo. It is expected that large quantities of sugar will be shipped from there, removing the necessity of trans-shipment at Honolulu

The barkentine W H. Dimond, just in from Hawaii, brings news that the rice mill of G H Hopper, at Honolulu, was totally destroyed by fire, together with a large quantity of rice. The loss is about $20,000

Getz Bros & Co sue the Western Union Telegraph Co to recover $510 damages for the alleged non delivery of a message sent from this city in November 1886, to Sioux City, Iowa,

Saturday last there was published here a pathetic letter from Annie Johnson, a 13-year old Kentucky girl, to the mayor, asking for information regarding her two uncles, who, she believed, were in this state. She stated that her mother was ill, and she desired to be a school teacher, but had not the means. From answers now received it seems that one of her uncles, Richard Beswick lives in Ashland Oregon

The charge of murder against Low Cheong and Wong Fook accused of shooting and killing Wong Ah Ling, on October 23 was dismissed this afternoon, as the prisoners proved an alibi

Will of Albert W Sisson

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 22.—The will of Albert W Sisson, disposing of an estate valued at about $100,000, was filed for probate to-day by Joseph H Sisson and Milo H Burke, executors. Deceased was a well-known resident of San Francisco, and at one time senior member of the old firm of Sisson, Crocker & Co. He died at Byron Springs, on the 18th inst. One half the estate goes to the widow and the other half to the children, Joseph, William Cyrus and Albert, in equal shares excepting shares of stock in certain corporations. The executors are made trustees of all the stock owned by him in the Jordan Valley Stock Co, and the Oregon Stock & Butchering Co, to be held until the youngest son Albert, is 26 years of age then be divided equally among the children or their heirs

On an Errand of Clemency

SACRAMENTO Nov 22.—Judge Irwin and G J Carpenter of Placerville came down yesterday to present to the governor a petition for the commutation of the death sentences imposed on Olsen and Drager for the murder of John Lowell. The governor is not in the city, and the petition was laid before Private Secretary Boruck, who will present the cases to the governor. Myers, one of the trio who made affidavit that he was solely responsible for the murder, has since recanted and written to Carpenter claiming that Olsen and Drager were equally guilty with him

Close Between Clunie and Phelps.

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—It is expected that the official canvass of the vote of this city will be completed to-morrow. The total vote as counted so far gives Clunie, dem. for congress 10,182 and Phelps, rep 9877, or a majority in favor of the former of 305. Phelps's majority in San Mateo, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz counties is 815 which leaves Clunie 250 behind with two districts yet to be canvassed. The democrats claim these districts will give 250 or 300 democratic majority. It will be seen that the vote is very close

Against the Salvation Army.

PETALUMA, Nov 22.—The board of city trustees have passed an ordinance relative to street parades and the obstruction of streets and sidewalks. It is aimed at the suppression of Salvation army parades, which have been a cause of so much disturbance in this city. The Salvationists say they will apply at once for a permit and if refused will parade as usual, and that they will fill the jails before they will turn back from their work.

To Prevent Highbinder Outrages

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—The Chinese Six Companies are contemplating the organization of a private police force of twenty four white men to patrol Chinatown and prevent highbinder outrages. A fund will be raised by subscription from among Chinese merchants to defray expenses

The Wound Proved Fatal.

LOS ANGELES, Nov 22.—Frank Robinson, who was shot by a stranger late last night, died at 2 o'clock this morning. Three men were playing poker at the time, and the stranger had lost heavily, when he drew a revolver and fired several shots, one ball entering Robinson's groin. The man then made good his escape.

The stranger had been induced to play poker with one Hughes by Robinson and lost $105. The stranger thought he had been [illegible] against a sure-shot game and with an oath pulled his gun saying "You done me up before" and fired several shots. The fatal ball entered Robinson's groin and ranged upwards. Robinson has been here about a year and was a quiet but shrewd gambler. He was too weak to talk of the shooting but just before death gave the address of his sister Mrs Lena Vaughan Ocean Garden N J

The Port Filled With Idle Sailors

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—It is estimated there are between [illegible] and 800 sailors in the port to-day. Fifteen of them are returned whalers and there are more from deep water ships, cotton and fishing craft. The owners say they can get crews from $[illegible] to $[illegible] and $25 a month with $3 additional on steam schooners and [illegible] are glad to go at that. Union sailors, however, say they are firmly resolved not to go to sea unless they are paid $40 a month to outside ports, $30 to harbors and $55 to the islands with $5 additional all around on steam schooners

Shipping

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 22.—Arrived—Steamer Ventura, Tillamook; bark Canada, Tacoma; bark Amroth, Tacoma; ship Valley Forge, Nanaimo. Cleared—Steamer George W Elder, Astoria; steamer Oregon, Astoria and Portland; steamer Umatilla, Victoria

Departed: Ship Gatherer, Seattle; ship McClellan, Port Townsend; ship J B Brown, Nanaimo

Death of a Prominent Irishman

WATSONVILLE, Nov 22.—Arthur Atteridge mayor of this town for the past six years died to-day. Mr Atteridge was an Irishman and a man of fine literary attainments. At one time he was secretary to McCarthy Downing in the house of commons

For Killing a Chinaman

MARYSVILLE Nov 22.—John Farrell, a young man arrested for having killed a Chinaman at the levee camp in Sutter county has been given a preliminary examination and held to answer on a charge of murder, with bonds fixed at $5000

Jury Unable to Agree

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—The jury in the Portello murder case have been out since Wednesday and are still unable to agree. They are reported as standing eleven to one for conviction of murder in the first degree

Arrival of Gen Miles

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—Gen Nelson A Miles the new commander of the division of the Pacific arrived from Los Angeles this afternoon. He was accompanied by Aid de camp Lieutenants Gatewood and Dapray

Chinamen Released

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22.—Three Chinese who arrived here on Tuesday on the Umatilla from Seattle were released this afternoon by order of Collector Hager

A Letter of Thanks

WASHINGTON, Nov 22.—Secretary Whitney has received a letter of thanks dated Benicia Cal, from the owner of the schooner Jane Grey which was raised by the United States steamer Thetis after being wrecked in the Arctic ocean, and returned to her owner without salvage

Lord Sackville.

WASHINGTON Nov 22.—Lord Sackville and the Misses Sackville West will leave Washington Friday morning for New York and on the following day will sail for Havre in the La Bourgogne the vessel which takes Chamberlain and wife to France

Strike at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov 22.—Three fourths of the employes in the railroad yards of this city went on a strike to-night

Harvard Will Forfeit

BOSTON, Nov 22.—Harvard has decided to forfeit the Thanksgiving day game of football to Yale

A SOUTHERN VIEW.

Harrison Will be President, and There Will be No Power Behind the Throne

CHARLESTON, S C Nov 15.—The *News and Courier* democratic organ in an editorial this morning speaks highly of Gen Harrison's personal and public character declares that he will be the actual as well as nominal head of his administration with no power behind the throne that Mr Blaine will not enjoy his counsels, that Mr Dudley and Mr Quay have reached the termination of their influence that there will be no legislation or action hostile to the South; that the home rule influences under which large amounts of Northern capital have found profitable investment in the South will not be disturbed but rather encouraged. The positive style of the editorial and the fact that these utterances come from Editor Dawson, who is a member of the national democratic executive committee, and who has just returned from a Northern visit, have caused much attention to be given to the publication.

Undeceiving a Trusting Child.

Chicago Herald.

"Yes," said a board of trade man to a friend yesterday "I wish I could make a big winning on this wheat market—I need it in order to square myself with my little son this coming Christmas. I had to fool him last year, as corn did me up and I was broke when he hung up his stocking. Along about September he came to me and said, in his ingenuous way 'Pop I want you to have Santa Claus bring me a pony this year, and a suit of clothes, and a drum, and a sword, and some candy and fruit.' Well, it was only September and I had an idea that corn would help me out before snow flew so I told him I would fix it with Kris Kringle for him. But corn kept on fooling me, and by the 1st of December I had to borrow car fare. One bright morning about two weeks before Christmas, the boy came to me and asked me if I had thought to inform Santa Claus of his wishes. I thought it had come to a 'show down,' so I took him up on my knee, ran my fingers through his curly hair, and said 'Johnny, you are now about six years old and it is time to unlearn some of childhood's fables. This story about Santa Claus is a very pretty one to tell little boys in skirts and very little girls but now that you have put on breeches I think it my duty to disabuse your mind of these baby legends and to tell you that there is no such person as Santa Claus. I have always been Santa Claus to you and have always bought you everything that you have thanked Santa Claus for. But this year I am poor my boy and though I will try to give you some small presents I cannot afford to get you all you ask for.' I tell you old man, it was hard to undeceive that trusting child and it cut me to the heart to see the tears well up and dim his clear blue eyes as he realized the truth—the sad truth. His tiny hand clasped my thumb with a convulsive grasp he dashed away the fast-coming tears looked me full in the eye and asked 'Pop have you been stringing me in the same way about Jesus?'"

Gen. Banks's Career

Burlington (Vt) Free Press

The return of Gen N P Banks to the national house of representatives will be a notable feature of the next congress. We remember him well when he was speaker thirty years ago. He was one of the finest presiding officers in the country, and it is said that no decision of his as speaker was ever overruled by the house. He has thrice been governor of the Old Bay state and has spent forty years in the public service including his active duty in the army. He was elected by a good majority over Col Higginson, free trader, mugwump woman suffragist and impracticable reformer and at the age of seventy-two he will return to the house, where he will be one of the prominent figures of the republican side of that body.

A New Slang Word.

Chicago Herald

"Tacky" is a new word which has just found its way into the American slanguage. Its origin is obscure, and the efforts of several Eastern papers that have devoted themselves to the subject have thus far failed to reveal it. Its meaning, however, is well defined. "Tacky" means any person or any thing in bad form. Persons that are a little "off" in the social scale are "tacky." An inferior actor or play is "tacky." The word, in fact, seems to be an equivalent for "dizzy" or "snide," and is an interesting and useful member of the language which promises to exclude those hackneyed terms. The English language is annually growing richer.

Starch grows sticky—common powders have a vulgar glare. Pozzoni's is the only Complexion Powder fit for use.

Union ticket office, corner First and Oak streets—Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, Union Pacific railway, Northern Pacific railway, Oregon Short Line. Pullman reservations made for Northern Pacific and Oregon Short Line. [illegible] Taylor, ticket agent, Portland, Oregon.

OLD WORLD POLITICS

The Irish Land Bill Passes the Second Reading.

MR PARNELL AND HIS FRIENDS

Emperor William Opens the Reichstag—A Belief in London That the French Republic is on the Eve of Downfall

LONDON, Nov 22.—The debate on the land purchase bill was resumed in the commons to-night by Parnell. He declared emphatically that he approved the bill but he believed it was so designed that under the present circumstances it would be impossible to put it into effective operation. He had always held that the creation of a peasant proprietary was the only means of solving the land question. His own bill simply asked that church tenants be allowed to acquire land by paying the church commission annually for forty nine years a rent equal to 4 per cent on the capitalized value of the holdings. That would have created no risk to the imperial exchequer. The conservatives opposed that proposal but a time would come when they would find it needful to go further. The Irish party were always ready and eager to assist in settlement of the land question. It was calumny to say that any one of their members tried to make political capital out of the question or opposed the bill because it would make the government of Ireland easier. [Cheers.] On the contrary their opposition to the bill was due to knowledge that it would cause a loss to the exchequer without effecting its ostensible object. The government had not taken up the land question with a view to helping tenants but at the solicitation of the landlords who seeing they could not any longer maintain their position wanted to dispose of their property at inflated prices. The only way to make the landlords of congested estates agree to accept the value of their property was to empower the commission to purchase at such price as would really represent a landlord's interests. Any bargain with the farmers ought to have a basis that would put repudiation out of the question. The present system of government trampled upon the national feeling. If the government meant to attempt a scheme of large land purchase, it was essential to establish in Ireland a representative of its authority to act as a buffer between the tenants and the state. The tenants would have their 86 and maybe 101 members of parliament. [Parnellite cheers.]

CHURCHILL QUESTIONS PARNELL

Lord Randolph Churchill said the assertion that the bill was introduced to enable landlords to sell at inflated prices would not bear examination. Regarding national sentiment he appealed to Parnell to say what room there was for romance in dealing with a matter of fact—the advance and repayment of money. Had Mr Parnell any alternative bill? Would he support the principle of Gladstone's bill of '86? (Parnell here gave a negative shake of the head.) Then what other scheme?

Parnell—I would accept the bill if the disadvantages connected with it were modified by dealing with arrears

Lord Randolph said he trusted after the recent speeches of the ministers that the government would bring up the arrears question early in the future. In the meantime, he could not admit that coercion militated against land purchase

The bill passed the second reading by a vote of 299 to 224

PARNELL'S FRIENDS.

Another Irish Newspaper Furiously Attacks the Parnell Commission

DUBLIN Nov 22.—The *United Ireland* makes a furious attack on the Parnell commission because of the heavy fine imposed upon Edward Harrington. It says whether he is guilty of contempt or not, it will not abstain from commenting on the action of the judge. It then reiterates the charges made by the Kerry *Sentinel* against the commission and asserts that the government whose existence is at stake has paid them

BEFORE THE COMMISSION

LONDON Nov. 22.—The examination of witnesses from County Kerry was continued at the session of the Parnell commission to-day. Leonard, agent of the Earl of Kenmare, said the league was as active as ever. He thoroughly disagreed with the statement of Balfour that the league was a thing of the past. Formerly a writ could be executed by a sheriff with the aid of four policemen but now 400 soldiers were required. Since 1850 the Earl of Kenmare had expended £17,300 in improvements of the estate. His bill for labor now amounted to £300 weekly. Only such rents were taken from poor tenants as they could afford to give. Witness did not seek to collect rents from persons blue with hunger, and the law was never enforced against tenants of that class. Adjourned.

Harrington intends to question the right of the commission to impose a fine of £500 which was assessed him yesterday.

THE GERMAN REICHSTAG.

Emperor William Opens the Session with a Brief Speech.

BERLIN, Nov. 22.—The German reichstag assembled to-day. Emperor William opened the session with a speech. He said the tour he recently made convinced him that the desire for imperial unity is deeply rooted in the people. He emphasized the pacific character of Germany's foreign relations and policy, and said his visit abroad which had been undertaken with a view to effecting an understanding in the interest of peace, caused a universal confidence in the maintenance of peace. The emperor made no reference to any military bills or secrets, and touched but briefly upon East African affairs

The emperor was frequently interrupted by warm applause while he was reading the speech. The passages referring to the peaceful situation, improvement in trade and social legislation were especially applauded.

Upon the conclusion of the speech, Herr von Boetcher, as representative of the chancellor, declared the reichstag opened

When Emperor William entered the chamber he was received with cheers, led by Herr von Buhl, vice president of the reichstag. As he retired he was tendered an ovation led by Count von Lerchenfeldkovering Bavarian plenipotentiary. During the opening ceremony the imperial balcony was occupied by the empress, Duke and Duchess of Aosta and Princess Albrecht and her son

THE BUDGET

When the reichstag settled down to business the budget was presented. It balances at 949,163,907 marks. Of the expenditures 808,425,490 marks figure as permanent and 58,534,616 marks as non recurring expenditures in the extraordinary budget. The estimated revenue from taxation during the coming year shows an increase of 20,000,000 marks. The funds made over from the empire to the federal states will be 15,000,000 marks in excess of former years. On the other hand, matricular contributions from individual states to the empire are increased 1,365,108 marks

According to the memoranda accompanying the naval estimates, several new war ships will be built, besides those now in course of construction. The additions will comprise four ironclads nine smaller armored vessels, seven corvettes four cruisers, two dispatch vessels and two torpedo boats. The existing war ships, the budget states are still serviceable, but becoming unadapted to the times. It is therefore urged that there be created the nucleus for first-class ships of from 9000 to 10,000 tons, expenditures under this head to be 116,800,000 marks, and to be distributed over ten years.

The increase in the army expenditures amounts to 7,000,000 marks, mainly for victualing purposes

HENRY GEORGE IN LONDON

His Opinion of the Causes That Led to Cleveland's Defeat.

LONDON, Nov 22.—Henry George, in an interview gave his views as to the causes leading to the defeat of Cleveland at the late election. He said the president's vetoes of pension bills were one of the causes, and that another was his civil service reform policy, through which, Mr George said, the president had lost the support of the real workers of the party. Being asked whether the Sackville letter had any effect in the result Mr George replied in the negative

The Pacific Cable Project.

LONDON, Nov 22.—A conference of influential Australians and Canadians was held to-day. Sir Donald Smith presided. The question of laying a cable from Vancouver to Australia, to touch at Hawaii, Fanning island, Samoa, Fiji and New Zealand, was discussed and approved and it was voted to urge the imperial government to support the project. It was said the tariff between England and Australia by this route would be [illegible] shillings per word

"JACK THE RIPPER."

The Whitechapel Fiend Again Taunts the Police With Their Incapacity

LONDON Nov 22.—The following letter the police received yesterday which was [illegible] on the last Whitechapel [illegible]. The letter is in the same handwriting as the [illegible] received just before the Kelly woman was murdered

Dear Boss—It was no good for you to look for me in London because I am not there. Don't trouble yourself about me till I return which will not be very long. I like work too well to leave it long. Oh! it was such a jolly job the last one. I had plenty of time to do it properly in. Ha! Ha! The next lot I mean to do with a vengeance [illegible] and arms. You think it is a man with a black mustache. Ha! Ha! Ha! When I have done another you can catch me. So good-bye dear boss till I return. Yours,

JACK THE RIPPER

UNHAPPY FRANCE

The Downfall of the Republic Believed to be Imminent.

NEW YORK, Nov 22.—A London special to the *Times* says: During the past two days there has been a curious consensus of opinion that the French republic is in desperate strait, that its downfall is imminent. Several English radicals of repute have expressed the most decided views on the subject out of which a sort of scare has been created here

Fighting in Samoa.

LONDON Nov 22.—Advices from Samoa say Malietoa's followers attacked the stronghold held by the adherents of Tamasese at Atua on the 7th inst and captured the outposts after two days of fighting. Many were killed

Gradually Failing

LONDON Nov 22. John Bright is worse this morning and his condition is critical

LONDON Nov 22.—John Bright is improving this evening

Baron Seilliere in a Paris Asylum

PARIS Nov 22. The *Temps* states that Baron Seilliere has been placed in Dr Soury's private asylum in this city

Officially Denied

BERLIN, Nov 22.—The report yesterday that 200 Askari recruits had attacked their military escort is officially denied

"CHET" TERRY'S RESTITUTION

His Seattle Property to be Sold Soon and the Proceeds Turned Over to the Government

Seattle Post Intelligencer

Dwight L Moody, the evangelist may be said to be one of the best detectives in the country although if he does any work in that line he does it unintentionally and keeps to himself the secrets which come to him unsolicited and unsought for. Many a newspaper sensation that would like to have Mr Moody's knowledge of men and things to-day. He visits some city with the one object in view—to preach the gospel and lo before he takes his departure prominent and humble residents alike becoming convicted of their sinfulness and imbued with a desire to turn over a new leaf go to Mr Moody and pour into his ear a voluntary confession of their shortcomings and frequently of their crimes—crimes against the government as well as evil doing toward their fellow men. So it is that often a very esteemed citizen holding the confidence of the public and incumbent even with a public trust acquaints Mr Moody with the story of his career of swindling the government. Such men are all anxious to make restitution to the government, the wholesome effect of their conversion being that they wish to pay back to the public what they have stolen

By this time every inhabitant of the Sound is acquainted with the story of Chet Terry. Holding a public office and intrusted with the guardianship of the commercial rights of the public at Port Townsend he used his very position to aid him as an opium smuggler. He fled to Canada, the same old flight which so many other holding Americans have been guilty of. Mr Moody in course of time began a revival in Victoria and Chet Terry was one of the converted. At once he was seized with a desire to make restitution to the United States government. The worldly minded promptly adjudged him insane. He deeded two lots in Queen Anne town in this city, to Mr Moody instructing the evangelist to sell them and give the proceeds to the government. Mr Moody would have disposed of the realty, placed the money in Uncle Sam's hands and the whole matter would have been kept a dead secret had not Chet given the whole thing away himself. This story gave rise to the following conversation between Mr Moody and a *Post Intelligencer* reporter at the Occidental yesterday afternoon, the evangelist dealing with the matter in an off hand way

"What disposition have you made of the lots which "Chet" Terry donated to you for the purpose of making a partial restitution to the government?"

"I deeded them over to Judge R S Greene to-day. He thought they would double in value by next spring, and that it would be better to postpone selling them until that time, and I thought so too. I want to make up as much of the restitution as I can"

"How much does Mr. Terry think he is indebted to the government?"

"About $5000. He is now trying to make up between $2000 or $3000, and thinks that with the proceeds of the sale of these lots he will be able to pay back the full amount"

"Do you think he will ever come back to this country?"

"No you see they would take him for a witness, too quick. Oh, they would be just too glad to get hold of him. They would try to make him inform on all the other fellows. That's what the prosecuting attorney said he ought to have done in the first place but I told him it was my fault that I told Mr Terry to stay where he was. I think a man would be a mighty mean man to get mixed up with other men in a swindling scheme and after he had placed himself in the way of being prosecuted to turn round and tell all about the other fellows don't you? However, if the other fellows bother him too much he has told them that he would tell them all he knows—he has given them good warning. He is a fine good man very well liked. It's too bad you newspapers abused him so much. It just stopped the whole thing. But for that I would have had the whole business cleaned out but it's pretty well cleaned out as it is. I don't think Mr Terry thought of what he was doing. He was drawn into it. A great many people think it's no harm to swindle the government you know. There are more than he making restitution. There are men right in this town making restitution"

"I suppose you do not consider it your business to tell who they are, Mr Moody?"

"No, no. I am told lots of things, but they always remain a deep secret. I would not tell if I were brought into court. People come to me and tell me everything, but it is just the same as if they had told it to a Catholic priest—just as secret. No I would not tell for the world. I am not here to prosecute transgressors but to help them get on the right track. God will take care of the rest."

Potatoes for Shipment

A Willamette valley shipper says, "The San Francisco buyers are very particular about potatoes now. They want them to be smooth, even shapes, and from three to five inches in length. This is only the size in demand for hotel use. The larger sizes are sold to private families and the smaller ones must be kept here for seed. It would be folly to ship potatoes without careful sorting"

Death of a Pioneer

Chauncey Cole died at the residence of his son, Dr J W Cole, in Stayton, last week and was buried near the old residence, two and one half miles from Stayton. Mr Cole was born in Erie county, Pennsylvania in 1813. He came to Oregon in 1852 where he has since resided well liked by all who knew him. He leaves an aged wife, three sons and a daughter

Lowered His Record.

Oneco, the Albany trotter that won the special trot in the 2 35 class, beating Oleander, Maud Knox and Irvington, (his best time being 2 31¼) on the fifth day of the last state fair, lowered his record to 2 29¾ at Oakland last Saturday, entitling him to rank among the fastest horses in the country. He is owned by McKnight Bros. of Linn county.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on guarantee. It cures Consumption. [illegible]

THE VEST COMMITTEE

More Complaints Against the Chicago Combination.

HOW ARMOUR OBTAINED CONTROL

A Damaging Southern Pacific Official—The Range Men and the Butchers Disagree on the Question of Cattle Inspection

ST LOUIS Nov 22. The senate cattle [illegible] investigating committee [illegible] this morning. P J Leonard of Saline [illegible] one of the largest [illegible] stock [illegible] in Missouri, said the cattle markets are paralyzed by the control the dressed beef men have secured. There is no competition in the market between buyers. Senator [illegible] asked the witness if he thought the price to consumers lower than when there were no packers, he [illegible]. Witness replied "I know the price we get for our live stock beef does not justify the price which the consumer pays"

THEY ALL RUN TO CHICAGO

Levi Samuels wholesale butcher of New York formerly exporter testified that the cattle market is now depressed. He was familiar with the dressed beef business. With the exception of one or two towns in the East all the beef sold there is dressed beef. Local butchers have quit slaughtering or buying from wholesale slaughterers. The reason for this was that the Western dressed beef men have undersold them and offered their beef lower than the local butchers could buy cattle and slaughter them. In this way local slaughterers were forced to quit killing and buy dressed beef from the West. When the Western men had secured control, they put up the price high enough to justify their losses previous to obtaining control

A W Hilliard of Midland Texas stated that about a year ago he was negotiating with the proprietors of a beef refrigerator in El Paso to supply them with cattle but the negotiations fell through because the El Paso people were closed out. The Southern Pacific railroad refused to supply cars for transportation of dressed beef to Los Angeles having a contract with the Chicago people, which compelled them to exclude the El Paso people

A DENIAL BY THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Richard Gray general freight agent of the Southern Pacific system with office at San Francisco was examined at his own request. He wished to go on record a denial of the statement made by Hilliard and another witness with reference to the company's refusal to furnish refrigerator cars at El Paso. This statement could not be true as the company never had any refrigerator cars in its equipment. The company had never refused to furnish box cars to anyone when it had them

Senator Cullom thought he had Gray cornered when the latter admitted that his company had refused to accept cars from other companies and compelled shippers to transfer from the original cars to the Southern Pacific cars. Gray however qualified his statement by saying that the Southern Pacific had only done this when the car offered was unfit to go over the steep grades and around the sharp curves of their road

OTHER WITNESSES

George Beck of Detroit butcher and cattle dealer for the last thirty years testified that the dressed beef organization had been the means of crushing out all butchers throughout the East and concentrating the cattle business at Chicago

Warren Buckmaster a retail butcher of Akron Ohio testified that in 1887 the labor unions of Akron passed a resolution not to buy meats of Armour & Co. The butchers of Akron were happy, but in a few days Armour sent down a carload of meat and undersold them all. The Armour concern opened two stores in the heart of Akron and actually gave away the best meat in the land. The result was the signing of an agreement by the butchers' association to give the preference to the house of Armour & Co the latter agreeing to close their retail establishments in Akron. Instead of closing their stores they sold them to local butchers to be run to the great detriment of the trade. Witness admitted however that at present the consumers get their meat much cheaper than before Armour & Co came in

John Duff of Detroit a butcher of twenty-six years' experience testified that he was met at Sheboygan, six years ago by Armour meat and closed out of the market there. At twenty-six places in Michigan outside of Detroit Armour meat is 1 cent per pound higher than in Detroit. In those towns butchers, who six years ago were well to do, are now bankrupt.

Only one witness was examined at the night session, A C Cassidy, an East St Louis commission man. He explained the difference between Chicago and St Louis as a cattle market on purely business principles, and claimed if St Louis did the right thing the cattle question would come out all right

THE RANGE MEN AND THE BUTCHERS.

The Joint Convention Called to Order by Thomas Armour.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.—The long-deferred joint convention of the Range Association and butchers was held to-night in the exposition building. Only 100 people were present when Thomas Armour called the meeting to order

The report of the joint committee of the International association was read by H M Taylor of Denver. The report cites the danger of combination and concentration of the markets of the country, in a preamble, while in the resolutions it favors combined effort on the part of the butchers and cattle men to secure such legislation as will restore the old condition of trade, so that instead of having only two markets for cattle in the country there will be hundreds of points where brisk competition will inure to the benefit of small dealers and consumers

Col Charles James, president of the Butchers National Association, addressed the convention at length relating the results of his investigations in various cities as to the workings of the dressed beef combines

An address by C C Slaughter of Texas followed, after which Col J O Broadhead of St Louis read a paper on the constitutionality of the state inspection law

The result of a secret conference held places the butchers and rangers in favor of the passage of laws providing for inspection of cattle on hoof only [illegible] stock yards and the inspection of meat for export at the request of the exporter

LIVE STOCK EXCHANGES

A Meeting Held and Resolutions Adopted Favoring National Inspection

ST LOUIS Nov 22.—While the joint convention of range men and butchers was in session in the exposition building a meeting of committees from the live stock exchanges of Chicago St Louis Omaha and Kansas City was held at the Southern hotel. They were reinforced by seceders from the convention and adopted a set of resolutions setting forth their views. The preamble recites that

WHEREAS Inspection and approval of meat products is necessary to command the confidence of the consumer, and such inspection and approval should be made under authority, free from local prejudices, and the interests of producers and consumer alike demand the best facilities for the marketing of live stock and products thereof it is

Resolved, That we favor a national inspection law providing that it shall be unlawful to transport from one state into another state or foreign country any beef, pork, mutton or veal, to be sold for human food which has not been inspected alive at the slaughtering place by an inspector of the United States and found healthy.

The resolutions favor the appointment of practical stockmen as national inspectors and oppose local or state inspection laws which shall hinder the free transportation and marketing of meat products that such a law would have a tendency to destroy competition, and would not command the confidence in foreign countries that national inspection would. A copy of the resolution will be mailed to each senator and congressman in the United States

Hops Nearly All Sold

Salem *Statesman*: George W Hubbard the well known hop buyer who has been making his headquarters here for some time was seen at the Chemeketa last evening. "The hop crop of '88 is practically all sold in Oregon," said Mr H. "The largest unsold lot I know of is Beardsley's crop, consisting of 280 bales, stored here in Salem. There are about 160 bales at Buttevile, 50 or 60 at Silverton, and 100 at Independence. The truth is that hops are pretty well closed out all over the coast. You may say that Oregon has made a gain of ten points in her standing as a hop producing state, so far as quality is concerned this year, and if the improvement is continued she will lead Washington territory in a year or two. One point I would like to have you impress on growers that what they neglect here is the cultivation of the soil which is the means of fattening hops just as much as corn is the means of making fat hogs. Tell the growers to cut out this piece of advice and paste it in their hats for reference next season."

CORVALLIS NEWS.

Two Indictments One for Murder, and the Other for Assault to Kill

CORVALLIS Nov 21.—On Tuesday an indictment was found by the grand jury against Louis McVay for an assault with intent to kill his brother William, in the [illegible] north of Corvallis, July 17. The defendant is out on bail but the prosecuting witness could not be found

This afternoon a true bill was found against Henry Miller charged with murdering Elmer Wright at Mill 4, on the [illegible] railroad on Sunday afternoon, Sept. [illegible]. The case will probably come up to-morrow. Miller has been confined in the jail since the time of the murder. J W Hamilton, prosecuting attorney and J F Caples, for the state

At 1 30 this forenoon Charles D. Thompson of Butte creek Marion county, and Minnie Horning daughter of Hon Fred Horning of Corvallis were married by Rev J J Thompson in the Presbyterian church. The church was beautifully decorated, and the ceremony was performed in the presence of about seventy invited guests. Mr. Thompson is a graduate of the agricultural college class of '86. The couple took the morning train for his home

A NOVEL INDUSTRY.

How Maine Scents Thousands of Homes with Leaves of Her Wild Summer Roses

Two large foreign orders for pot pourri show the result of the traffic which has been going on during the last summer in answer to advertisements circulated throughout the state by an enterprising Portland firm for wild rose leaves says the Lewiston *Journal*. The wild rose bushes, which in Maine are so loaded with blossoms during the months of June and July, have been spoiled of their blossoms by youthful gatherers to the tune of one thousand pounds at least all of which has been used in the preparation with which to fill the jars now so popular

From all parts of the United States come orders for the neatly constructed jars containing its two ounces of dried leaves mingled with flowers and several other varieties spices and choice imported perfumes and now comes the introduction of Maine rose leaves to perfume the parlors and salons of Europe

One hundred thousand two-ounce jars were sold last season besides an unlimited quantity in the Japanese jars which were nearly cleared out of the market by [illegible] [illegible]

Republican St Louis.

St Louis Globe Democrat.

The following shows the vote cast on Tuesday in St Louis for the candidates of the two leading parties

	Presidential vote.
Republican	33,701
Democratic	27,423
Republican pluralities	6,278

The plurality of over 6000 for Harrison and of more than 10,000 for Kimball shows pretty conclusively that St Louis is a republican city

Typhoid Fever Epidemic.

The typhoid epidemic now raging in the Big Bend country is terrible and inexplicable. The graveyards at Ritzville Waterville and other towns have been occupied by newly made graves and many a mourner is left to bewail the loss of loved ones. Strong men who never before experienced a sick day in their lives were stricken down and died in a day and many there were whose lives were thus suddenly ended. The epidemic is one of those mysterious happenings which can be explained on no grounds of science or hygiene. The climate is said to be salubrious and agreeable and the general state of the weather not conducive to disease

Pat McGinnis Will Hang

Baker City *Democrat*: A verdict in the case of the State of Oregon vs Pat McGinnis was rendered in the circuit court last Saturday at Canyon City. The defendant was found guilty of murder in the first degree, the crime for which he was convicted being the killing of Deputy Sheriff Lockwood in the county jail at Canyon City about [illegible] months since. It is hardly within the bounds of possibilities for McGinnis to escape the gallows, as there are no extenuating circumstances in his favor and the crime was a cold blooded one

Beavers Near Salem.

John Sevage and his brother-in-law, [illegible] Brooks, while running deer a few days ago, says the Salem *Statesman*, noticed beaver signs on the river bank, about three miles below town. They set their traps at the place over night and were rewarded by finding two beavers, which had "put their foot in it," to use an apt colloquial phrase. The animals weighed about seventy pounds each and their pelts are worth about $7 apiece.

A Webfooter.

The Idaho *Daily Statesman* says: A webfooter went into a restaurant yesterday when it was raining the hardest, and when accosted about the rain, said "Yes, present indications are that you might get a shower after a while. Men work in their shirt sleeves in this weather in my country and call it mist. Dinner for two, all on one plate."

This is Suggestive.

Indianapolis Journal.

As time goes on there is less and less talk about a "power behind the throne" and the impression seems to be gaining ground that a man named Harrison will have more influence with the coming administration than any other who can be mentioned

Death from Natural Causes.

Chicago Tribune

"We find" was the verdict of the Arizona coroner's jury in the case of the man who had been hanged for horse stealing "that the deceased came to his death from perfectly natural causes. He knew it was Barnaby's horse."

A Change of Pictures.

Chicago News

Not until Gen Harrison's wife's portrait begins to appear on advertisements of tooth powders and cigarettes will the people fully realize that the republican party has once more taken hold of the reins of government

Randall In On Top.

Boston Journal

So far as we have noticed, not a single democratic paper since the election has urged the advisability of reading Mr Randall out of the democratic party.

The Happy South.

Atlanta Constitution.

The South has one consolation. The 'possum season has just begun and there are delights ahead of us that the cold and sterile North can never know

Two Gone Girls.

Two silly girls we soon shall forget—
Campaign Lize and Election Bet.

—*Boston Bulletin.*

For lame back side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Skidmore & Co., druggists

Purchase your tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodation at No 2 Washington street office Northern Pacific Railroad

Dolls and Doll Buggies

We have a very large stock and very low prices. There are none so poor but can buy from us. We have two large stores chuck full of everything for the little ones, and the old ones as well. If our prices don't surprise you it will be a caution to Dolls.

L. A. PATTERSON,
EAST PORTLAND BAZAR
Cor, Fourth and J sts, East Portland.
Fifth St. Car Line only one block

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

Are acknowledged by thousands of persons who have used them for over forty years to cure SICK HEADACHE GIDDINESS, CONSTIPATION, Torpid Liver Weak Stomach, Pimples, and Purify the Blood.

WEATHERSTRIPS—TO KEEP OUT the cold [illegible] GORDON, Builder, 188 Third, near Taylor. [illegible]

C. E. Geiger, M. D.,
Corner Third and Morrison.

so far as quality is con-
ar, and if this im-
ntinued she will finall
ory in a year or two! A
to have you impress on
they neglect here is proper
soil, which is the means of
as much as corn is the
at hogs. Tell the growers
e of advice and paste it in
ence next season."

ALLIS NEWS.

One for Murder, and the
r Assault to Kill
21—On Tuesday an in-
und by the grand jury
ay for an assault with in-
other William, in the road
July 17. The defendant
prosecuting witness can-

a true bill was found
iler charged with mur-
right at Mill 4, on the 0.
Sunday afternoon, May 6.
ably come up to-morrow,
lined in the jail since the
r J. W. Hamilton, pros-
and J. F. Caples, for the

noon Charles D. Thomp-
Marion county, and Jen-
hter of Hon. Frederick
ils were married by Rev.
n the Presbyterian church,
eautifully decorated and
performed in the presence
nvited guests. Mr. Thomp-
of the agricultural college,
couple took the morning

EL INDUSTRY.

ts Thousands of Homes
ler Wild Summer Roses.

gn orders for "pot pourri"
the traffic which has been
he last summer in answer
irculated throughout the
rprising Portland firm for
says the Lewiston, Maine,
d rose bushes which with
with blossoms during the
and July, have been de-
ossoms by youthful petal
tune of one thousand
ll of which has been used
with which to fill the rose
ar
of the United States come
ly constructed tins, each
o ounces of dried rose
th flowers and petals of
ces and choice imported
ow comes the introduction
ves to perfume the parlors
ope
thousand two-ounce tins
on, besides an unlimited
panese jars which were
of the market by the de-

Mean St. Louis
s Globe-Democrat.
ows the vote cast on the
uis for the candidates of
rties

	Presidential vote.	Gubernatorial vote.
	33,791	[illegible]
	27,423	[illegible]
lides	6,378	[illegible]

over 6000 for Harrison and
0,000 for Kimball proves
y that St. Louis is a repub-

Fever Epidemic.
demic now raging in the
is terrible and inexplicable.
t Ritzville, Waterville and
e been occupied by new-
many a mourner is left to
loved ones. Strong men,
experienced a sick day in
e stricken down almost
ny there were whose lives
ly ended. The epidemic is
serious happenings which
c no grounds of scientific
mate is said to be salubri-
and the general state of
conducive to disease

Ginnis Will Hang
ocrat. A verdict in the case
egon vs Pat McGinnis was
ircuit court last Saturday at
The defendant was found
r in the first degree. The
h he was convicted was
unty Sheriff Lockwood in
at Canyon City about two
t is hardly within the range
McGinnis to escape the
are no extenuating circum-
avor and the crime was a

rty New Salem.
d his brother-in-law, Mr.
nning deer a few days ago
Statesman, noticed beaver
r bank, about three miles
set their traps at the place
were rewarded by finding
ch had "put their foot in
pt colloquial phrase. The
about seventy pounds each
worth about $7 apiece.

Wahfooter.
ily Statesman says "A
to a restaurant yesterday
ng the hardest and when
rain, said: 'Yes present
at you might get a shower
Men work in their shirt
ather in my country and
mer for two all on one

is Suggestive
apolis Journal
there is less and less talk
behind the throne.' The
o be gaining ground that
rison will have more influ-
ning administration than
be mentioned

o Natural Causes.
ago Tribune
the verdict of the Arizona
the case of the man who
or horse stealing that
o to his death from per-
es. He knew it was Jake

ro of Pictures
cago News.
Harrison's wife's portrait
n advertisements of tooth
ttes will the people fully
publican party has once
f the reins of government.

ll In On Top
on Journal
ve noticed not a single
since the election has
lity of reading Mr. Kan-
ocratic party

appy South.
Constitution
one consolation. The
as just begun and there
of us that the cold and
ver know

Gone Girls
we soon shall forget—
and Election Bet
—Bruin's bullet ?

or chest, use Shiloh's Porous
a. Skidmore & Co., druggists

ickets and reserve your
modation at No. 2 Wash-
e Northern Pacific Rail-

Doll Buggies,
large stock and very low
one so poor but can buy
e two large stores chock
of the little ones, and the
If our prices don't sur-
a caution to Dolls
ATTERSON,
TLAND BAZAR
J sts., East Portland.
Line only one block

an Vegetable Pills
housands of persons who have
y years to cure
IDDINESS, CONSTIPATION
tomach, Pimples, and Purify
10actf

STRIPS TO KEEP OUT the cold winds
Third, near Taylor. Sloan

M. D., Homœopathic and Surgery
rison.

EAST BANK OCCURRENCES.

City Dads Levy a Tax of 6 1-2 Mills to Support the City Government.

Other Routine Business Transacted—An Interesting Lecture on Odd Fellowship—Small-pox—School Matters—Inspection

There was a special session of the council last night with Mayor Wheeler in the chair and a quorum present. The most important [illegible] mill for the first year [illegible] mills as was at first determined on. This [illegible] for the reason as was stated on [illegible] of the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible].

PETITION

[illegible] John [illegible] Waverly [illegible] that [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] very other [illegible] [illegible] in the matter [illegible] [illegible] street [illegible].

From [illegible] asking that the ordinance [illegible] of the Willamette [illegible] same [illegible].

[illegible] W. Sh[illegible] [illegible] Albina [illegible].

[illegible] in which to [illegible] granted [illegible].

[illegible]

From the street committee recommending the [illegible] the ordinance [illegible] [illegible] certain street [illegible] the cost [illegible] street [illegible] [illegible] on Williams street adopted.

From the ways and means committee recommending the passage of ordinances transferring money from one fund to another and making the tax levy adopted.

From the expense committee recommending the payment of the [illegible] bill of $120 [illegible] adopted.

From the street committee asking for more time on the [illegible] street [illegible] ordinance and the one [illegible] the improvement of Williams street granted.

ORDINANCES

Making an appropriation of $1 [illegible] for the improvement of Fourth street between N and [illegible] streets passed.

Levying a tax of 6½ mills for the expenses of the city and the reduction of the city's indebtedness passed.

Transferring $5000 from the street repair fund to the general fund and $800 from the general to the fire fund passed.

Making an appropriation of $1657 [illegible] for the improvement of Williams street passed.

Establishing grades on certain streets passed.

MISCELLANEOUS

On motion the bills of the two nurses employed to take care of the smallpox patients for $2 each were ordered paid. Adjourned.

NEWS REPORT

LECTURE

Dr. J. I. Connour gave an excellent address on Odd Fellowship last night in the hall of the Orient lodge, which was very well attended. He said:

I desire to consider two points of contact between Odd Fellowship and those things which concern our highest interests and relations. First, where it touches our religion; second, where it touches our daily living.

The discussion of the first [illegible] of underlying principles or foundation. What are the relations between Odd Fellowship and Christianity? They are not antagonistic [illegible] system of religion [illegible] for supremacy over human faith. Not rival systems of morals not opposing, but in their schemes trying to outdo each other in work of charity and relief. Christianity [illegible] claim on the act of Divine [illegible] in vital heart and [illegible] a living former [illegible] the living spring out of the Word of God and claims inherent Divine [illegible] [illegible] of God. Odd Fellowship [illegible] out of human wisdom and [illegible] [illegible] of years [illegible] Odd Fellowship deals with the [illegible] purifies the heart fountain out of which are the issues of life.

Odd Fellowship deals with the outer man and has no jurisdiction in the sovereign dominion of the soul. It is a system of morals helping the external life. Our teachings are based on the bible. It lies on our altar; from its pages every candidate is instructed. So far from being antagonistic it is the helper and handmaid of religion, the greatest organized force ever sent out in this line to supplement Christianity. 'Tis a strong heart beating like the surge of the sea in sympathy with human want. It lifts the fallen, cheers the despondent, visits the sick, buries the dead, and the Christian tinged through and through with the kindest demonstration [illegible] can stand within our circle and feel his hands strengthened, his heart warmed, his charity broadened and himself lifted into a purer atmosphere as he is taught his duty to earth's needy ones.

Objection being made to our order as well as to all others, I desire to look at one or two. First objection is that when one becomes a member of the Odd Fellows order he becomes a fanatical lover of forms and ceremonies and gives to that the time he ought to give to God. This work, I answer, in every obligation and lesson the duties we owe to God are with unmistakable emphasis placed above all others, and the Odd Fellow who has not learned this has made an utter failure. If in our lodge are not more faithful in their work, more zealous, more charitable, it is the fault of those who profess to be Christians. Our mystic figures, forms and ceremonies are not mere pictures attracting the eye or tickling the fancy, but they are significant symbols intended to lay hold of the helpers of human weakness. These symbols are teachers of pure manly virtue when understood; call forth the very best elements in man's nature. Odd Fellowship watchword is manhood, not money or position or power, but honor, kindliness and liberal handedness."

The speaker discussed in detail the vital principles that underlie the great order and closed by saying: "We will never forget that a true Odd Fellow is one only who loves to do to others as he would have them do to him."

SMALLPOX SITUATION

There are no new cases to report and the remaining seven cases at the car shops are considered out of all danger. It has been reported that Mrs. Holland, whose husband died about three weeks ago, was taken down with smallpox at the residence on Q and Thirteenth streets. There is not the slightest truth in the report. There is great alarm out at Eagle creek over what is supposed to be a case of smallpox. A woman and her child were exposed to the disease in Portland and since returning to Eagle creek the infant has been taken sick with symptoms of the disease, including breaking out on the face. Several men in from Eagle creek this morning say the whole country is excited. From the description of the infant's sickness, physicians are of the opinion that it is a genuine case of smallpox, although it may be more in the imagination of the people than in the child.

MR. AND MRS. O'POSSUM

Our country from its first settlement has been made the homes of every kindred and nation, and we have among us O'Brien, O'Rork, O'Laughlin, O'Ragan, etc., and the last arrival in Oregon was Mr. and Mrs. O'Possum, who reached here from Kentucky last Sunday and are making their home with Uncle James B. Stephens. Both are well and hearty and seem to have enjoyed the trip out here very much. They have the advantage of most of the newcomers in Oregon, as they have four legs and are well provided with winter clothing. They were sent to Uncle Jimmy by his nephew in Kentucky.

GOES TO FULTON

Prof. W. A. Wetzell will go to Fulton at 2 P. M. to-day, where he will address a school meeting which will be held at that point. The object of the meeting is to take initial steps towards building a new schoolhouse at that place and will be attended by the directors and taxpayers. It was desired that Prof. Wetzell should favor the meeting with his experience in such matters before they formulated any plans. It is expected that there will be a large attendance, as every one in Fulton seems interested in having better school facilities.

INSPECTING CHINESE QUARTERS

Marshal Morgan and Dr. C. [illegible] Smith made a careful inspection of all the Chinese quarters [illegible] in East Portland yesterday as a measure of precaution against the possibility of smallpox coming from that source. A much larger number of Chinamen is quartered on this side of the river since the pesthouse in Portland was closed, and it was feared there was some danger from the crossing over here. However [illegible] [illegible] in his [illegible] smallpox [illegible] out of the [illegible].

THE [illegible]

The [illegible] Mr. George Brown [illegible] [illegible] Monday was as follows: Crozier, Rankin, Merrick and [illegible] Lewis, Shumner, Holliday and Perry [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] Smith [illegible] Wednesday [illegible] at his residence near Fairview. [illegible] pioneers of the country. The funeral will take place to-day at 11 A. M. at Fairview.

OFF

[illegible] East Portland.

THE INTERIOR TOWNS KEEP PACE

[illegible] Plate Glass [illegible] Spokane Falls [illegible] Too Good for [illegible]

[illegible]

It is an encouraging indication of the healthful growth of our interior towns that they are erecting more ornamental and substantial buildings than ever before. This is especially notable in the larger towns of the Willamette valley and the upper country. There seem to be now in these places money enough and pride enough so that they don't put up [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible] Flensburg, W. T. The large case of plate glass which you saw at the dock are as large as any in this city, being about sixty feet in size. This shipment will have to be loaded on a flatcar, as it will make a full load for it. We have put into [illegible] along the past year between $6,000 and $8000 worth of plate and window glass, and of course other firms are doing their share as well. I do not think people here realize what trade these Oregon and Washington towns are making. It is only the past two years that there has been much demand for this class of goods, but there are to-day in Albany and Eugene City as large plates of glass as are in Portland. Last week we figured up the plates we had put into the Sound country the past year, and found they reached over 1000 in number. It may seem incredible to some, but it is nevertheless true.

[illegible] has put in plates costing $300 each and there is [illegible] in Portland of over $200 value. Spokane Falls, however, [illegible] there are so high that an order was recently filled for that place with larger plate than are made in this country. They were imported from France.

IT WAS A HARD ROAD FOR SIMPSON

Detective Sullivan Tells How They Caught Him and Brought Him to America

Many people have expressed their contempt for Simpson, the express robber, who, having stolen some $1,000 from the Northern [illegible] Express Co. at Tacoma and got safely across the line into Canada with it, allowed himself to be captured with the money and [illegible] to his country like a [illegible] to take his punishment. It is claimed that if he had been endowed with half a man's sense and ability he would have carried out his plan more successfully.

Mr. M. C. Sullivan, manager of Thiel's detective agency, who secured the arrest of Simpson, was seen at his office here yesterday feeling quite happy at his success.

From his account of the matter Simpson was not nearly so great a fool as knave, and he used his best energies to get away with his plunder.

On arriving at Victoria Simpson changed his clothes and his name and then made an effort to get on board the China steamer, but they do not take passengers after leaving Vancouver, so he could not get aboard. If he had succeeded he would have been captured all the same, as a telegram would have headed him off.

He then determined to go East over the Canadian Pacific and, disguising himself at Vancouver, purchased a ticket. Mr. Sullivan was very kindly treated by the Canadian Pacific, who afforded him every facility in their power. His dispatches were sent over their wires to conductors on the trains and to officers of the law, and by the time he had reached Vancouver Simpson had been up [illegible] over four hours at Kamloops.

Mr. Sullivan went up there and it was not long till Simpson wanted to give up his boodle, come back to America and stand his trial here. The authorities offered no objections, saying they would be glad if all the scoundrels in the country were taken out.

Mr. Sullivan had started a detective from St. Paul to head Simpson off in case he was not overtaken, so he stood a very poor show of escaping.

The way of the transgressor is getting to be mighty hard, as, if he flies to Canada with stolen property, the over sensitive people of that country punish him more severely for that breach of etiquette than the courts on this side of the line do for stealing the property.

TAKING BOOKS FROM THE LIBRARY

A Reward Offered For the Names of Those Carrying Volumes of Magazines Away Without Permission

Sometimes books and magazines are missing from the Portland library shelves that have not been registered at the desk. Occasionally they are returned, but not always. The other day a book was placed in the hands of the assistant librarian on the street by a person not a member. How he came by it is not known, but the book had evidently been taken out by some one that never intended to return it, for the label had been scratched out. It is presumed they had changed their mind, when in looking through the book they found the library stamp on nearly every other page which could not be erased without destroying it.

To prevent this the directors of the Library Association are willing to offer a reward of $25 to any person or persons giving information of parties taking books or magazines from the library without permission.

BRIEF MENTION

Cloak sale at McAllen & McDonnell's.

Get your best girl and go over to the Pan Ton social at the skating rink, Albina, to-night. Something new. Admission, including refreshments, 25 cents.

Closing sale of cloaks, wraps, jackets, also children's school and dress cloaks, at the [illegible] cloak house of the Northwest. McAllen & McDonnell, 163 Third street.

The stock of pianos is increasing with the demand, which at this time is naturally larger than during the summer season. Several novelties are expected at The Kohler & Chase Music House.

Remember the Federated Trades' ball Saturday evening, November 24, at their hall, between C and D on Second. Tickets for sale at the door and by the committee. Tickets $1, admitting gentleman and ladies.

AUTOMATIC ENGINES

TACOMA, W. T., Feb. 25, 1888.

Messrs. Russell & Co., Portland, Oregon—Gentlemen: We have been running the automatic engine bought of you for a week or more and so far we are much pleased with it. Our engineer says it is the best engine he ever run, and he has had extensive experience in building and running of engines. What he notices especially is its uniformity of action under varying load. He tested it with his speed indicator and found there was no change in the number of revolutions when the dynamo was plugged in or cut out.

Yours truly,
TACOMA LIGHT & WATER CO.
By J. H. HOUGHTON, Secretary.

PEARS' is the purest and best soap ever made.

A STATE GEOLOGIST.

Practical Benefits of a Geological Survey and Mining Bureau

Extent of Iron and Coal Beds, Whereabouts of Building Stone, Etc., are What the People Want to Know About

P[illegible], November 20.

To the Editor of The Oregonian:

In your issue of the 17th I notice a communication from Mr. J. H. Fisk advocating the creation of the office of state geologist and the establishment of a geological survey and an academy of sciences. The article referred to is quite erudite and deals solely with the benefits such a survey would confer on science, overlooking altogether the practical benefits the people of the state would realize from such a survey properly conducted.

If Mr. Fisk's [illegible] geological survey of the state [illegible] more [illegible].

[illegible] report of the geological survey. Once in twenty or thirty years [illegible] we will have made such progress [illegible] part of the business that we can [illegible] enlighten the scientists of other countries on the subject.

If a few of our citizens have more information on these matters before that time let them follow the suggestion of Mr. Fisk and organize an academy of sciences, where they can report and discuss their investigations of such and kindred subjects. Let them [illegible] and discover as many new diatoms as [illegible]; let them classify the [illegible] of the state, for the sake of suffering humanity give them a monopoly of the business, that the state geologist may not venture to touch such subjects. With these stumbling blocks removed from his path we might expect to receive information of some value.

There are a thousand things we want to know that a geological survey would give us information on. We want to know the extent of our coal beds, where faults occur in them and what the probabilities are of their value; we want to know something about the building stones of our state; we want to know where we are likely to be successful in boring for artesian water; we want published analyses of our coals, of our mineral springs, of our iron ores and various minerals; we want all such information published in annual reports and sent over the country, where a knowledge of our resources will bring people to investigate them. We want our mining districts examined and reported on, and we want all the mineral land in the state withdrawn from homestead and preemption entry.

When all these wants have been supplied by a geological survey we will have received what I term practical benefits. The term practical has few charms for those who have but a smattering of the sciences, while your true scientist in all of his investigations seeks something that will benefit mankind.

The work that I have outlined above is not all strictly geological, but with the establishment of a geological survey and state mining bureau under one head, as contemplated by those who are interesting themselves in the matter, all such work would properly belong to the other. I trust the citizens of the state will interest themselves sufficiently to accomplish the object it is the aim of this communication to draw attention to.

Mr. Fisk may rest assured that if a bill for the creation of these offices is presented to the legislature and it is shown to contemplate practical results, the republicans who, to use his words, "pretend to be the party of progress," will so express themselves that their pretensions will show in their works.

WILL Q. BROWN.

THE LEAST OF THEIR TROUBLES

[illegible] for Professional Vagrants and Beggars, to Be Taken to the County Jail

To a close observer the faces of the sentenced vagrants yesterday in the police court did not betray that remorse which crime is supposed to engender, particularly detected crime. In fact it was not without an air of satisfaction that they received their sentence.

One of them, so the expert swearing policeman who arrested him stated in open court, was only just out of the county jail. There is no use disguising the plain fact that these fellows are not unwilling to spend the winter at the county's expense. No sooner are they released than they expeditely fall in the officers' way and are in due process of law consigned to their former quarters.

Judge Tanner's sentence of $50 fine, which means twenty five days' imprisonment, while intended as a severe penalty and thus commendable in its severity, is therefore as a matter of fact no punishment at all. Hard work or some occupation equally distasteful to this class of abandoned persons might add to the terrors of a criminal indictment.

As it is at present life in the county jail is destitute of terror or discomfort to those who, when at large, go hungry till they can beg or steal the wherewith for a miserable meal, and ofttimes then drink or game it away, whose nightly couch consists of dry goods box or damp wharves, who have no self respect to lose or reputation to maintain.

In the jail the hours are smoothly whiled away in reminiscences of each others' checkered careers, in holding mock courts and in friendly if vituperative badinage. They never miss a meal or a bed at night. They are protected from the winter's storms, and while not faring as sumptuously as some philanthropists would have them, their wants are much more adequately administered to by Jailer Dougherty and his aids than their own shiftless exertions secure when at liberty. The court has no option but to sentence them as the law provides and as severely as it allows, but their present punishment will not improve their class.

PERSONAL

Col. L. S. Howlett of Yakima is in the city.

Senator Dolph left for Washington Wednesday. He went via Tacoma and expects to eat his Thanksgiving dinner in Washington.

Col. S. W. Blaisdell returned from Baker City yesterday. He brought his family with him and they will hereafter make their home in Portland.

Mrs. Dr. Bagg has returned from Corvallis, where she went to attend the funeral of her niece, Mrs. Waymair St. Clair, who died so suddenly last Monday.

Thos. D. Tims, financial inspector of the Dominion of Canada, was at the Quimby this week. He was on a semi-annual trip over the Canadian, and returned East via the Northern on Wednesday.

'MAJORITY VS. PLURALITY.'

THE OREGONIAN is requested to give a definition of the words "plurality" and "majority" in order to decide an election bet. As it is time that election bets were settled, and in the hope that this is the last application for information on that subject, THE OREGONIAN publishes the definition of these terms as furnished by Noah Webster of pious memory.

Majority is the number by which the votes for a successful candidate exceed those for other candidates.

Plurality of votes, the excess of votes cast for one individual over those cast for any one of several competing candidates.

The immense sale of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been produced to a great extent by people who have been cured by it telling their friends and neighbors of its good qualities and urging them to try it. The most severe cold will soon yield to its soothing effects. For sale by L. Blumauer & Co.

Pullman reservations made for all points East via the Northern Pacific Railroad Office, No. 2 Washington street.

A QUIET DAY IN THE COURTS.

The Cases of the Chinese Murderers to be Retried in a Short Time

District Attorney McGinn Did Not Desire to Oppose a Lawyer Who Had Simply [illegible]—Police Court Doings

Yesterday was a quiet day in the courts, the quietest of some time. Very little was done in the tribunals, the law makers and litigants seeming to have taken a rest. No notes of any new suits were [illegible] of the courts.

[illegible]

The case of Ching Ling Chee [illegible] and Teng Leong Dick, convicted last year for the murder of [illegible], will be set for retrial as soon as the mandate in the case [illegible] supreme court. [illegible] District Attorney McGinn [illegible] writ [illegible] The [illegible] Ching [illegible].

DISMISSED [illegible]

[illegible] James Ellis [illegible] [illegible] Mendenhall [illegible] consent of District Attorney Mc[illegible] [illegible].

[illegible] set for December 8 [illegible] pleaded guilty and will [illegible]. Jim [illegible] pair of [illegible] pleaded [illegible] for December 1. The rest of the others were set [illegible] of the court.

[illegible]

Slab [illegible] held up its full quota of offenders yesterday morning at Judge Tanner's court. They were only five in number, but they held the list of the day's culprits. Every one of them pleaded guilty at once. [illegible] had been drunk and [illegible] fined $10; Jim Hayes for fighting $10; Pat Burke and Frank Emerson, vagrants, fined $50 each; James Kerron for begging $50. The unusually brief session was a pleasant contrast to Wednesday's long one.

JUSTICE [illegible]

In the case of Mark Stevens, charged by his stepfather S. A. Ross with committing an assault upon him while the former was defending his mother, Justice Tuttle yesterday discharged the defendant and assessed the costs of the suit to Ross.

STATE CIRCUIT NO. 1

Wall Bros. vs. Holton & Armstrong; dismissed; papers withdrawn.

STATE CIRCUIT NO. 2

State vs. W. L. Hayes and W. J. Maher; Hayes pleaded not guilty, set for trial November [illegible].

State vs. H. A. Stark and James Lowe; plea of not guilty, Lowe's trial set for December [illegible].

State vs. James Ellis; plea of not guilty, set for trial December 8.

State vs. Ben McQuillan; plea of guilty, will be sentenced to-day.

State vs. James Flemming; set for trial December 1.

State vs. [illegible] Casey; plea of not guilty, set for trial December 1.

Charles L. McDonald, a native of Great Britain, admitted to citizenship.

MILITARY AND PERSONAL MATTERS

Visiting Relatives—Granted a Leave—To Take Command—Will be Retired

The Vancouver *Independent* contains the following notes:

The wife of Lieut. Wm. Moffitt, Second infantry, is in Vancouver with her children, visiting relatives.

Dr. W. E. Waters, surgeon at Vancouver barracks, has been granted a month's leave from December 1.

The old government telegraph line from Fort Klamath to Fort Bidwell will be sold at auction at Ashland on November [illegible].

Col. [illegible], Second cavalry, is expected at Fort Walla Walla this week to take command of the regiment and post.

Capt. J. A. Sladen, Fourteenth infantry, about to be retired, has removed to Portland, Oregon, where he proposes to make his home.

Hospital Steward Victor Dupont reports at Fort Walla Walla for duty instead of Vancouver barracks, and Hospital Steward J. C. [illegible] remains here.

Lieut. [illegible] J. Mulhall, Fourteenth infantry, left Vancouver barracks on Monday for the East, where he will remain during the winter. His health has not improved much during the summer.

Gen. John Gibbon has evinced his faith in the growing importance of Vancouver by purchasing the Brock tract, twenty one acres, adjoining the military reservation on the east, paying therefor $3000.

ASTORIA NOTES

From the *Astorian* of Tuesday the following items have been collated:

On the O. R. & N. dock is a quantity of machinery for the new foundry at Aberdeen, including a fine large lathe.

The Moresby is ready to go to Portland to-day. The Nereus and Embleton are taking soundings on Walker's island bar.

The British bark Firth of Stronsa, 1153 tons, Capt. Porter, forty days from San Diego, and the British bark Thunderbolt, 1105 tons, from San Pedro, arrived in yesterday.

The State came down yesterday and commenced taking aboard a miscellaneous cargo of freight, including salmon, 300 bundles of paper pulp from the Young's river mill, a lot of shooks and about sixty tons of rock, in pieces weighing about three tons each, for anchors for buoys at San Francisco. She will sail to-day.

Fire was discovered in the store of C. H. Cooper last night. The fire was finally smothered without the fire department being compelled to throw a stream of water upon it, which from the nature of the goods in the store would have greatly increased the damages. The fire evidently originated from the sparks of burnt carbon falling from the electric light, directly under which is located the cloak department. Over the cloaks, most of which were hanging at full length on a frame, was spread a large muslin covering to keep off the dust. The carbon sparks had set fire to the muslin, which in turn set fire to the cloaks, some 25 or 30 of which, costing all the way from $10 to $40 each, are badly damaged. It was a narrow escape of the loss of a very large and valuable stock of goods. We understand that Mr. Cooper keeps his stock fully insured.

VIGILANCE NECESSARY

NEW ERA, Or., Nov. 20, 1888.

To the Editor of The Oregonian:

Now upon the defeat of the democratic party and all possibility of free trade, whereby England might be benefited at our expense, her next move will be to send upon us as many of her undesirable [illegible] as she possibly can. Therefore the United States should be particularly on the lookout. Sober, industrious citizens should be made welcome as heretofore, but great vigilance will be required on our part to prevent pauper class being sent to us. An unusual activity in coming to this country can be looked for as a natural result, and by the time the republicans take control it will be one of the important things for them to consider.

THOMAS BUCKMAN.

STATE INDEMNITY LANDS

LAKEVIEW, Or., Nov. 17, 1888.

To the Editor of The Oregonian:

In your paper of October 26 reference is made to claims recently forwarded to Washington by the governor of Oregon for state indemnity lands in lieu of those taken up or appropriated in certain Indian reservations.

Many interested readers of THE OREGONIAN would be glad to learn the state board's methods of disposing of such lien lands when certified or approved to the state.

It was supposed that each class of state lands was to be sold at a fixed and uniform price per acre, but I now understand that many thousands of acres in this land district have been sold through the agency of a party here who claims some kind of appointment or authority to act in the matter for $[illegible] per acre for tracts selected in lieu of common school sections, which are sold by the state board at Salem at the uniform price for this class of $1.25 per acre.

I find by looking over some of the township plats at the land office here that many tracts have recently been marked with red ink, which it is further explained that such marked tracts are state lands and not subject to settlement under United States laws, but I learn they may be bought of the state for $2.50 per acre by prompt application to the appointed agent here.

Now the question is, does the state get the $2 [illegible] per acre for these lands which the purchaser is compelled to pay, or does she only get $1.25 per acre, while the difference between these two amounts goes into the pockets of some shyster or cheeky agent?

INQUIRER.

WATCHED OVER BY PROVIDENCE

The [illegible] Escape of [illegible] Man From Death

[illegible] the following particulars of [illegible] escape from death [illegible] Thomas Little [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] that light which raised from the [illegible] from even serious injury.

HIS NINE VICTIMS

Complete List of the Nine Victims Who Have Fallen a Prey to the Whitechapel Murderer

New York World.

No. 1—On April 3, 1888, Emma Elizabeth Smith, a woman of the town, was murdered in Whitechapel.

No. 2—On August 7, 1888, the body of Martha Tabram, a hawker, was found on the first floor landing of the George Yard buildings, Commercial street, Spitalfields. The head was nearly severed from the body and there were thirty two stab wounds, besides the usual mutilations. The murder was committed between midnight and dawn.

No. 3—Mary Ann Nichols, aged 42, a woman of the lowest class, was killed and mutilated like the rest. Her body was found in the street in Buck's row, Whitechapel, in the early morning of Friday, August 31. She had evidently been killed somewhere else and her body carried where it was found, for little blood was discovered where the body lay.

No. 4—Just a week after the killing of the Nichols woman, Annie Chapman, aged 45, another fallen woman, was similarly murdered and mutilated. Her body was discovered in the back yard of 29 Hanbury street, 100 yards from the place where the Nichols woman's remains were found. She must have been butchered after 5 A. M., for she was drinking with a man, probably her murderer, at that hour in a public house nearby. On the wall near her body was written, in chalk: "Five, fifteen more, then I give myself up."

No. 5—On Sunday, September 23, a young woman was murdered at Gateshead, near Newcastle on Tyne, in the north of England. All the circumstances, even to the peculiar mutilation of the body, point to the Whitechapel fiend as the murderer.

No. 6—Another Whitechapel woman, Elizabeth Stride, nicknamed "Hippy Lip Annie," 40 years old, was murdered in Berners street on Sunday, September 30, at about 1 A. M. Her throat was cut, but there was no slashing of the remains. The body was warm when found and the murderer had been apparently frightened away.

No. 7—Fifteen minutes after the discovery of the butchery of "Hippy Lip Annie" the mutilated body of another victim, a depraved woman of the Whitechapel district named Catherine Eddowes, was found in the southwest corner of Mitre square.

No. 8—On October 2 the highly decomposed remains of a woman, shockingly mutilated and giving evidence of having been killed by the Whitechapel murderer, was found on the site of the projected Metropolitan opera house on the Thames embankment. This was evidently one of the "five" to which the fiend referred when he chalked the legend over the body of Annie Chapman in Dunbury street on September 8. [This place is near Charing Cross, three miles west of the Whitechapel district.]

No. 9—The last murder on November 9 took place in a house in a little lane called Dorset street, near Commercial street, Spitalfields. The name of the shockingly mutilated victim was Mary Kelly. She was a native of Limerick.

STRUNG UP

The Sensation Described by the Person Who Went Through the Operation

Frank H. Mason, the paroled prisoner who was brought from West Virginia last week by Mr. Cherrington, says the *Ohio State Journal*, was "strung up" three times by a mob in the wilds of West Virginia about forty miles from any railroad. He was suspected of stealing $13 from a store in Calhoun county and was captured in Roane county by a "posse" of horsemen who leveled their guns on him just as he was entering a cornfield. He was then subjected to a variety of inhuman treatment which would make a Hercules shudder, with a view to making him confess. He said: "At dusk I was taken out of the jail to a beech tree about fifty rods away. They threw the rope over a limb and swung me off over a little embankment. The pain at first was terrible, but soon stars flitted before my eyes. There were more than a million of them. It seemed to me moving in every direction. Then I began to see all the different colors imaginable, blending in the most beautiful and fantastic outlines. I tell you if you had a thousand paint brushes and all the paints in the world you could not make so many colors. This sensation was pleasant and I thought I was in a dream. I don't know how long I hung, but my most severe pain was just as I was coming to my senses again. I shook violently and it seemed as though it would kill me."

'Tis Said 'Twill Be a Scorcher.

Amelie Rives Chanler and Ella Wheeler Wilcox are reported collaborating on a dramatic poem which is to be printed on asbestos paper with incombustible ink. Proof sheets are not yet out, but the appended excerpt is said to be in the nature of a mild "starter" to one of the chapters:

"Ye gods and nymphs who
Free on high Olympus mount
Did dwell at Jove in
Years sung, storied or bepictured
By the hands of masters of
The years agone,
I now implore you
All your passions lend and
Fire me to the heat of
Molten glass, that I
May meet my love and him
Surround, encircle and o'ersweep
In one hot flare of glow-
ing, burning kisses.
Let my lips sizz and
Boil and bubble forth
Steam with heat and
Let my arms
His neck o'ercircle as a coil
Of burning brass, and
[illegible] descent [illegible]
[illegible] him closer, closer,
[illegible] to scorch
[illegible] all the fear
[illegible] ardor of caress
[illegible] from out
A very hell of burning
Brimstone bubbling
O'er in love."

For Coughs and Colds

Try our "Pectoral Balsam" (copyrighted), the old and reliable cough medicine prepared by S. G. Skidmore & Co., druggists, 151 First street.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad for all points East. The only dining car route from Portland. Office No. 2 Washington street.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Cabinet Photos $4 per doz. at Thwaite's, 167 First.

Woven Wire Spring Beds. George M. Parker, 131 Fifth street. Trade supplied.

For Choice Fruits, Candies, Soda and Cigars, go to Ninth and Washington streets.

The Vienna, Washington street, leads all for lunches and oysters.

Pond's Extract, without an equal for Forty years, for Piles, Inflammations, Hemorrhages, etc., carries this prestige with every bottle.

BITTER-SWEET.

The Sugar Trust Taxing Consumers Over $30,000,000 a Year

And They Have Only Begun—An Advance of Two Cents a Pound Means Sixty Millions—Figures For the Thoughtful

New York Herald, Nov. 16.

The monopolists of the great sugar trust are beginning to tremble.

They won't admit it publicly, but they are seriously afraid of the result of the suit which has been begun before Judge Barrett, the details of which were given in yesterday's *Herald*.

The *Herald's* report, by the way, was the only one printed which gave in full the important disclosures brought to light in the statements of counsel and in the testimony taken. It was eagerly read and discussed in business offices yesterday, and the chances of the suit anxiously speculated upon. For the sugar trust is crushing the life out of certain branches of the sugar trade, and the breaking up of this mammoth monopoly means bread and butter to some [illegible] thousands of people.

[illegible]

There seems to be little reason to doubt that the point of law which it will be remembered [illegible] the charter of the North River Sugar Refining Company on the ground that it has gone out of business [illegible] for which it was created [illegible] will be entirely decided [illegible] the [illegible] the sugar trust [illegible] business [illegible] worked off [illegible] [illegible]. Nor was it disputed that the refinery has never been worked since last January and that there is no intention of ever putting it in operation.

But with the mere annulment of the North River company's charter the public have no concern. That is only an incident, a preparatory step toward the breaking up of the great monopoly—the sugar trust. That is the big game which Gen. Pryor is gunning for. That is the great result which every good citizen in the United States waits to see brought about.

IN A NUTSHELL

The whole question turns on this:—

Have the eleven men who form the sugar trust, in making a combination of all the sugar refineries, violated the law in usurping corporate functions?

That is the thing in a nutshell.

General Pryor, when he comes to make his argument before Judge Barrett on the 27th, will show that the existence of the trust is a violation of law and that it must be broken up. John E. Parsons, James C. Carter, ex-Judge Daly and the other able pleaders for the monopolists will try to combat this.

What the result will be no one knows for certain. But in business circles there is a very hopeful feeling and a general belief that the trust will be broken up.

STARTLING FIGURES

"Do you realize what the sugar trust means?" asked a prominent member of the trade yesterday. "Just look at this one fact:

"Mr. Havemeyer, the great refiner, and one of the organizers of the trust, testified before the senate committee that there is made in this country annually about 3,000,000,000 pounds of refined sugar alone. Now suppose the price of that sugar is advanced 1 cent a pound. What does it mean? It means that the people of this country must pay $30,000,000 more a year for their sugar, and that just that much more money goes into the coffers of the eleven millionaires who constitute the sugar trust.

"And does any one suppose that a 1 cent advance is going to satisfy these people? It would be bad enough if that was all, but the great danger of the trust lies in the fact that its members can advance the price to just what they please. With an absolute control of the trade—which is what they now hold—they can put up the price to whatever exorbitant figure they choose. Is it in human nature to believe that they won't do it? Give a man a chance to demand his own price for any article and the chances are the demon Greed will get hold of him and transform him into a robber."

EXTORTIONS BEGUN AT ONCE

The very first month the sugar trust was in full working order—in January last—it arbitrarily advanced the price of refined sugar nearly a cent and a half a pound. For instance, in January, 1887, granulated sugar was selling at 5 11-16 cents a pound, and in January last—the corresponding month—the sugar trust had forced it up to 7⅛—a raise of 1 7-16 cents. And there have been times during the past summer when the difference has been 2 cents a pound. That is to say, the people of the country have had to pay at the rate of $60,000,000 a year more for their sugar than during the same month last year, when there was no sugar trust.

Here is a little table which is well worth studying. It gives from a recognized authority—the trade bulletins of Willett & Hamlin—the wholesale price of granulated sugar from the 1st of January, 1887, when the sugar trust fairly got to work, up to the present time. The figures given are those which prevailed during each month as reported from week to week in Willett & Hamlin's reports. Sometimes there were very slight fractional fluctuations, but whenever they are worth noting allowance has been made for them.

INSTRUCTIVE FIGURES

Look at the comparison of prices for the same month in each year if you want to see the effect of the sugar trust and the extent to which it advanced prices and controlled the market:—

	Cents		Cents
Jan., '87	5 11-16	Jan., '88	[illegible]
Feb., '87	5 11-16 to [illegible]	Feb., '88	[illegible] to 7 1-16
March, '87	5 11-16	March, '88	[illegible]
April, '87	5¾	April, '88	[illegible]
May, '87	5 11-16	May, '88	[illegible]
June, '87	5 13-16	June, '88	[illegible] to [illegible] 1-16
July, '87	5 13-16 to 5 15-16	July, '88	[illegible] 13-16 to [illegible] 15-16
Aug., '87	6 15-16 to 6[illegible]	Aug., '88	[illegible]
Sept., '87	6 7-16	Sept., '88	[illegible]
Oct., '87	6⅜ to 6½	Oct., '88	[illegible]
Nov., '87	6[illegible] to 6 11-16	Nov., '88	[illegible]

The price for this month is given up to yesterday, the 15th inst.

You will see from these figures that the average advance in the price made by the sugar trust has been more than a cent a pound. The difference between January '87 and January '88 was within a sixteenth of a cent and a half. The price at one time in February last was over a cent and a quarter more than during the same month last year. In July last the price was at one period during the month 7 13-16, while during the same period last year it was 5 13-16, a difference of just two cents a pound. In the following month—August last—the price was over a cent and a half more than in August of '87.

FALSE PRETENSES

The sugar trust people try to make capital out of the fact that not quite all of the refineries in the country have been absorbed by the combination. They say that as long as any refineries remain outside there will be competition, and the trust can not be accused of arbitrarily advancing prices. It is easy to show how false this reasoning is.

In the first place the fact is that every refinery in the state of New York is in the combination, and every one in the country also with only four exceptions. Now, if you are one of the four outside refineries and you find that the trust has put up the price of sugar to 7¼ cents, are you going to sell yours for seven? Certainly not. Because there appear to be a few small refineries outside the trust does not alter the fact that a combination representing practically all the refineries in the country has it in its power to fix the price of sugar at whatever extortionate figure it pleases.

But even if we put the advance at only a cent a pound, the $30,000,000 increase that that represents doesn't show all that the people are taxed by the trust. Think of the thousands of workmen—sugar makers, coopers, drivers, clerks, salesmen and so on—who have been thrown out of work by the closing up of refineries all over the country. Then there are hundreds of brokers and middlemen who are being driven out of business because all the buying of new sugars is now done by two or three men. As the sugar trust buys and sells all the material for all the refineries which they think proper to keep open, of course one or two brokers can do all their business, which was formerly handled by many.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.

The following remarkable cures by Dr. Darrin show the superiority of the electro-magnetic system. All can be referred to by letter or in person.

C. V. Fowler, Yakima, W. T., total deafness in one ear cured in ten minutes. Also, a pterygium or fleshy growth was removed from the eye which had nearly rendered him blind.

Samuel Jackson, Highland, Or., deafness twenty years, cured in ten minutes.

Mrs. Susie Tompers, Milwaukie, Or., diseases peculiar to women and sleeplessness, cured in one month.

F. A. Shaw, Forest Grove, Or., total deafness so far restored as to be able to hear ordinary conversation.

Charles Hird, [illegible] Taylor street, Portland, discharging ear nine years, perfectly cured.

S. I. Whitman, Monmouth, Or., deafness and ringing noise in the ears twelve years, restored.

Mrs. H. S. Young, Huntington, W. T., kidney and liver complaint, dyspepsia and general debility, cured.

Charles Christensen, Portland, Or., scrofulous [illegible] that destruction of his [illegible] was threatened, and had become so offensive that it was sickening both to himself and friends, cured in two months.

Mrs. I. J. Evans, living on the White House road, south of Portland, neuralgia of the stomach and heart, wakefulness, and greatly emaciated, cured and gained ten pounds in two months.

Mr. August Bachman, Damascus, Or., chronic rheumatism, restored.

W. [illegible] Whitfield, St. Helens, Or., liver complaint and other troubles, cured.

A. A. Dunbar, Tualatin, Washington county, Or., writes that Drs. Darrin are working wonders on his kidney and bladder trouble and also rheumatism of thirty years' standing.

George B. Henry, janitor Odd Fellows' hall, 141 First street, Portland, chronic catarrh ten years. Had despaired of ever being cured. Has had no symptoms of it for a month.

C. W. Scott, 271 Fifth street, Portland, rheumatism [illegible], cured.

J. S. [illegible], [illegible], Or., can be referred to himself relative to the successful treatment of himself and wife for skin diseases and catarrh and other ailments.

Office Hours and Place of Business.

Drs. Darrin can be consulted free at 235 Fifth street, corner of Main, Portland, and International Hotel, Seattle, W. T., from 10 to 4 daily, evenings 7 to 8, Sundays 10 to 12. All curable chronic diseases (except smallpox), loss of manhood, blood taints, syphilis, gleet, gonorrhœa, stricture, spermatorrhœa, seminal weakness or loss of desire of sexual power in man or woman, catarrh and deafness are confidentially and successfully treated. Cures of private diseases guaranteed and never published in the papers. Circulars sent free. Most cases can receive home treatment after a visit to the doctors' office.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE

Tracts of from two to ten acres in this beautiful suburb. Every person intending to remain in Portland should endeavor to secure one.

This is the choicest residence place of the future and the cheapest also. There are more houses being built here than in any other suburb. The wisest people are now securing pleasant future homes away from the turmoil of the city.

Trains pass through the property nine times a day each way. It is on the direct road between Portland, Oswego and Oregon City, the finest drive on this coast.

For maps, prices and terms of payment apply to
ROBERT BELL,
Portland Savings Bank Bldg.
8ottf

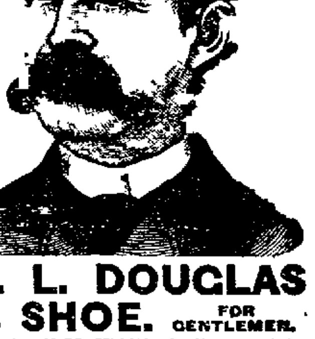
"ALL ABOARD
—FOR—
[illegible]"

Two New and Elegant Coaches Bearing the Legend
"EAST PORTLAND
—AND—
MT. TABOR,"
Have Just Been Received by the
MOTOR LINE.

[illegible] Acre Tract on the sunny slopes of Mt. Tabor desirable for homes or choice investment.
B. LAMBERSON, 27 Stark St.

CAUTION

Beware of Fraud, as my name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all my advertised shoes before leaving the factory, which protect the wearers against high prices and inferior goods. If a dealer offers W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without my name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE. FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only calf $3 SEAMLESS Shoe smooth inside. NO TACKS or WAX THREAD to hurt the feet, easy as hand sewed and WILL NOT RIP.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOE, the original and only hand-sewed welt $4 shoe. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $6 to $9.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 POLICE SHOE. Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them. Smooth inside as a Hand Sewed Shoe. No Tacks or Wax Thread to hurt the feet.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE is unexcelled for heavy wear. Best Calf Shoe for the price.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE is the best in the world for rough wear; one pair ought to wear a man a year.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2 SHOE FOR BOYS is the best School Shoe in the world.

W. L. DOUGLAS $1.75 YOUTH'S School Shoe gives the small Boys a chance to wear the best shoes in the world.

All made in Congress, Button and Lace. If not sold by your dealer, write
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

EGGERT, YOUNG & CO.,
AGENTS,
109 First St., Portland, Or.

STEEL RAILS FOR SALE.

Several Hundred Tons of above just arrived. Forty and Fifty Pounds. New, T shape. Apply to
BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO.

WILKESON COAL.

The Best in the Market for Household Purposes. Now ready for delivery, in lots to suit, by
J. McCRAKEN & CO.
TELEPHONE No. 270.

Dr. McMunn's Elixir of Opium

Is a pure and Essential Extract from the native drug. It contains all the valuable medicinal properties of opium in natural combination, and produces no sickness of the stomach, no vomiting, no costiveness, no headache, etc.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

Slab wood—$1.50 per load—from [illegible] Mill. Orders left at [illegible] or in the box at [illegible] will be promptly attended.
W. [illegible] CO.

The Oregonian.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

By Mail—Postage paid—In Advance—

Daily with Sunday, per month	$1 00
Daily, Sunday excepted, per year	10 00
Daily with Sunday, per year	12 00
Sunday, per year	2 00
Sunday and Weekly, per year	3 50
Weekly, per year	2 00

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:

Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted	25c
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday included	30c

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, NOV. 23.

HARRISON AND THE CIVIL SERVICE.

President Harrison is fortunate in his attitude toward the civil service reform question in that he will enter the White house hampered by no pledges. He voted for the civil service act while in the senate, but expressed the opinion frankly that an office holder had a right to assist his party and that the fact of such assistance was no cause for removal. That is, Mr Harrison with characteristic good sense declared that no man should be required to behave like a political mummy or dummy because he held an office. Mr Cleveland was flattered by the fulsome praises of the literary mugwumps into making specific promises which he found very difficult and disagreeable to keep, while Mr Harrison is an astute politician who makes no specific promise but confines himself to generalities that are wide enough to cover all the emergencies of the future. He enters the White house with no other pledges than Garfield and Arthur entered it, viz: to execute the civil service law both in letter and spirit. He will not disappoint anybody because he has not promised anybody anything beyond the execution of the law as he understands it. Cleveland made specific promises in advance of performance and was foreordained to failure, but Harrison simply says "I will do my duty under the law as I find it and understand it." Now if Mr Harrison does more than he promises he will win popular favor, and he cannot do less than he promises, for he has only promised to execute the law. In our judgment President Harrison will aim at practical results rather than the forced verification of theories. He will not make Cleveland's grand mistake, which was to treat a vast public trust as if it were a bit of private patrimony. The president of the United States is the leader of his party; he has been clothed with vast authority and conspicuous responsibility by his party, and his business is to preserve the party intact like any other great trust. He has no business to monkey with the prosperity of his party to satisfy his own personal eccentricities of opinion. The president cannot excuse himself for wrecking his party by saying that he was a political hero and martyr who refused to surrender or suppress his opinions for the sake of his party. No man who accepts a public trust has any business to sacrifice it to satisfy his own peculiar opinions. It is legitimate for a man to say what he thinks before nomination, to state with distinctness his personal views which he will execute if elected, but after he is elected he must keep his promises and he must not talk about private conscience as opposed to public duty and party allegiance. The time to talk about that was before he accepted the nomination. Now Cleveland treated his vast party trust as if it was a bit of private property, and the result is that the man who ought to have been the [illegible] is the architect and engineer of the party's defeat. Cleveland was solemnly warned by the ablest democrats of the North that his election was imperiled by his message and his endorsement of the Mills bill. His answer was, "I'd rather be right than president," an admirable position for a candidate before he accepts nomination, but a very stupid and indecent action for a man who has accepted the party trust and been elected president. No man has any business to accept a political trust with all that it implies and then betray it by treachery or neglect.

This Cleveland did. He treated his party like a minister who accepts a call to an orthodox pulpit and proceeds to split the church by preaching sermons which leave the hearer in doubt whether the preacher is an agnostic, a Unitarian or a Roman Catholic. The result was the orthodox democrats sulked in their tents, the republicans ridiculed Cleveland for his removals and the democrats blamed him because he did not make a clean sweep from the start, and all this false, untenable situation was due to Cleveland's folly in making specific promises rather than general pledges to be executed or not according to the pressure of emergency that presented itself. Harrison not only makes no specific promises but frankly says that he holds all his views subject to modification upon further consideration. In other words Harrison enters the White house unfettered by pledges. He promises nothing beyond his record and speech, and boldly says in advance that he shall square his views to meet the existing situation without reference to the consideration of consistency or inconsistency with his old time opinions. In other words, Gen. Harrison is in a position agreeably to disappoint a good many people. He can make few removals or many without forfeiting any pledge on the subject. He can simply say, "I removed this man not because he was a democrat but because I had a better man to fill his place," or he can say, "I declined to remove this democrat before his commission expired because I found he was an excellent public servant." On the broad principle of making the public service as good as possible Harrison is in a position to defend himself whether he makes many removals or few, because he is specifically pledged to nothing more than to execute the law. Under these circumstances we do not believe that worthy democratic officeholders will be peremptorily removed to make room for republicans. To a certain extent every president is affected by the accumulation of the examples that we term precedents. To illustrate: The talk about civil service reform is not all sound and fury. President Arthur in his quiet way respected the civil service law not only in letter but in spirit, so that there was a higher public opinion in both parties on the subject when Cleveland was elected than when Garfield was elected. Now Cleveland by his reckless specific promises has brought civil service reform into unnecessary contempt, and yet there is a higher public opinion on the subject than there was when Cleveland was inaugurated, and it has become a matter of precedent that a change of administration shall not mean a general decapitation of government officers, large and small, upon purely partisan grounds. Mr Cleveland was restrained by the traditions and precedents of Arthur's administration, and Mr Harrison will be quick to see and recognize the fact that the policy of wholesale removals without cause other than to make a place for a republican partisan is discredited by both parties. Without pledge Harrison will not mercilessly remove or persistently retain any officeholder on the ground that the highest welfare of the public service justifies his actions. Occupying this ground it seems to us Harrison is in a situation to handle the civil service problem far more successfully than either Garfield or Cleveland.

Records of the department show that an almost sweeping change has been made in the third and fourth-class postoffices during Cleveland's term. At almost every postoffice where a democrat could be found who would take the appointment a change has been made. Of the first and second class postoffices, of which there are about 2500, changes have been made in about all except seventy, and the reason why changes have not been made in these is the fact that the local democrats have quarreled and could not agree as to who should have them.

AN EASY SOLUTION.

One fact about the recent election is very remarkable. It is the inability of the great journals of both parties in Eastern cities to understand why the people of the rural districts voted so heavily against the democratic party on the tariff issue while the people of the manufacturing districts voted, on the whole, less strongly for the republican party than heretofore. In all or nearly all the large cities and centers of manufacturing industry the democrats made gains. There were democratic gains in the cities of Rhode Island and Connecticut, in the cities and towns of New Jersey, in the city of New York, the greatest manufacturing center in America, in Philadelphia, in Chicago, in Cincinnati. But the rural vote came out in sufficient force to overbear these gains in the cities except in New Jersey and Connecticut, where the rural vote is comparatively small. Many newspapers regard this as a puzzle. They say that since protection was the stake in which the working people of the manufacturing cities and towns have more interest than others the republicans should have made gains in the manufacturing districts while the rural districts should naturally have shown democratic gains. The Chicago *Tribune* says: "While the protected workmen of the cities and manufacturing centers were voting for free trade the grangers to whom it is all glory were standing firm for the home market, and were thrusting on the highly protected workingmen of the manufacturing centers a protection which, if their votes are correctly interpreted, they do not want. The whole thing is almost inexplicable."

Some of those who are considering the subject attempt to explain it by asserting that the people of the rural districts, if not wanting in intelligence, are slow to move, do not yield quickly to enlightenment and were not reached by the argument of the campaign; that is, the cities responded to a campaign of intellect, but the rural districts did not. The newspapers of either party that put the statements in these forms are themselves wanting in intelligent comprehension of the nature of the campaign. The men of the manufacturing centers and the men of the rural districts alike voted as it was natural they should vote upon the issues that were presented. The democratic tariff scheme upon which they were voting was a thing cunningly devised to help the producers of finished goods at the expense of producers of materials. It proposed to put materials on the free list and yet to continue protection to manufactured goods, and the manufacturers were told that this policy would increase their profits while their employes were told that it would give them better wages. But the producers of materials were left out of the account. The plan was adopted expressly because it was believed that it would prevail in the great manufacturing districts and would carry New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. Those states with the Solid South would have been enough. And it would have prevailed; the plan would have succeeded but for one fact, namely: Northern New York is a great producer of materials; the people of her fields and forests, perceiving that their industries were attacked in an unprecedented manner, [illegible] against the democratic party and outvoted the manufacturers and operatives of the cities who proposed to give free trade to the producers of materials but to keep protection for themselves. Though reinforced by the free traders who wanted to take the profits that would accrue from importation of materials free of duty, the selfish manufacturers and wage workers of the cities could not prevail; they were beaten. The plan of campaign did however carry New Jersey and Connecticut, where producers of materials are few. It cut down the republican majorities in most other manufacturing centers, and yet it could not succeed because it called out the opposition of the men of the fields, the mines and the forest. There is no puzzle about the division of the vote. It is not inexplicable [illegible] on the part of the people of the rural districts at least was perfectly natural and is perfectly intelligible.

All the manufacturers, however, did not take the selfish and narrow view that actuated many. There were those who admitted frankly that the producers of materials were as much entitled to protection as producers of finished goods. There were workingmen in the factories who admitted freely that their brethren, the workingmen of the rural districts, were quite as much entitled to protection as themselves. And there were many who had sufficient forecast to understand perfectly that if producers of materials should be stripped of protection they would immediately become aggressive free traders and insist that producers of finished goods should no longer have protection.

The inability of so many Eastern journals to understand how and why voters divided as they did on the issue presented in the democratic tariff scheme, is very remarkable. The Mills bill was a bribe offered to the voters of the manufacturing districts to cast their ballots for the democratic party, and at the same time it was a menace of injury and disaster to the voters of the rural districts. This fact explains the campaign and explains the vote. It is an easy solution. The only fear THE OREGONIAN ever had of the result was that the offer of the bribe to the voters of the manufacturing districts would produce majorities which the voters of the rural districts could not overcome. That the plan did not succeed was due to the earnestness with which the issue was understood by the rural population and [illegible] of a portion of the manufacturers and the factory workers who did not deny to others the protection which was claimed for themselves, and who foresaw that if the producers of material were forced to submit to free trade the producers of finished goods would soon be compelled to do the same.

FULMINATION.

The New York *Sun* is a very peculiar newspaper. Under the above heading it prints these remarks:

The educational campaign has taught different lessons from those expected by the educators. [illegible] they are lessons which will be remembered and taken to heart by every man who aspires to political instruction in the United States in the next generation. Among the lessons in which the American people passed their examinations on the 6th day of November are these:

The president of the United States has to be a politician.

When a party elects a president it elects with him federal officeholders of its own political faith.

The party that does not practice the great democratic maxim which expressed with a plainness [illegible] to the victors belong the spoils, will itself become the spoils of the opposite party.

Turn the rascals out [illegible]

A president is not a [illegible] despot but a trustee for the benefit of his party.

[illegible] civil service reform is dead.

[illegible]

A [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the attention of [illegible] Hon. [illegible] Watterson of the Kentucky Courier-Journal and Prof. Charles Mills of [illegible] complete their education [illegible] service of the democratic party.

The returns from the entire state of New York (six counties unofficial) give Harrison 651,505, Cleveland 637,365, Fisk 29,450. On governor—for Miller, 622,000, for Hill 638,189, for Jones, 23,554. Harrison carries the state by 13,531 and Hill by 16,000. The whole vote of the state is about 130,000 larger than in 1884. No other state shows a gain in votes so great as this, though many show a larger proportional gain. Oregon, for example, gained about 10,000 votes in the four years, or nearly twenty per cent, while New York's gain was less than twelve per cent.

STATE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

A contemporary reminds the people that there is a railroad commission in existence and intimates that the aforesaid commission is so quiet that its existence may possibly be forgotten.

Yes, there is such a commission, and as the intimation above recorded would indicate, the public may reasonably feel a doubt whether it is acting in commission or omission. There was life and spasmodic vigor in its history when it was organized. Soon after the act of its creation passed great expectations were entertained. The gentlemen who composed it set to work energetically to remodel the railroad system of this part of the world. It was an active and cheerful time with them. It is possible that they overestimated the work put upon them and overstepped the bounds prescribed. Had they been let alone no doubt the work of revolution and reform would have gone on. The distinguished lawyer and ex-senator who is its venerable figure head and the busy bustling gentlemen who left the tripod and the pulpit to be third secretary readily found work enough for the two others to speak to. Everything was going along charmingly and the commission was in the glory of its lusty youth. Several railroad companies had been taken by the collar and asked to conform to the views and principles of the commission when suddenly an obstruction arose and a bar was placed across the track that almost telescoped the commission.

To make the matter short, the supreme court put up a little job on the railroad commission and pronounced its act illegal and thus set the wheels of the locomotives running again. It is remarkable how trifles light as air or thistle down or anything else that is trifling will militate against human efforts and crush man's loftiest ambitions. The supreme court thus sat down on our railroad commission in a way from which there was no appeal. It was an even thing as to number. There were the three commissioners and secretary and the three judges and clerk, yet the supreme court got away with the railroad commission every time. That is the way with supreme courts and probably always will be. So the railroad commission had its usefulness suddenly cut short. They found they could only ask questions and recommend to the railroads what course to pursue instead of putting up rules for them to follow. It is easy work to be a dictator. Cæsar and Napoleon thought so and rather liked their job while it lasted. But just imagine Julius and Napoleon cut down to making mild suggestions! It is a business that grows tiresome, and that is why the railroad commission seems to be taking a rest. Only wait until the legislature comes together and gives them power to go ahead again in the way they were doing before the supreme court suppressed them, and you will be reminded of the last words of Daniel Webster, [illegible] still live.

Meantime their line of duty [illegible] a report, no recommendations to the legislature based on their experience. They are not destitute of experience, for their inquiries into railroad affairs have not been barren of results. The railroads appealed from the circuit court that stood by the commission to the supreme court, which reversed the granger judge. The commission will soon prepare a report for the next session of the legislature and we [illegible] expect various suggestions that will not suit the railway companies. This report is all the active duty of them and they should earn their money in the way of suggestions.

The supreme court found that the state had not empowered the railroad commission to regulate rates, leaving open the vital question as to whether the legislature has a right to confer such power. Gov. Pennoyer suggests to the Horticultural Association that the proposed bill to create a board of horticulture shall not endow the commissioners with authority to enforce penalties, only as some judicial tribunal shall decide. This shows his views concerning state commissions and their constitutional power.

The history of the railroad commission bill is a little peculiar. It was introduced by a granger, Dawson, from Linn, and lay perdu until the last days, when it was hurried through. Some slight amendment was proposed and adopted when too late to permit of argument, and the bill passed. It is a little remarkable that bills to regulate railways are apt to be so manipulated and handled that all the snap and force is taken out of them. It is accidental of course.

Since their discomfiture by the supreme court the railroad commission and their secretary have resembled Patience on a monument, only that Patience didn't draw any salary. The commission performs that duty with regularity and dispatch. They draw handsome salaries and no doubt their report and recommendations will be worth the money.

A DEATH-BED REPENTANCE.

The defeat of Grover Cleveland appears to be about to lead the public [illegible] in his last days to a new spasm of reform. It is said that he intends to include the railway mail service in what is known as the classified service, thus making appointments and promotions therein subject to the civil service rules. This seems a little late, but it is not to be received with disapproval on that account.

The railway mail service as well as every other branch of the public service was worked for all it was worth to promote the effort made to re-elect Mr Cleveland. This was the key to the dismissal of [illegible] of the four faithful clerks of the railway mail service just before the election. Nor was this partisan handling of the service confined to the period covered by the political canvass. Throughout the whole term of the present administration we have seen cases in which competent men have been dismissed the service and raw or incompetent ones appointed on partisan grounds. Some of the appointees have been so incapable that they could not possibly hold their position. Others have been kept in to the great annoyance of a suffering public. What was done here has been done of course all over the United States.

But the president, since his defeat, is going to turn over a new leaf. Well, a death bed repentance is better than no repentance at all. Let us have the railway mail service put on a business basis. To do so will require however the supersedure of some thousands of partisan incompetents with which the service has been stuffed during the last four years.

TEXAS AND DAKOTA.

This note of inquiry is addressed to THE OREGONIAN, viz:

Will you kindly inform me what number of votes the [illegible] electoral vote and also how the democrats would gain by dividing Texas and the republicans in Dakota, if [illegible]

The electoral vote of a state is not based on the popular vote, but each state is entitled to as many votes in the electoral college as the whole number of its representatives and senators in congress, and the number of representatives in congress allotted to each state is based on population as ascertained by the decennial census.

If Texas should be divided there would be two senators for each additional state and two votes would be added to the electoral college for each. This added political strength would go to the democrats. Likewise if Dakota shall be divided and admitted as two states the republicans will gain the added strength in the senate and in the electoral vote.

It is probable that Dakota will be divided and two states created out of the present territory. But it is not probable that Texas will be divided, since the people of that state take pride in their imperial domain and are looking forward to the time when, as they think, Texas will be the most populous state in the Union. Hence they do not want to divide it. A group of states, made out of the present state, they say, would be controlled by a contrariety of interests, and would neutralize the political influence of each other, while Texas holding together as one state is destined to a position of commanding power in national affairs.

ALONG THE WEST COAST.

It is necessary occasionally to recall to mind the important truth that while Oregon is settled through the beautiful and habitable valleys that lie west of the Cascades, along the south shore of the great river of the West and upon the line of railway of the O. R. & N. Co., two-thirds of the state remains in isolation and remoteness, with scarcity of population and no production save the flocks and herds which roam the arid pastures and through wide foothills and scarce known valleys.

One enterprise after another is started which is destined to have influence in the settlement and development of the regions that hitherto have been beyond reach of man's civilization. The project of a railroad to traverse the country to the south of Astoria along the coast, is a matter second in importance to no other enterprise of recent date. The coast region to be opened up by such a railway is shut in by high mountains that make it impracticable to reach the ocean from the east save by mountain roads of the most difficult character. Tillamook is easiest reached by the ocean, and even the short distance from Astoria is not easily made along the shore. The products of that rich settlement are brought to Portland by ocean and river when they come at all. Years ago enterprising pioneers found their way to Tillamook and made a beginning for permanent development. We know that it is a remarkable dairy region and has wealth of timber, that there are rich valley lands and varied resources that are so surrounded from the world and hedged in by ranges and ocean that it requires courage and love of adventure to reach there for a summer vacation. It will be a great thing for Tillamook and most desirable for all Oregon when the construction of this projected railway shall bring the world to Tillamook and introduce its remoteness to the world. It will be but a short time when the journey down the coast can be made in cars direct from Portland. Then all the difficulties surrounding that far away coast country will be overcome and population will pour in to occupy and develop what has heretofore been inaccessible.

Some sanguine mind—Villard's perhaps—predicts that another generation will see twenty millions of people occupying and developing the Northwest. It is only necessary to make a comparison from the geography of the continent to see that this is [illegible] though it may not come in the time indicated. The west coast region or the Pacific Northwest covers the area occupied by New England, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania—states that have twenty millions of population and a vast wealth we cannot equal until another century comes to our rescue. This North Pacific region possesses all the resources necessary to accomplish its magnificent future, and only needs enterprise and capital for its development.

When this coast railway is built its termini will be the Columbia on the north and at first Yaquina bay on the south. It may rest there a while, but a railway from one point to the other will make available a grand coast country possessing a number of small harbors and capable of developing an extensive commerce. That coast line possesses individuality that will be marked and independent. There will be sawmills and fisheries. Production will take shape according to the influences of soil and climate. It is safe to say that the dairy interest will predominate, for its pastures are ever green from the moist influences of the Pacific all the year round. With reliable fisheries at frequent intervals, with curing and timber and coal and other deposits that exist, and with great mountain and forest ranges for stock, it is safe to say the best lands will soon be occupied and every harbor will be a town. A smart coasting trade will open up, and between railway and steam schooners there will be great development along the coast. Eventually there must be a railway all along the Oregon coast with connection from the interior at Yaquina, at Coos and probably at Rogue river. The coast region of Oregon has never been appreciated, much less understood. Time alone can bring its solution and effect development, and the building of a railway south from the Columbia is an excellent beginning of the development of that region.

Thus only one of the various portions of our state will be brought into contact with the world and become populous and productive. The construction of the Oregon Pacific road over the Cascades by the Santiam pass will open a magnificent mountain region, reaching the summits of that range west of the foot of Mount Jefferson, and will traverse the center of the state to the eastern line. [illegible] Middle Oregon is an unoccupied country larger than New Jersey and capable of wonderful development.

Another portion of our state, that looks forbidding [illegible] will be attractive in the course of time [illegible] the Blue mountain region of Eastern Oregon. Its great mountain ranges [illegible] before many years settlers will climb its [illegible] and [illegible] homes of comfort where now flocks and herds go for summer pasture. Millions of people will be required to fill up the vast spaces of Oregon [illegible] make them fruitful and yield harvests. Everywhere throughout the great length and breadth of our state the fertile soil, fertile beyond comparison with any land under any sun, is underlaid and supplemented by deposits of mineral wealth [illegible] deeply in the hills and ranges. Time that overcomes many problems must solve that of the future of Oregon, and can only [illegible] by a career of wondrous prosperity.

Four years ago Kentucky gave Cleveland 152,961 votes and Blaine 118,122. Plurality for Cleveland 34,839. This year, with three small counties to hear from, Cleveland gets 161,394, and Harrison gets 133,732; plurality for Cleveland [illegible]. The three small counties not yet reported may make the plurality about 28,000. Even in Kentucky the democratic plurality is coming down. In 1880 it was 42,[illegible]; in 1876 it was [illegible]. The democratic party will soon be compelled to fight for Kentucky as it is now compelled to fight for the Virginias.

Hon. Warner Miller of New York says the introduction of the high license issue in that state strengthened the republicans, and thinks if there had been three weeks more in which to make the canvass and present the question fairly to the voters in some of the western counties and other parts of the state he would have been elected. He is satisfied that the moral sentiment of the country is with the republican party on this question, and says:

There is only one course for our party to pursue, and that is along the lines it has already laid down on this subject. We are committed to temperance reform. We cannot go back. The republican party never did take the back track on any moral question. I am convinced it will not on this. Why should it? Has it not put high license laws in operation in Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota and Michigan? And has not each of these states given us a rousing majority this year?

The Indianapolis *Journal* quotes the above and adds the remark:

High license and local option is one of the things that saved the republican party [illegible]. If it had bid for the support of the saloons it would have been beaten.

Owing to the fact that in the remote and sparsely settled portions of the state many voters did not come out to the election Harrison's majority in Oregon is not quite so large as Hermann's majority was in June. As nearly as we can tell it will be 600 or 800 less, that is, it will be 6,600 or 6,800 against 7,407 in June last. We still think Mr Noltner might as well retire from politics.

The star of empire which has been held at Washington City all the time in durance vile by the Solid South, and not permitted to take its way westward, will pretty soon start westward by express train. In other words a number of western territories will soon be admitted as states.

A correspondent inquires how the United States supreme court stands politically. Justices Miller, Bradley, Matthews, Blatchford, Harlan and Gray are republicans, while Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Lamar and Field are democrats.

George W. Nesmith of New Hampshire, who is a Harrison elector, was a Harrison elector in the same state in 1840.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

By Gilman & Co., at salesroom, at 10 o'clock A. M., furniture.

BORN.

Nov. 19, to the wife of John A. Wart[illegible] [illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]

Funeral [illegible]

MEETING NOTICES.

Geo. Wright Post No. 1, G. A. R.—Regular meeting Friday evening [illegible] J. W. Allen, [illegible]

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Members are requested to meet at [illegible] Temple this Friday evening at 7 o'clock sharp for the purpose of joining with Minerva Lodge No. 19 in paying a fraternal visit to [illegible] Lodge No. [illegible] of the [illegible] H. S. ALLEN, [illegible]

F. W. BALTES & CO., Printers, 5 Oak st. Largest and best establishment.

NEW TO-DAY.

CLOAK SALE. Ladies' Jackets [illegible] McALLEN & McDONNELL, [illegible]

H. H. HILDEBRAND. Prescription Druggist [illegible] Orders by [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED By competent double entry book keeper, with city references. Address M M M, Oregonian office.

WOOD OF ALL KINDS AT ALL [illegible] Pioneer Wood Yard [illegible]

S. HARRIS & CO'S Trunks & Satchels, 19 First street.

EASTERN GROCER [illegible]

WOOD [illegible] Telephone No. 16 [illegible]

$35,000 WILL BUY [illegible]

20 ACRES [illegible] MILES NORTHEAST of Portland [illegible] $200 per acre [illegible]

TO PHYSICIANS. FRESH VACCINE [illegible] I. BLUMAUER & CO.

COLLEGE OF SHORTHAND. [illegible]

$100 REWARD. A FEW SOUTH LOTS IN HIGHLAND [illegible] HAIGHT & DONNER, No. 15 Washington st. [illegible]

IMPROVED RESIDENCE LOT, 50x100 ft., and small cottage, beautifully situated on East Park st., in south part of city. This elegant home is worth $1000, but if called for at once will be sold for $[illegible]. Terms and reasons for sale made known by applying to CLAYTON & OLIVER, 163 Second st.

Auction Sale of Merchandise.
ASSIGNEE'S AUCTION SALE
[illegible]
ON SATURDAY, NOV. 24th,
at 10 o'clock,
BALANCE OF STOCK OF STORE,
COMPRISING
Clothing, Shoes, Blankets, Comforters,
Iron Safe, Bed Quilts, Tobacco,
Soap, etc.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN (GILMAN & CO.), Auctioneer,
42 First Street, Next Corner of Ash.
Regular Auction Sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture and General Merchandise
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE
Household Furniture & Carpets
We will sell at our salesroom, No. 42 First street,
FRIDAY, NOV. 23d, at 10 A. M.,
Elegant Parlor Suits, Bed Lounges, Carpets, Bedroom Sets, Mirrors, Pictures, [illegible]
MERCHANDISE.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
Office 1½ Washington Street.
[illegible] College street.

T. J. O'CONNOR, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.
128 First, bet. Washington and Alder.
Auction Sale of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, Horses, Buggies, etc. Regular Sale Days, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and chattels of any description (without removal) or personal note. [illegible]

NEW TO-DAY.

TO THE BENEVOLENTLY INCLINED MERCHANTS of Portland—According to the established yearly custom of our country Thursday, Nov. 29th inst. has been designated as the day on which to render special thanks to the Almighty for his blessings and mercies during the past year. This we do by a special service in behalf of the various public benevolent [illegible] for aid on that day. Among them we would respectfully call your attention to the Portland Hospital. Should you see fit to mark this institution on your list of benevolences you will confer a favor by notifying J. [illegible] Kenworthy, Supt. of the Portland Hospital, by postal card. 23t

BRITISH SHIP MORESBY, FROM LIVERPOOL, will commence discharging at Mersey dock [illegible]. Consignees will please make entry [illegible] pay freight at the office of the undersigned and receive delivery order [illegible] risk and expense. BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO., Consignees.

SPLENDID BUY PROPERTY IN [illegible]WOOD [illegible] H. W. WOOD, Manager.

FOR RENT—THREE NEW COTTAGES, TWO stories high, finished [illegible] modern improvements [illegible] Apply [illegible]

FOR RENT IN SOUTHWEST PORTLAND A [illegible] Apply to [illegible] STEVENS & CO. [illegible]

[illegible]

D[illegible] WISH TO SELL [illegible] WITH [illegible]

NOTICE ANY ONE KNOWING WHERE [illegible] last summer.

SPLENDID BUSINESS CHANCE A LINE [illegible]

THE [illegible] WANTING TO ALL WHO INTEND [illegible] 47 Washington st. [illegible] 23nd

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED TO RENT [illegible]

A [illegible] BARGAIN—$ [illegible] WILL BUY 100x100 [illegible] guarantee. 23d 1t

BRITISH BARK [illegible] Consignees.

GREAT BARGAIN—140 ACRES [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] LEADING LAW FIRM [illegible] 23n5

[illegible] VACCINE VIRUS FROM THE [illegible]

LOST IN SIXTH OR SOUTH SIXTH STREET [illegible]

WANTED A YOUNG MAN [illegible]

[illegible] MONEY [illegible] FRAME & [illegible] First

[illegible]

F[illegible] HOUSE AND LOT [illegible]

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN FIND A [illegible] board [illegible]

FOR SALE 6 SHARES OF INDUSTRIAL AS[illegible] A. Wood [illegible]

MUSIC [illegible] GUITAR [illegible] AND [illegible]

NEW TO-DAY.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—The largest stock of the best instruments in the world on easy installments. Steinway & Sons, Decker & Son, [illegible] & Son, Vose & Son, Kranich & Bach and [illegible] pianos, Burdette, Story and Clark organs. Pianos tuned and repaired. H. SINSHEIMER, 214 First st.

THE WANZER LAMP—Having a more extended range of usefulness than any other. No chimney. The cheapest, the best. Every lamp guaranteed. All orders promptly attended to. Appropriate Holiday presents. No 9 N. Third st. 22nlm

SOUTH PORTLAND—For sale at a reasonable price. A quarter block on the highest [illegible] ground in this popular locality. The extended view is very fine. Judge for yourself by calling on W. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 21n3t

MOUNT TABOR—Acre and half acre tracts for sale on the installment plan. Land well cultivated. Water [illegible] beautiful. View extensive. Apply to W. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 21n3t

LADIES TREATED WITH ELECTRICITY by a Lady Electrician of experience. All nervous diseases and female weakness cured [illegible] permanently. Call 127 East Park st. [illegible] to 5 P. M. daily. 22n6

TO-DAY IS THE DAY THOSE ELEGANT French Dress Goods, standard $1 and $1.25 [illegible] are to be sold at MEIER & FRANK'S at 59c per yard. All Wool, 42 and 44 [illegible] wide. All Latest Shades and Black. 1t

EVENING SCHOOL at the Holmes Business College is now open. Bookkeeping, Penmanship, shorthand, typewriting and English branches taught [illegible]

HAVE YOU SEEN BIRMINGHAM'S Box Bed Lounge? The favorite with all who are interested. Manufactured by J. M. [illegible]ingham, First and Main sts. 7tf

$100 LOTS $10 PER MONTH, AND NO interest. A good home. Good investments. [illegible] West Portland or [illegible] T. A. Wood, Room 1, I. O. O. F. Temple. [illegible]

SHORTHAND DAY AND EVENING; mail lessons qualifying for court [illegible] amanuensis. Situations procured all graduates. College of Shorthand, First and Jefferson. [illegible]

TRESPASS—PERSONS ARE WARNED not to trespass over, or interfere with the fences on John Kearn's land, known as the [illegible] Kelly tract near car shops. 22n3t

DON'T MISS IT—76th FRIDAY SURprise Sale at Meier & Frank's. Elegant French Dress Goods at 53c per yard worth $1 and $1.25 per yard. 1t

DRUG STORE FOR SALE IN PORTLAND; receipts from $20 to $30 per day; rent reasonable. Reply [illegible] care Teller & [illegible] Portland, Or. 23n6

WANTED—20 GOOD RIVER DRIVERS, A winter's job, $3 a day, in lodging house of 15 rooms. Apply [illegible] Employment Office, 109½ First st. 1t

229½ FIRST ST.—ROOMS FURNISHED OR unfurnished, suitable for business or lodging; brick building, light and airy, central location. 23n3

WANTED—ADDRESS OF MAN GOING TO Chile, who wants to make some money for a small service. Address Capital, care Oregonian. 23n3

GAS FIXTURES—NEW DESIGNS, Latest Novelties, at JOHNSTON & LAWRENCE'S, 145 Front st. 24tf

$50 LOTS—GO TO NO. 13 MORRISON STREET and buy a lot for $50 on the installment plan in the Willamette addition to East Portland. 21n3t

ENGRAVING FROM PHOTOGRAPHS or sketch. Cheap prices. The Lewis & Dryden Printing Co., Oregonian Bldg.

WM. M. GREGORY, Attorney at Law, 69 Third st., near Oak (Ainsworth building), second floor. 11-m4tf

SHORTHAND DAY AND EVENING AT Portland Business College. [illegible] Students admitted any time.

SMART OFFICE BOY WANTED A PERMAnent position; good wages for the right boy. Answer [illegible] hand [illegible], care Oregonian. 23n2

FOR [illegible]—NEW MODERN IMPROVED COTtage, [illegible] finished [illegible] Hall, near Eighth st. [illegible] 23tf

FOUND—SKIFF ADRIFT TWO DAYS AGO. [illegible] Owner can have it by paying [illegible] Address [illegible] 23n3

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO CANVASS CITY, [illegible] Call on Mrs. Slagle, [illegible] 23n4

NOTICE—A LADY WOULD LIKE TO HAVE [illegible] homes [illegible] Terms reasonable. Address M. D., care Oregonian. 23n6

YOUNG LADY EXPERIENCED WISHES [illegible] German American Employment Office, 229½ First st. 1t

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO COOKing and general housework for small family. Apply [illegible] Jefferson st. 23n2

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork [illegible] small family. Inquire 504 G st., near Twenty-first. 23tf

FOR RENT—ONE GROCERY STORE, 300 [illegible] good location. Inquire [illegible] 23n6

FOR [illegible] ONE [illegible] Inquire [illegible] 23n6

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork [illegible] Apply at 28 Seventh st. [illegible] 23tf

FOR RENT—A [illegible] ROOM HOUSE. APPLY TO [illegible] third floor, Abington building. 23tf

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH A SMALL capital in a commission business. Inquire 269 Front st. 23n6

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 31 Tenth st. 1t

WANTED—COOK, MAN AND WIFE. [illegible] 1t

BARBER WANTED AT 306 FIRST STREET. [illegible] 1t

FOR GENTLEMEN.

TO-MORROW

We will commence selling our new stock of JAPANESE SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, the cheapest and largest variety ever brought here and imported direct by us.

TO-DAY

We display these goods in our Furnishing Window. None will be sold until to-morrow, Saturday.

SPECIALS:

50 dozen	Fancy Border	45c each
25 "	Fancy Border	75c each
30 "	Pure White	75c each
25 "	Fancy Border	85c each

75 dozen Elegant Initial Handkerchiefs at One Dollar.

Lipman
&Co.

Agents for Butterick Patterns.

JOHN CRAN & CO.

NEW THIS DAY

ULSTER CLOTHS

In Stylish Patterns and Moderate Prices.

A NEW CASE LADIES'

BROADCLOTHS

$1 50. $3 50.

ONE CASE

Eider-Down Quilts & Pillows.

All the Initials of our 25c All Linen

HANDKERCHIEFS,

The best in the country for the money.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—BY SINGLE GENTLEMAN, A [illegible] private family [illegible]

WANTED—PARTY TO RENT A ROOM [illegible] restaurant and in connection [illegible] Third and E. [illegible]

WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS, UN[illegible] near boarding [illegible] good price paid. [illegible]

[illegible]

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

[illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS.

[illegible]

WANTED—HELP.

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible]

REWARD—I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF [illegible] for the arrest and conviction of any person caught stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian [illegible] D. J. MOORE, Route Agent.

[illegible]

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

[illegible]

MACHINISTS.

[illegible]

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

[illegible]

WHOLESALE FURNISHING GOODS.

[illegible]

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.

[illegible]

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

OREGON CLOTHING MANUFACTORY [illegible]

SHOW CASE MANUFACTURE.

[illegible]

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

[illegible] WOODARD, [illegible]

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—BY SINGLE GENTLEMAN A FURnished room in private family. Address [illegible] care Oreg[illegible] 22n3

WANTED—PARTY TO RENT A ROOM SUITable for a [illegible] and in connection with [illegible] Address [illegible] cor Third and [illegible] 22n3

WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS UNFURnished [illegible] near boarding house [illegible] good price paid. Address [illegible] 15nt

WANTED—TO RENT [illegible] A YOUNG BLACK [illegible] Exchange [illegible] 18n3

[illegible] GENTLEMAN [illegible] CHILDREN [illegible]

[illegible] STEAMAN AND [illegible] 18 [illegible]

WANTED [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] WHERE [illegible]

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID [illegible]

[illegible] Address [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] RELIABLE [illegible]

WANTED—A [illegible] WANTS PLACE [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible] POSITION [illegible] in a store [illegible] 2n3

WANTED—BY A SWEDISH GIRL A SI[tuation] [illegible]

A FIRST-CLASS LADY COOK FROM THE [illegible] Address [illegible]

AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AT [illegible] set of books [illegible] Oregonian [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG MAN [illegible] references given. Address [illegible] Oregonian

WANTED—SITUATION IN GENERAL OFfice [illegible] Address [illegible] 21 6

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WANTED TO [illegible] good [illegible] Mrs. [illegible]

WANTED—SALESMEN FOR OUR ADJUSTable [illegible] House [illegible] NEW YORK [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED TO CANVASS AND sell electric belts [illegible] nervous trouble and rheumatism. See [illegible] First National Bank [illegible] 10nt

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—[illegible] FIRST [illegible] GOOD [illegible] 1nlf

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN OR SCANDINAvian girl for general housework; wages $20 [illegible]

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO TRAVEL IN [illegible] good wages to a good man. [illegible] 1[illegible] street Portland

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-CLASS teacher [illegible] Apply to Mrs. [illegible] Clerk [illegible] Portland

WANTED—TWO GIRLS WANT SITUATIONS as waiters in hotel [illegible] country. Also [illegible] wages $30 [illegible] 13n13

SPECIAL NOTICES

SETTLERS [illegible] LOCATED ON GOVERNMENT [illegible] W. A. SMITH, 108 First st. [illegible]

E. B. BINGHAM, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ROOM [illegible] 13 [illegible]

MRS. [illegible]

CHAS. B. CARLINI [illegible]

Proprietor [illegible] 3n6

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—[illegible] has removed to 120 Third street [illegible] Washington [illegible]

[illegible] FLORIST, NO. 147 MARKET [illegible] Flowers and Floral Designs of all descriptions [illegible] Plants for [illegible]

MADAME [illegible] CLAIRVOYANT [illegible] 102 Washington st. [illegible]

M[illegible] CHRISTIAN SCIENCE [illegible] 33 Ninth [illegible] consultation free [illegible]

[illegible] Civil Mechanical Mining Engineering [illegible] 123 Market [illegible] San Francisco [illegible]

J. H. [illegible] ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND Assayer. Analyses made [illegible] the lowest rates. Office 104 First street. Portland O

REWARD—I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF TEN dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person caught stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian south [illegible] D. J. MO[illegible], Route Agent.

MIDWIFE—MRS. HENRY MILLER, BEST OF [illegible] North [illegible]

[illegible] THE CHADWICK COPYING BOOK AND [illegible] Oregon and Washington [illegible] Morrison st. 15n f

DR. HELENA [illegible] PRICE, PHYSICIAN AND surgeon, rooms 22 and 24 first floor [illegible] Third [illegible] Washington [illegible] 11 A. M. 2 to 5 P. M. 7 to 8 [illegible]

NORWEGIAN BARK JERUSALEM, CAPTAIN [illegible] from San Pedro—Neither the [illegible] responsible for any debts [illegible] C. [illegible] & CO. [illegible]

[illegible] OMIN [illegible] GOSPEL HYMNS [illegible] order of J. R. [illegible] 10nt

IF YOU WISH TO EAT HEARTY, SLEEP [illegible] Rheumatism and [illegible] by Electricity. No medicine. Office First National Bank Building [illegible] 10

BANKRUPT STOCK—WE HAVE SECURED A large [illegible] from the Deal & O'Reilly stock which [illegible] Take this opportunity [illegible] Weather before us. [illegible] 216 First st. 20n7

JOHN THOMPSON & CO. HAVE BEEN APpointed agents for the purchase of rag stock for the Columbia River Paper Co. and are prepared to purchase for cash Rags, Burlaps, Manila rope and all other kinds of Paper Stock. Old Iron and Metal of all kinds. [illegible] and 47 East Portland, Oregon [illegible]

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SUTTON & [illegible] SHIP CHANDLERY AND naval stores [illegible] Front street, Portland Or

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND [illegible] Merchants [illegible]

H. [illegible] BAILEY & [illegible] GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants [illegible]

C. [illegible] COMMISSION Merchants [illegible] Front street Portland [illegible]

MAS [illegible] & CO. WHOLESALE [illegible] Commission Merchants, 15 to 18 North First street [illegible]

TAYLOR [illegible] SHIPPERS AND Commission Merchants, agents [illegible]

J. O'CONNOR, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Grocer [illegible] ship stores [illegible]

B[illegible] SHIP [illegible]

HERMAN [illegible] PURCHASERS OF HIDES, Pelts, Furs, Wool and Tallow and [illegible] Front [illegible] advances on consignments

MACHINISTS

TRENKMAN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS, C. R. [illegible] Housework, Doors, Railings, Iron Shutters and all kinds of machinery of all descriptions, planing and moulding [illegible] to order

SMITH & WATSON, D[illegible] WORKS, ROBT. [illegible] Jail Cells, Vault Lining, Cast and Wrought Iron Work of all kinds; Mining Machinery, Saw Mills with improved Set works; [illegible] Machinery of all kinds; Engines, Boilers [illegible] repairs made promptly. Front and [illegible] streets, Portland, Oregon. 10ntf

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

R. SHERLOCK, SADDLERY, HARNESS, HARDware, 74 Front street, Portland Or

HERBERT [illegible] & CO. 74 FRONT ST. Importers of Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe Store Supplies [illegible] Findings [illegible]

WHOLESALE FURNISHING GOODS

DINKELSPIEL [illegible] HAAS & CO. MANUFACturers and [illegible] Furnishing Goods. Sole manufacturers of the celebrated Iron Clad Overalls. 61 Front [illegible] Portland Or

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES

[illegible] & CO., JOBBERS AND RETAILERS of wall paper and window shades. The [illegible] wallpaper house in the Northwest. New designs [illegible] 9 [illegible] street.

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS

OREGON CLOTHING MANUFACTURING Company, 92 North First street. Factory in [illegible] Addition, East Portland

SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS

DIXON, BORGESON & CO., 108 AND 110 FRONT Street, Portland, Or

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH USE OF bath. 141 Morrison st. cor. Seventh. 22n1m

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT rooms for two only; convenient for housekeeping. 448 East Park. 15ntf

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS TO QUIET REspectable parties with no children. Stone's block, First and Market sts. 4ntf

FOR RENT—FURNISH OR UNFURNISHED rooms, suitable for housekeeping [illegible] location. 209 Morrison [illegible] 21n[illegible]

DESK ROOM FOR RENT. INQUIRE AT BOSS [illegible] Front and [illegible] 3ins

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room [illegible] use of bath. 188 High [illegible]

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT BAY WINDOW [illegible] room [illegible] bath [illegible] $16 per month [illegible]

[illegible] NICE NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS [illegible] use of bath [illegible] 21n4

255 [illegible] CORNER ELEVENTH ONE [illegible] downstairs; also two rooms [illegible] 20n4

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES

FOR RENT—THE BUILDING ON CORNER OF [illegible] Apply 38 [illegible] 15ntf

FOR RENT—AN UNFURNISHED HOUSE IN [illegible] care Oregonian [illegible] 21ntf

FOR RENT—A NINE ROOM HOUSE, JUST [illegible] Inquire [illegible] 0n7

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

QUARTER BLOCK, N. E. COR. [illegible] & TWELFTH street, for sale. Address DUGAN BROS. [illegible] 19n4f

40 ACRES ADJOINING [illegible] RESCOTT [illegible] Address [illegible] 21n6

CHEAP LOTS ALBINA [illegible] LOTS OF EXTRA [illegible] MONTG[illegible] Agent [illegible]

FOR SALE—LOT [illegible] HOUSE AND BARN [illegible] Inquire [illegible] Adams and Jefferson [illegible] 19ntf

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—TWO BUILDINGS SITUATED ON the [illegible] of North [illegible] in this city [illegible] Northern Pacific Terminal Co's office, corner of Third and [illegible] 19ntf

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—BUSINESS AND FIXTURES OF [illegible] house [illegible] 5 years established, with a large transient custom [illegible] 18n7

FOR SALE—A LARGE AND FULLY EQUIPped billiard and pool room [illegible] cigar store attached [illegible] sold cheap on account of [illegible] 91 [illegible] Portland [illegible] 1nt

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE FLOUR STORE IN Eastern Washington territory; doing a good business. Satisfactory reasons for selling [illegible] & Woodard [illegible] 19n4f

LOST AND FOUND

$20 REWARD PAID FOR THE RETURN OF a brown St. Bernard dog with white mark, strayed or stolen from Bishop Scott Academy [illegible] 1n4

WHOLESALE GROCERS

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, North Front and [illegible] Portland Oregon

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 54 and 56 Front street Portland

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROcers. For [illegible] and Commission Merchants, Nos. 46 and 48 Front street, Portland, Oregon

CANDY MANUFACTURERS

ALISKY CANDY MFG. CO. ONLY STEAM [illegible] We keep every [illegible] confectioner or baker will need. [illegible] 100 E street Portland [illegible]

SEEDS

E. J. BOWEN, WHOLESALE SEED MERchant, 6[illegible] street Portland, Oregon.

GRAND GIFT DRAWING

Crushed Mohair Plush Parlor Set

[illegible] of goods [illegible] amount [illegible] $2.50 will be given a chance free [illegible] Goods will be sold at bottom prices. The [illegible] will take place [illegible] Dec. 31 1888 [illegible] THE NEW YORK BOOT & SHOE HOUSE, First st. [illegible] M. Marks Prop.

Teeth $10 & $15 per Set.

No Pain—No Bad Effects. Breathe vitalized air for painless extraction of teeth. Filling from $1 up. [illegible] DR. CHAS. T. [illegible] Dentist. Room [illegible] Union Block, First street entrance.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT

[illegible] Nov. [illegible]

Place of Observation	Bar	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ther	Wind	Rainfall	Wthr
Portland	30.04	01	4	NW		04	Rain
Olympia	[illegible]	[illegible]	48				
Roseburg	30.02	[illegible]	[illegible]	NW		06	Cldy
Red Bluff	29.90	04	48	NW		[illegible]	Rain
Sacramento	29.84	-0	54	N		32	Cldy
[illegible]	55	0	8	SW		1	Rain
Spokane	[illegible]		40	NE		00	Pldy
Walla Walla	29.96		40	N		00	Cld
Astoria	93	-0	48	SW		38	Cldy
[illegible]	[illegible]					04	Cldy

Local Report

Time of Observation	Bar	Ther	Humidity	Direction of Wind	Velocity of Wind	Rain	Wthr
5 A M	29.[illegible]	46		S[illegible]	4	T	Cldy
[illegible] P M	[illegible]	4[illegible]	[illegible]	NW		04	Rain

[illegible] temperature [illegible] minimum temperature [illegible] feet.

Temperature	[illegible]	4[illegible]	1	1		[illegible]
Precipitation		[illegible]	08	9	—1	—8 02

[illegible] precipitation

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 22.—Indications for twenty-four hours for Oregon and Washington territory: Rain, variable winds generally southerly [illegible] stationary temperature.

PASSENGER LISTS.

OVERLAND.

Oregon & California—Passed Medford: Frank J. Hodgkin, J. Meyer, D. C. Melchercher, W. H. Moody, B. D. Bosswith, Joe Carter, [illegible] Ferry, Senator E. Katz & Lowell, Mr. D. W. Prentice, Miss Prentice, F. M. Warren, W. S. Stitt, J. C. McKinnon, Mr. [illegible] on Irene Smith, Rupt. Cass, I. Palum, A. F. Killison, Mr. J. M. Setton, I. D. Ily, Mrs. Anna Selby, M. K. Selby, [illegible] and [illegible] first-class.

Oregon Short Line—Passed Huntington: [illegible] O. W. [illegible] R. T. [illegible] and wife, John N. Morrison and wife, C. B. Cook, Jas. Biggs, J. A. Moorhead, J. M. Miller and wife, C. W. Tilley, Scott Jones, Mrs. N. Wilson, [illegible] McInnis, [illegible] H. Young and wife, C. F. Rice, C. M. Holtby, C. [illegible] J. F. Chandler and wife and [illegible] second class.

DEALINGS IN MULTNOMAH DIRT.

[illegible] Nov. 21.

I. A. Sedlek, R. J. Sedlak, und ½ lot 4 [illegible] blk 181 und ½ lot 2 blk 181 [illegible] $5500

W. [illegible] H. A. to T. P. Wood, blk H [illegible] Sept 1, 1880, $800

P. I. Sedlak to F. G. [illegible] on lot 2, blk 181, Nov. 2, $5500

[illegible] Mtg. & T. I. Co. to Emily S. Stone, [illegible] blk 110, Sept 21, $1000

Q[illegible] to Dundee Mtg. & T. I. Co., lot 3, blk 117, lots 7, 8, blk 5, July 1, $1

A. F. Sears to Ann L. Wilson, east 40 ft lots 5, 6, blk 4, railroad shops, Albina, Nov 2, $725

[illegible] A. Avery to N. M. Parmenter, lots 2, 3, Quinn's addition, town of Wayne, Nov 21, $2000

C. Bickman to E. C. Wheeler, lot 1, blk 184, E. P., Nov 21, $1600

J. Sorensen to H. Solomon, lots 6, 7, blk 98, Carters, Nov 21, $400

F. C. Goodin to M. McCord, lot 6, blk 18, Sellwood, Nov 21, $200

J. W. Kern to Kate L. Windden, lot 3, blk [illegible] J. Kern's E. P., Dec 28, 1887, $[illegible]

[illegible] Curry and wife to A. Wilson et al, lots 16, 17, Spring Valley addition, E. P., Sept 21, $1[illegible]

B. H. Bowman to Harriet Bolles, 10 acres, [illegible] 1E, Nov 21, $4000

W. Jones to J. P. Broetje, 61.100 acre, P. Peterson's D. L. C., Aug 18, $250

George P. Lent to W. Young, water right, blk 90, Carter's, Nov 10, $100

Total $30,701

FLOWERING BULBS.

E. W. Allen, seedsman, 171 Second street, has a fine assortment of Flowering Bulbs, received direct from Holland, that he is selling [illegible]

[illegible] Stein [illegible]

[illegible]

To Our Patrons in the Country:

We have One Hundred and Fifty BLUE ARMY OVERCOATS bought at Auction and offer them at the Low Price of

$3 EACH

They are just the thing for rough every day wear. Send the above amount, with size of your chest, and we will forward by express.

We are Sole Agents in the Northwest for CHAS. MACKINTOSH & CO., of Manchester, Eng., the only makers of the genuine

[illegible]

We carry a full line of all grades

[illegible]

Unequaled stock of

Winter Clothing,

Underwear, Hats, etc.

[illegible]

The Leading Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter of the Northwest,

135 FIRST STREET, COR. ALDER.

79th—79th

[illegible]

TO-DAY

Another Grand Offer of Assorted Lines of Fine

[illegible] Dress [illegible],

42 inches wide and Pure Worsted,

—AT—

Less than Manufacturers' Cost

We place on sale Elegant Qualities

French Coupures,
French Jersey Cloths,
French Surah Cloths, etc.

Heavy Weight, Double Twisted Warp, all offered at the nominal price of

53c

Per Yard

$4.24 for Suit Pattern of 8 yds.

TO-DAY ONLY.

The Standard Values are $1 to $1.25 per yard

All the very best Leading Shades and Black, Marine, Myrtle, Bronze, Cardinal, Sapphire, Gobelin, Gold Brown, Maroon, Seal, Biege, Tans, Swede, Wine, Navy, Chartreuse, Caffe au Lait, Dark Smoke, Elephant, Resada, Black, etc.

The weaves offered are well known and popular, and to give all an equal chance, quantity will be limited to each purchaser.

See Display in Window and on Center Tables

Sale begins at 8.30 A. M.

[illegible]

First, Second and Taylor Sts.

SIGHT IS PRICELESS.

If You Have Defective Eyes and Value Them go to

REED & MALCOLM

For your Spectacles and Eye Glasses. It is the only establishment in the Northwest where they are [illegible] on [illegible] principles. Lenses ground if necessary to correct each particular case. No visual defects where glasses are required too complicated for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect. [illegible] optometer, an instrument to measure the strength of the eye, is the most complete, the best that [illegible] ever given [illegible] exact amount of imperfection of one's sight.

REED & MALCOLM
Scientific Opticians
20 4 Morrison street, Portland, Or

[illegible] & CO.,

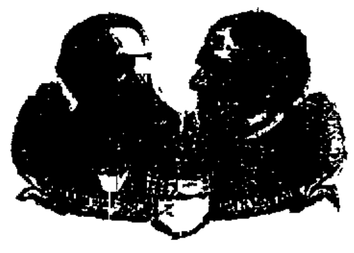
POPULAR

Clothiers and Hatters,

[illegible]

THE

THE RETURNS ARE ALL IN



And They Show a Great Victory For Low Prices at

A. B. STEINBACH & CO.'S

Great Sale

—OF—

Winter Suits

—AND—

Overcoats

Now in Progress at

A. B. STEINBACH & CO.'S.

Such chance for bargains was never before offered in Portland.

We have purchased very heavy in Suits and Overcoats this season at a very Low CASH figure, and propose to give our patrons a share in the bonanza by cutting regular prices in two. Come and see the figures posted this week.

Send your name and we will send you one of our 64 page illustrated catalogues, also samples of ready made suits and overcoats.

[illegible]

Clothiers and Hatters

Cor. First and Morrison Sts.

THE BEST SIMONDS' X CUT SAWS.

Wholesale and Retail
DAYTON & HALL, Portland

[illegible]

One Price to All!

SOLE AGENCY MME. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS

[illegible]

TWO DAYS ONLY!

FRIDAY, NOV. 23d,
SATURDAY, NOV. 24th.

TWO DAYS ONLY

At 40c Each!

Our Genuine S[illegible] S[illegible] Corset

At 40c Each!

Only One Corset to each purchaser

At 30c per yard,

2[illegible] pieces [illegible]'S 5[illegible]-inch [illegible]

Quantity limited to two patterns to each purchaser

At $1.00 per pair,

[illegible] PRS. WHITE [illegible] BLANKETS

One Pair Only to each purchaser

CLOAK SALE Our sale of Misses and Children's Cloaks will positively close Saturday evening

All of above sales will end Saturday evening at 10 o'clock

The Farmers' & Mechanics' Store,

200, 202, 204, 206 First St., 6 and 8 Taylor St.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

THE [illegible] As the master [illegible] a load of wheat on his truck at the [illegible] his horse took occasion to lie down in the [illegible] stretching himself out flat and resting his neck on [illegible] expecting a trap to come along [illegible] The driver [illegible] attention to the animal till he was through with his work, when he took his whip out of the [illegible] and whistling blithely and cheerfully walked around to his head. He gave the horse a few cuts with the lash, but the only response was a few grunts. He [illegible] a bit, all the time whistling gaily, and then hit the horse a whack or two on the ribs with the butt of his whip. The animal lay perfectly quiet, and after waiting a short time the driver stood back and [illegible] the horse [illegible] and by [illegible] way which raised a welt at each blow. In a jiffy the horse scrambled to his feet and was ready for business. "Does he often do that?" asked a reporter who had witnessed the proceedings. "Yes," was the reply, "he is the darndest fool of a horse you ever saw. He don't know enough to stand up nor to get up when he is down. I am the only man around the stables who can get along with the brute, and I am not going to long," and he hauled taut on the starboard rein and started off.

EXCHANGING COMPLIMENTS.—The ordinary hotel runner or coachman seldom lets an opportunity pass to indulge in a jawing match with any one who gives them a chance. An instance occurred on Third street yesterday. A hotel coach was standing backed up to the sidewalk, the pole obstructing the street railway. A car came along and had to stop. The driver [illegible] the coachman to move his vehicle out of the way, not quite [illegible] as he might perhaps. The coach was empty, but the driver stepped to talk back instead of driving off, and while the two drivers were jawing the hotel runner came out of the hotel to join in the fray. He took the lead in trying the car driver to go to an unmentionable place, and informing him that he did not own the street, and a good deal of a similar sort, which considering that there were ladies in the car, would have been better omitted. This slang charging [illegible] on the street is of course very pleasant to such fellows, but is disgusting to all decent citizens and should not be [illegible]

IN A MISERABLE CONDITION.—Complaint is made about the miserable condition of the crosswalk on the [illegible] side of Oak street at corner of Fifth, by the old Tappen residence, the condition of which is described as simply outrageous. This crosswalk is used by many persons attending Trinity church, and is almost impassable for ladies. Some time since the vestry of Trinity church put down a new sidewalk and a crosswalk half way across the street. The owner of the property opposite has been requested to lay a new crosswalk across the other half of the street and the proper city officials have had their attention called to the matter, but the crosswalk has not been repaired. It is strange how indifferent some people are to the comfort or rights of other people, and there seems to be many such in this city.

RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—Hon. Joseph Simon, who went to St. Louis five weeks ago with J. Bourne Jr., to adjust the difficulty arising out of the sale of the Cracker Creek mine to a syndicate there, returned yesterday and states that he succeeded in arranging the matter to the complete satisfaction of all concerned. Mr. Bourne received a large sum of money for his interest. Mr. S. H. Knowles received a large sum for his share and a lot of stock, and Mr. C. W. Knowles also received a large sum in money and a large amount of stock. So they ought all to be happy. Mr. Simon says the syndicate which bought the mine is composed of wealthy and enterprising men, and they will proceed at once with the work of developing the property.

NO NEW CASES.—The alleged case of smallpox at No. 5 Caruthers street was examined yesterday by the city physician, and proved to be merely the customary ailment from vaccination. No new cases have appeared for forty-eight hours. Anderson died yesterday at Eighth and F streets. He has been nursing the Caspari family, and thus [illegible]

SITE OF D[illegible] SELECTED.—Mr. Frank De[illegible] and Col. [illegible] went over to the east end of the [illegible] & Vancouver [illegible] yesterday [illegible] the depot was [illegible] on the wharf there. It is to be placed [illegible] where the ferry [illegible] and the [illegible] will run [illegible] can stay [illegible] the depot [illegible] It will be thirty feet [illegible] and will be [illegible] Work will be commenced [illegible] the depot [illegible] Monday [illegible] than [illegible] week. The company will have [illegible] Switzer's lake [illegible] of Eater [illegible] lake [illegible] this winter [illegible] will be [illegible] skaters [illegible] available [illegible] company [illegible] morning for the accommodation of [illegible] who [illegible] visit the skating ground in the Columbia bottom [illegible] Vancouver [illegible] to be fitted up [illegible] station erected and everything necessary for the convenience of the people attended to.

SUSCEPTIBLE S[illegible]OR.—Michael Moran was brought down from Albany yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Humphrey, charged with furnishing liquor to Indians. Mr. Moran, as his name indicates, is from the isle of Green. He is a sailor by profession, and had not been long ashore in this wild and wooly Western, and when his too susceptible heart was smitten with the charms of a dusky aboriginal maiden, Mary by name, and to elevate himself in her good grace, procured a quantity of 40 rod whisky for her. He had an examination before United States Commissioner [illegible] Deady and was held to answer and committed to jail.

A BONANZA OVER IN NAME.—[illegible] the wrecked Bonanza was brought down the river this morning and left in shoal water on the [illegible] At high water this [illegible] she will be floated out on shore as far as the water will carry her, and after stripping her of all [illegible] she is [illegible] will be set fire to and burned [illegible] Her machinery was brought [illegible] with [illegible] on a barge and will be used [illegible] in the construction of another boat to be built by the company. The upper work of the Bonanza were cut away and destroyed [illegible] the [illegible] machinery. The [illegible] loss [illegible] $6000 on the cargo $1000.

A TRUNK PILFERED.—About [illegible] o'clock last evening Mr. [illegible] night clerk of the National hotel, found a man breaking open a trunk at the rear of that establishment. He called Policeman Helsapple, who arrested the man, who gave his name as William Smith. He was [illegible] of liquor and it was supposed his object in breaking into the trunk was robbery. Where the trunk came from was [illegible] ascertained, but the man was recognized by some one as a wiper on the narrow gauge road. It is just possible that the fellow was qualifying himself for the position of baggage master.

[illegible] WAY AROUND.—It is about time we had a telegraph cable across the Pacific ocean to China and Japan, judging from what it costs to send a message from there to this city around by England. Mr. Wm. Dunbar yesterday received a dispatch from Haiphong from the captain of the bark Kitty, containing one word, the charge for which there was $8 in silver. He sent a dispatch early as long in reply and awaits an answer. It is possible to send a message around the world in a very short space of time, but it cannot be done for a very small amount of money.

COAL RAIL IMPORTS.—"In your notice of coal arrivals," said Mr. John E. [illegible] yesterday, "you should not lose sight of the large quantity supplied to our market by railroad shipment. One house alone is bringing in about forty tons per day for home consumption, and about the same amount for reshipment. There is no less amount than 100 tons of coal brought daily to the city by rail, which comes very near if not quite up to the water traffic."

CANNEL COAL COMING.—The Varuna will go down to Albina to-day to receive ballast for stiffening enough to enable her to discharge the few remaining tons of her cargo of Wall's End coal for the gas works. Meanwhile [illegible]

[illegible] WORK.—A carload of compressed wool [illegible] yesterday morning at [illegible] east side depot [illegible] Boston. The cargo had arrived on the [illegible] the night before. The ship [illegible] about 3 in the evening the [illegible] boat was [illegible] alongside and the work of unloading began. The wool was handled very rapidly from the ship out on to the wharf boat, the wharf boat [illegible] to Albina, the cargo again transferred [illegible] to the cars, and at [illegible] M. yesterday the train pulled out. It was a piece of good work and certainly commends the enterprise of the company.

PERMISSION STILL WITHHELD.—The prospect for the O. R. & N. Co. getting their line across the Coeur d'Alene reservation this winter is rather poor. The permission necessary for commencing work has not yet come to hand. Congress granted the right of way and the Indians gave their consent, and no one has any legal or just right to withhold permission to begin the work. But it is withheld, [illegible] what reason no one knows. It will be almost impossible to complete the road this winter even if the permit should arrive at once.

STILL AT THE HOSPITAL.—August Anderson, who was recently awarded $10,000 damages for the loss of his eyesight by a premature explosion while working for Nelson Bennett, in Cascades tunnel, is still at St. Vincent's hospital. Half of the amount awarded him, it is understood, goes to his lawyers, and he says he has an idea of buying a home in the hospital, as they have been so kind to him there he does not care to leave. He is not yet 30 years of age, and although perfectly blind is still cheerful and light hearted.

THE BOAT BUILDER.—J. H. Steffen is again on the street, having made a safe passage around to the Sound with the City of Seattle and delivered her into the hands of her owners. He says they are much pleased with the boat, and are talking of having another [illegible] Mr. Steffen's hands are not as full of work as they were during the summer, though the Latona is yet being worked upon, [illegible] the government's Osgood dredge. The former may be expected to return to work in about a week.

DELIVERING IRON PIPE.—Carloads of iron pipe for the water committee arrive at the narrow gauge depot daily from the foundry of the Oregon Iron and Steel Company at Oswego. Mr. [illegible] who has the contract for delivering the pipe along the streets, has several teams busy hauling it, and says he has a pretty hard contract, but means to fill it all the same. He did [illegible] when he made his bid the difficulty of loading and unloading the pipe.

THE MARR OUTSIDE.—A tug went out a day or two ago to bring in the American ship J. W. Marr, which was reported outside. The strong easterly weather prevailing, however, rendered it necessary to give up the job. Two were supposed to have gone out yesterday to find her, as she had again disappeared from sight. She has a large miscellaneous cargo or general merchandise, a lot of Lehigh coal and 1020 tons of steel rails.

AT HOME.—After a day of toil behind the desk the head of the house finds that his good wife has laid on the back of his easy chair one of those smoking jackets that Buffum & Pendleton recently unpacked. Being made in fine woolen diagonals trimmed with quilted satin and other materials they are quite comfortable and becoming to the wearer and which make a sensible holiday present.

WILL CLOSE TO-DAY.—The great assignee slaughter sale of F. Meyer & Co. will close to-day. This will be the last chance the ladies will have to secure ladies' cloaks, ulsters and jackets at slaughter prices. The balance of them will be closed out regardless of cost to-day. The ladies should be on hand early and before the choicest are disposed of.

PRINTER'S ERROR.—In yesterday's OREGONIAN the following item appeared: "At the Bouquet—Trimmed toques 75 cents." It should have been $2.75. The sale of these toques will be continued to-day and tomorrow. They are going like hot cakes.

BUSY BOATS.—Boats on the Upper Willamette are doing a rushing business [illegible]

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.—The American District Telegraph always protected its patrons, but they cannot be responsible for the work of boys who are doing private messenger work. These boys often represent themselves to be in the company's service. See that your messenger have a badge with A. D. T. and the number on it, or you take chances of being imposed upon and possibly swindled.

RAILS AND ROPE RAILS.—The work of substituting steel rails for iron on the O. & C. road goes rapidly forward. The company is not making a clean sweep as it goes along, but is renewing the worst spots. The track men are now between Eugene and Oakland. The J. W. Marr, which lies somewhere outside of the Columbia bar, has on board 1020 tons more of American steel rails for the company.

NO FAVORABLE CHANGE.—There is no favorable change in the condition of Mr. D. W. Prentice, in face of the fact that he is receiving the best attention at St. Vincent's hospital. The chances for his recovery are not very encouraging. His wife and daughter will arrive here on the O. & C. railroad train this morning from Los Angeles.

ORDERED TO BARRACKS.—Gen. Gibbon, under date of Nov. 19, issued the following order: Second Lieut. C. H. Martin, Fourteenth infantry, will proceed to Port Townsend and report to the commanding officer for garrison court martial duty, upon completion of which he will rejoin his proper station, Vancouver barracks.

HE COMES ALONE.—U. S. Marshal Myers received a dispatch yesterday from Deputy W. W. Roberts, sent from Baker City, stating that he was on the train due here this morning. He is alone, having left Janeway, the mail robber, with the Omaha marshal. He will explain the matter fully when he gets here.

A TIRESOME JOB.—The J. R. Thompson still proves too heavy for the tackling of the Willamette [illegible] She is in the cradle but not yet raised upon the ways. The probability now is that she will have to wait until high water to get up. Although in her cradle she proves to be a ponderous infant.

THE CAT IS AWAY, BUT THE MICE DO NOT PLAY.—Major Jones, [illegible] United States engineering corps, is [illegible] on an inspection of the improvements in the Snake river at Texas [illegible] Meanwhile the clerks are crowded with work and [illegible] that this is the busiest [illegible] in the city.

THE REPORT CONTRADICTED.—A report having been circulated and published to the effect that there was a case of smallpox in the family of Mr. Stephen Staltz, at No. [illegible] Sheridan street, Dr. [illegible] H. Wheeler makes a written statement to the effect that such is not the case at all.

ANOTHER BOAT.—The O. R. & N. Co.'s steamer Alice is now ready to be taken out for service, and will be put into use as soon as she has been inspected and granted a license. The present plan is to put her to work on the upper Willamette.

DEATH OF GEORGE W. REESE.—George W. Reese, late purser of the steamer Kellogg, departed this life November 22, at 2 [illegible] M. Deceased was taken sick with malarial fever about two weeks ago, and had a congestive chill, from which he died.

WHAT THEY ALL THINK.—The people seem to think that the parlor and bedroom suits and dining room furniture of new designs displayed by the Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company are the finest ever put on sale in Portland.

ANOTHER FALSE SMALLPOX RUMOR.—From authentic sources it is learned that there is no case of smallpox at Butteville, Marion county. There has been one case, but the patient has recovered. There has been no smallpox in the school.

FIVE DOLLARS MORE.—At [illegible] Selling & Co's overcoat sale to-morrow you will find three lines—$7, $9.50, $13.60; they are worth $12, $14.50 and 18.50. It is one of their Saturday bargains.

Prevent contagion by taking the famous Oregon Blood Purifier. Sales double [illegible]

FRENCH MARBLE

[illegible] & B[illegible]

Of My Own Selection in Paris,

Wholesale and Retail

A. FELDENHEIMER,

Cor. First and Morrison Sts.

BECK, THE JEWELER,

Front and Morrison,

Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.

Headquarters for All American Watches.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES!

FOR SALE, consisting of Gold and Silver American Watches, Diamonds, Guns, Pistols and Musical Instruments. UNCLE MYERS, the Great Oregon Money Lender, 103 First st. [illegible]

[illegible] & [illegible]

82 First St., Portland, Or.

OFFER

[illegible]

LONDON DYE,

GUARANTEED.

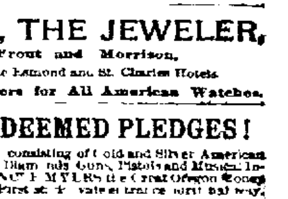
Made to order in any style of garment. Good [illegible] Fur Stock [illegible] Ready made Furs [illegible]

Seal Sacques, Wraps, English Walking Jackets, Fur lined Circulars, Pelerines, Boas, Muffs, Ladies' Caps and Bonnets, Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs, Rugs and Robes, Trimmings, all of which we offer at

LOW PRICES.

H. B. LITT

[illegible]



DR. J. B. PILKINGTON,

Surgeon Oculist and Medical Specialist

NOW AT HOME OF ICE [illegible]

Pilkington Building, cor. First & Washington

SUCCESSFULLY TREATS

Piles, Fissures, Fistulas and Rectal Ulcers, with [illegible] knife or ligature

Some hundreds of references given. 23n w

STUBBS & LAWRENCE,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Builders' Hardware, Mechanics' Tools and Cutlery,

85 First Street. Union Block

Newcastle, Dentist—TEETH without plates, Comfortable, Painless Extraction. Office S. W. corner First and Yamhill streets, rooms 7 and 8.

LA GRANDE LAUNDRY,

THE FIRST FRENCH LAUNDRY ESTABLISHED in this city. Curtains, laces, ladies' fine linen a specialty. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Cor. Third and Mill sts. Portland, Or. 15n1m M. B. PATER.

OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER
CALLENDER'S
KIDNEY & LIVER REGULATOR

GREAT SOCIAL CONUNDRUM.

Mrs. Frank Leslie Says Marriage is Not a Failure.

A Bright and Sensible Discussion of the Great Social Question of the Hour—The Unmasking That Follows the Honeymoon

This query that now [illegible] to shore and [illegible] only the attention of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] with the sour fruit and crown of [illegible] which is worth discussing [illegible] to the [illegible] edition of the [illegible] [illegible]

Men are but [illegible] creatures of course—fond of honor chivalry [illegible] and all the rest of the tale [illegible] but all the same I doubt if it would be easy to find among my somewhat extensive acquaintance five men who would if marriage were proved a failure and dismissed from the scheme remain contentedly constant to the woman who was at 30 or 40 attractive to them but at 50 or 60 so irritating to [illegible] incompatible so old a story [illegible] does not apply to her all these [illegible] adjectives first because she is bone of his bone [illegible] and [illegible] shrinks from disparaging his own possessions and secondly because the knowledge that his condition is irrevocable induces acquiescence and although in exceptional cases the marriage tie must be broken uniform is well [illegible] truth the general rule is that it endures while life does [illegible] the husband and wife [illegible] each other's defects with complacence [illegible] the question were [illegible] done away with.

An unloved and neglected wife is [illegible] a very pitiable and lamentable object but surely not nearly so much so as the woman who is no longer loved [illegible] sought [illegible] whom [illegible] outward respect and [illegible] house.

Of course then the question is not Has marriage proved a failure [illegible]

Well why and how is it a failure? Several [illegible] He is not sympathetic. He is [illegible] He is requiring. He is critical. He [illegible] He is a pig. He laughs at her and scoffs [illegible] He is devoted to other [illegible] [illegible]

From the other side [illegible] She [illegible] for [illegible] She's always [illegible] with some other fellow and wants [illegible] She [illegible] wrappers and dropping pins good enough for me and [illegible] out for the street [illegible] She won't take the trouble to keep a house and makes me live in a boarding house which I detest! She'd ruin both children. She's always preaching poverty and [illegible] a cigar or a glass of beer. She makes it so unpleasant if I bring a man home to dinner that I have often half [illegible] my old friends! She's forever asking Tom [illegible] and Harry to dinner and when I come home tired and used up I've got to put on my [illegible] clothes and make talk for a parcel of fools instead of eating my dinner in peace!

And so it goes and so it goes the world over, or at least our world over and both men and women are sick at heart and worn and weary with the unending din of battle and [illegible] scuttling the ship to drown the rats and a crowd of [illegible] sisters [illegible] their hands in their pockets [illegible]

[illegible] there is [illegible] the ship. Nonsense [illegible] the rats and save the ship.

Answer? Oh in vain [illegible] There is no [illegible] is there one [illegible] to the right answer to the great conundrum [illegible] It is most [illegible] true that many roads lead to the desired goal and many answers are the right one. Let us suggest a few [illegible] to our readers both men and women to evolve others suited to their own conditions. One great truth we would however suggest as suited to all possible cases. Marriage is a full [illegible] equal partnership and each member is bound to rank his partner's interest as equal with his own. Let every business man ask himself just here if he treats his wife as squarely in all respects as he treats his partner and expects his partner to treat him and if he doesn't let him begin to-day and try the experiment of showing her the same respect confidence and care for her opinion that he does his brother man. Most women are both pleased and touched at being thus treated by the man who claims any sort of authority over them whether father brother husband or what not and the better sort of women feels her[illegible] obliged to prove herself worthy of such confidence and respect.

[illegible] especially housekeepers let me [illegible] heard this summer. Two men [illegible] speaking of the shortcomings of a youth [illegible] who [illegible] had been rather cruel upon them and their families and one said: "The trouble with that fellow is [illegible] got it to his head that he [illegible] to please him [illegible] but to [illegible] his patrons [illegible]"

On [illegible] the parallel lines must go upon all [illegible] for the wife [illegible] her house [illegible] and her [illegible] and honored guest as well as [illegible] partner in the prosperity but still it is the woman who [illegible] domestic [illegible] to continue her her own [illegible] with her husband [illegible] that peace which is to the [illegible] the *sine qua non* of domestic happiness.

Another point which [illegible] is this: The people who marry and the people who complain are generally young—that is to say they marry before 25 and they complain before 30. To be sure having begun to complain at this age they keep on complaining for a good many years partly from the love of a grievance inherent in human nature, and partly because having made up their minds that the path is thorny they look out for the thorns and take pains to scratch themselves on each one. But the discontent begins in youth—let us say during the first five years of matrimony—and should be treated as one of the diseases incident to youth instead of being allowed to become chronic.

Young people of both sexes have a most exaggerated idea of their own importance. [illegible] must have been young even for his years when he so naively remarked "The world was made for Caesar" but I have seldom met either [illegible] man or woman who was not obviously under the same impression [illegible] the height of this delusion that the two come together as man and wife [illegible] after with the same result as when the Macgregor and the Campbell with their followers met in the narrow streets of Edinburgh and each claiming the crown of the causeway as his undoubted right passed the rest of the day in fighting out the question until each chieftain sorely wounded was carried to his own quarters resolved to fight it out [illegible] lasted.

[illegible] the world [illegible] the title [illegible] of our [illegible] but at first this will be very easy for neither [illegible] in the honey[illegible] our own way [illegible] you pleases me and to [illegible] way now [illegible] but remember that with all the [illegible] thrown in this is a very [illegible] business partnership upon which you are entering and that mutual respect [illegible] and mutual interest are the basis of the concern.

Neither of you is going to be quite satisfied [illegible] quite happy. Both are going to meet with [illegible] life. But the [illegible] of preventing this [illegible] to your partner [illegible] the sort of [illegible] the best in [illegible] by mutual [illegible] to work [illegible] together for what you know to be [illegible]

MRS FRANK LESLIE

SENATOR JONES OF NEVADA

He Is the Most Picturesque of the Pacific Coast Men in Congress

W[illegible] Correspondence of Philadelphia Record

When Senator John P Jones of Nevada gets up to talk everybody in the senate sits down to listen. Of all the people who have come to Washington from Bret Harte's country he is the most picturesque and interesting. A Welsh immigrant a forty-niner an uneducated miner his ability has made him half a dozen fortunes in mines and stocks and his strong love of books has won him a culture which makes his speeches a delight even to the most finicky New Englanders. His conversation would be equally delightful were it not so [illegible] at times gamey.

Jones said of Ben Harrison when the latter left the senate that he would never be missed since he had made so little impression on his colleagues. Thereupon another republican senator said: "Harrison being a [illegible] elder did not relish Jones's stories which are as broad as they're long." [illegible] Jones's stories Jones doesn't [illegible]

Jones has all the freedom of thought and all the frankness of expression which are characteristic of all Bret Harte's pet miners and gamblers and has drawn from his reading [illegible] experience a great collection of [illegible]—good bad and indifferent—all of which he tells with great gusto. He is very [illegible] in conversation because he does not [illegible] much of his phrases.

When he is at his best he thinks a great deal of his phrase—thinks out some remarkably good ones (as when in his anti-Chinese speech the other day he said the Chinese [illegible] become athletes against starvation) but the general effect is to retard his sentence. He is not a mere phrase maker however. He is an original thinker and on the lines of his thinking no one in public life has thought more deeply.

He is a master of all the Pacific coast questions and knows them not only in themselves but in all their relations with all other questions at home or abroad. He has made politics high and low a study. His library which is better than almost any other public man's is especially rich in political works. Jones is fond of good living like all the [illegible] coasters and spends a good deal of time dining out but the first hours of every day and the last hours of every evening he gives to his books.

He is a bookworm but is no quotation man. His remarks in public or private do not smell of the lamp. His vigorous mind assimilates all his erudition and so enriches his thought. He was Roscoe Conkling's greatest friend in the senate and the tie between them was chiefly intellectual. They were [illegible] though Grant men of the [illegible] order and Jones would have been willing to die happy if he had seen Conkling in the White house. I was touched to see that when Jones made his great speech on the Chinese bill the other day he came down and took his stand by Conkling's desk.

Jones is a short stocky man with a large head bald on top and gray on both sides. His cheeks [illegible] his eyes puffy his beard short and white. He dresses plainly but he is a rich man. Like his colleague from Nevada the garrulous Stewart Jones lives in San Francisco where he speculates in various things and with varying success.

Just now his regular income is derived from the Treadwell gold mine on Douglass island Alaska one of the best mines in the world which already yields $1[illegible]000 a month profit and promises wonderful things. It is the only mine which the hundreds of prospectors have developed in Alaska and it was [illegible] discovered by an accident. Mines in Alaska have to be literally discovered because the whole face of the country is closely covered by a thick growth of [illegible] moss and shrubs. There is nothing [illegible] however about the way the Treadwell dividends come around and [illegible] who had to economize for a few years has money to spare again.

IN A MINOR KEY

The average society belle is much less beautiful than she is painted.—*Somerville Journal*

President Cleveland (holding the door open for Lord Sackville)—"Get out!" Lord Sackville (politely)—"After you sir."

The South raised [illegible]888 bales of cotton this year. There need be no further delay in Sarah Bernhardt's proposed tour of the American colonies.—*St Paul Pioneer Press*

Mamie—I can't imagine why Clara's room always smells so of arnica. Lou—Why don't you know? She's engaged to the captain of the foot ball team and arnica always reminds her of him.—*Puck*

What did the horses stop for George? They made a false start and have to go back to the post again. Oh George and the horse we are betting on was ever so far ahead. I don't think that's fair.—*Life*

Anxious mother—Has Mr Bashful proposed yet? Daughter—Not exactly, but last evening when I was holding little Dick in my lap, Mr Bashful went to the piano and sang "Would I Were a Boy Again."—*Philadelphia Record*

An Election Echo.—I wish you'd go out an chop some wood Elija there hain't a stick in the house! "I'm sorry Marthy but the fact is I lost an election bet accordin' to which I'm obleeged to refrain from all manual labor for the next two weeks."—*Puck*

Kentucky coroner: Yes the papers found upon the deceased prove that he was Col Blood. Witness—There was also a quart bottle found in one of his pockets. Coroner—Was the bottle empty? Witness—No sir it was all—half [illegible] untouched. Coroner—[illegible] fellow he must have died without a moment's warning.—*Life*

A Large Estate

[illegible] land is this in which we live dotted so thick with thrifty cities towns and villages. Amid them all, with ever increasing popularity and helpfulness is Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery giving hope and cheer where there is disease and despair. Wherever there is humanity there is suffering, wherever there is suffering there is the best field for this greatest American Remedy. Consumption (which is lung scrofula) yields to it, if employed in the early stages of the disease. Chronic Nasal Catarrh yields to it. Kidney and liver diseases yield to it! If you want the best known remedy for all diseases of the blood ask for Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and take no other.

THE EX-PRESIDENTS.

What They Have Done After Retiring From Office

A Brief but Interesting Account of Each One After the Expiration of His Term

What will President Cleveland [illegible] when he retires from office after March 4? How was it with his predecessors?

Washington retired to his country [illegible] Mount Vernon at the close of his second term. The interests of his estate kept him occupied [illegible] when [illegible] between the United States and France [illegible] threatened [illegible] of the [illegible] American vessels by French cruisers. The government raised an army of [illegible] and called Washington to the command. Pending a settlement of the trouble the illustrious chieftain died at his home and was buried in the tomb which he had previously caused to be built for his family. He was too great to be obscured by his retirement from office.

John Adams quit the White house on the expiration of his second term in 1801. He left with the curses of both political parties ringing in his ear but [illegible] completely into political retirement [illegible] his autobiography which he never finished. He lived to see his son [illegible] president of the United States [illegible] He died at his home in Quincy Mass.

Thomas Jefferson [illegible] the White house at the end of his second term [illegible] went at once to his home at Monticello Va. He afterward founded the University of Virginia of which he remained the director until his death. His only other duties after [illegible] extending the hospitality of his home to his friends who were wont to make pilgrimages there. He was [illegible] manner [illegible] so much so that he asked the price of Mr [illegible] He wrote his own epitaph and died poor.

James Madison laid aside the cares of state in 1817 and went to his farm near Montpelier. In 1829 he emerged from private life to become a member of the constitutional convention of his state and then returned home where he passed the remainder of his days in peace.

James Monroe went from the mansion to Oak Hill Va his old home in 1825. He was one of the men who believed it was his duty to serve his people whenever they called upon him to do so and when his neighbors elected him justice of the peace he accepted. In 1829 he was president of the convention of Virginia that was called to revise the constitution. He was a poor man and died away from home at the residence of his son-in-law Samuel L Gouverneur in New York city.

John Quincy Adams returned to his home in Massachusetts after he had ceased to be president. His constituency elected him to congress later and he accepted. He became conspicuous as a member of the lower house on account of the war he made on slavery and on account of a resolution which he introduced to dissolve the Union. He had a stroke of paralysis during a session of congress and was carried into the clerk's room where he expired. A tablet marks the spot where he died.

Andrew Jackson after a stormy administration of eight years, in which there were many notable occurrences retired to his home the Hermitage near Nashville, joined the Presbyterian church and died a devout believer. There was nothing to mar the tranquility of the remaining days of the old hero's life but so conspicuous had he been while in public life that the eyes of the world followed him to his retreat.

Martin Van Buren who succeeded Jackson went from the White house in 1841 to his home Lindenwald near Kinderhook N Y. The taste he had acquired for public life had not been satisfied. He withdrew from his party on account of its slavery ideas and in 1848 accepted the nomination for president tendered by the free soil party convention which met in Buffalo. Mr Charles Francis Adams was on the ticket with him. The ticket received a popular but not a single electoral vote.

The after part of Mr Van Buren's life was uneventful. The historian has not even told us where he died the biographer dismissing him with the statement that he was at or near Kinderhook.

William Henry Harrison grandsire of the president elect died in office almost before the clamors incident to his inauguration had become hushed.

John Tyler who became president by this occurrence retired in 1845. In 1861 a peace congress assembled in Washington to which he was a delegate. He was elected to preside over its deliberations. Its mission failed and he returned home. He was elected later a member of the Confederate congress and died in Richmond while serving in one year from the time of his election.

James K Polk declined the use of his name for renomination and went from Washington to his own home in the city of Nashville Tenn where he died. His widow survives him and tendered Mr Cleveland a reception when he was on his tour South a year ago. The remains of ex-President Polk are in a family vault in the lawn of the home where he died.

Zachary Taylor died while president. He lived sixteen months from the time of his inauguration.

Millard Fillmore who succeeded retired in 1853. He went to Europe where he was well received. Returning to this country he settled in Buffalo his old home. In 1856 he was nominated for president by the American party and received the electoral vote of one state Maryland. After this he lived a retired life until his death which occurred in Buffalo in 1874.

Franklin Pierce at the expiration of his term of office in 1857 imitated the example of his predecessor and visited Europe. On his return the only occasion that called him before the public again was that upon which he delivered an oration in Concord in 1863 in sympathy with the rebellion. The biographer says he died in 1869, but does not state where.

James Buchanan was a conspicuous figure after his retirement to Wheatland Pa but only as a social figure. Berkeley Springs was a fashionable resort in those days and although Mr Buchanan is said to have had a grave in his heart in which there was the recollection of a fair face he was fond of society and children and was a frequent visitor at the springs. In his retirement he wrote a book covering the principal events of his administration. He died peacefully in his country home.

History has written with tears the fate of Abraham Lincoln.

Andrew Johnson's termination of the second administration of Lincoln is not yet sufficiently removed from prejudice to draw any conclusion even if this were the place for it which it is not. He remained the same restless spirit after his retirement that he had been while president. He sought to be governor of his state and failed. In 1870 he was a candidate for United States senator from his state and was defeated by two votes. He was afterward candidate for congress and again suffered defeat. In March 1875 he succeeded in his election as United States senator but never took his seat death at his home Greenville preventing in July succeeding his election.

Grant retired at the expiration of his second term made a tour of the world returned and was again a candidate for the nomination of president before the convention in 1880 and was defeated. He made New York city his home embarked in banking and speculation through his sons failed and died on the heights of Mount McGregor, away from home a poor and worn out man.

Hayes returned to his home in Ohio in 1881 where he has since quietly resided. He is now the only living ex-president.

Garfield's fate is too recent to require any mention save as helping to complete the list.

Arthur, who succeeded him and gave the country an honorable administration retired gracefully to his home in Lexington avenue New York city where he died. He did not accumulate any of this world's wealth but he had the respect of the American people on account of the clean handed administration which he gave it.

Cleveland retires in March 1889. It is said he may be made president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad but that property needs a competent railroad man at the head of it.

Round Ended Eggs

We clip the following from an English exchange. A fortnight ago we gave an account of the instance in which a French poultry keeper by following an American invention produced cockerels and pullets as he desired. The report elicited a letter from another continental breeder who states that he has tried a simpler method with [illegible] He selected twelve eggs with pointed ends and twelve with rounded ends [illegible] they were placed under different hens [illegible] were hatched out eleven cockerels and from the other eleven pullets the other eggs having been broken during the [illegible] incubation. The [illegible] however [illegible] of the large end [illegible] poultry rearers [illegible] have a notion of being [illegible] belief that they are more fertile more certain to produce chickens than the [illegible] pointed eggs. A lady of forty years' experience tells us that she always sets round ended eggs and that she nevertheless has the good luck to have more pullets than cockerels. This [illegible] a corroboration though not a confirmation of the French farmer's [illegible]

REFORMING THE ARMY

[illegible]

Gen August V Kautz colonel of the Eighth infantry U S A makes a proposition in the October *Century* that is worthy of consideration by the government. It is with reference to the improvement of the personnel and morale of the United States army. The proposition would [illegible] create an army second to none in the world in intelligence and efficiency. It is well known that at present the private soldiers [illegible] comprise a class [illegible] under the average of intelligence and [illegible] which is desirable. The army is [illegible] foreigners and men who are fitted for almost every other line of [illegible] or those whose dispositions are such as disqualify them from [illegible] in civil life. If called into active service the only [illegible] with superior intelligence [illegible] compared [illegible] of their officers who are [illegible] graduates of our military schools that such an army could be controlled and made effective.

Granted that the cost of the army exceeds $[illegible] annually and the annual cost per man is $1200 it would seem that this service is a poor return to the government. Gen Kautz being a German naturally falls back upon the German idea of military training but couples with it ideas derived from American life and which retain all the excellencies of the one without militating against the principles of the other. For the present humdrum existence of army life he would substitute the activity of a school of instruction. Every military post would become a school of war. Officers instead of being drawn from West Point would be promoted from the ranks—a circumstance that now happens rarely. A fitting place could be found for West Point graduates as instructors in the art of military science as well as in other allied branches of knowledge. The educated soldier would be better versed in tactics and the practical science of warfare. He would not as now be confined to the study and daily practice in the manual of arms and the evolutions of companies and battalions a facility in which he is apt to acquire as perfectly at the end of a month or two as at any time in his term of service. In fact it has been stated that the older soldiers show a falling off in efficiency and drill as the interest of novelty and early enthusiasm gives way to the listlessness of unending routine. Besides book knowledge the arts of carpenters wheelwrighting blacksmithing masonwork and railroad construction could be taught and the soldier made a mechanic. Thus it would come about that a term of service spent in the army would be looked upon as an honorable qualification, as a practical advantage. The present strength of the army could be maintained by fifteen recruits annually from each congressional district with the general rule of an enlistment for five years and with privilege of re-enlistment. The opportunity of getting an education and learning a trade also while receiving 50 cents to $1 a day and food and clothes would be so attractive that the recruiting station would need a force of police to keep back the applicants. Besides sending out the soldier at the end of his enlistment with some knowledge that would be useful to him in other trades this would give him the opportunity to reach a grade that would entitle him to a commission in case of war. Lastly the whole service would be reformed without materially increased outlay.

The proposition comes from a soldier of experience who served in the late war is a graduate of West Point and has been forty years in the service of the United States.

THE AGE OF TREES

London Standard

Where the zone test can be applied we know that the age imputed to the tree will not err in the way of excess. A clearly marked ring infallibly denotes a season's growth. Assuming an unfavorable season to have resulted in an unusually thin or perhaps an indistinguishable layer one year's credit will remain unentered in the tree's automatic ledger. On this basis of computation the following ages have been strictly verified in Germany. In that country as in Finland and Sweden the pine and fir have attained to from 500 to [illegible] years. The greatest ascertained age of the larch (in Bavaria) is 271 years while the silver fir has reached 429. The oldest known specimen of the holm oak (near Aschaffenburg) numbered 410 years while in all the common oaks above 320 years old the heart was beginning to decay. The maximum age of other German trees as found by counting the rings is as follows:

Red beech 245 ash 170 elm 130 birch 200 aspen 210 and alder 145 years. The lime beloved of the fatherland generally evades this test. Probably one of the longest standing of all it is seldom found in a sound condition at an advanced age. At the Edinburgh forestry exhibition four years ago much interest was shown in the sections of two Scotch firs one 25 feet in circumference distinctly vouching its own age to be 217 years, the other 18 feet in circumference, showing a clear record of year circles to the number of 70. As the size of both was known as well as the dates of the felling of the one, and the blowing down of the other it might have been possible to ascertain why the larger tree was so much younger than its companion. As an excellent example of what can be effected by such an investigation, the following incident is especially worthy of notice. A few years since an American engineer had occasion to clear a plantation of hemlock trees in which species the making of the annual zones is peculiarly distinct. He found that the layers were of very unequal breadth indicating a growth five or six times fuller in some years than in others. The trees were of various ages, but every tree told exactly the same tale. If you began at the outer layer of two trees one young and the other old and counted back twenty years when the young tree indicated a growing season by a full layer the older tree indicated the same. A similar concurrence happened with the meager season though there was nothing like periodicity in the return of either. By such a comparison as this we are enabled to identify particular years as those of unusual increase or the contrary and by turning to the meteorological record of those years to ascertain the nature of the weather which has been favorable to the growth of the wood.

Neat Retaliation

Freeport, Ill, Journal November 7

We once received a letter from Grover Cleveland which we understood. It ran as follows:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON D C, July 20 1885

You are hereby suspended from the office of postmaster at Freeport in the county of Stephenson and state of Illinois in accordance with the terms of the [illegible] section of the revised statutes of the United States. GROVER CLEVELAND

To Smith D Atkins Esq Freeport Stephenson County Illinois

It affords us great pleasure to continue the correspondence with Grover and we have to-day forwarded him a letter which he will understand. It is as follows:

ATKINS MANSION
FREEPORT ILL, Nov [illegible] 1888

You are hereby suspended from the office of president of the United States at Washington D C in accordance with the terms of sections 135 to 1[illegible] of the revised statutes of the United States this order to take effect March 4, 1889

SMITH D ATKINS

To Grover Cleveland Esq, Washington D C

A Cough is Quickly Cured

By taking Mother Cary's (Eucalyptus) Gum Tree Cough Syrup. It does not affect the stomach or bind the bowels. Skidmore & Co. agents, 151 First [illegible] Portland, Or.

OSTRICHES AS LIVE STOCK.

How They are Raised for Profit Near Los Angeles

The Patriarchs of the Flock Were Hatched in Africa—Building Nests and Laying Eggs—The Incubator Etc

Within a few miles of Los Angeles Cal, there is now in successful operation an industry which is probably the newest and most singular in all America. It is the cultivation or raising of ostriches ostrich eggs and ostrich feathers for market.

On what is known as the old Temple street road some five or six miles from the center of the city Dr C J Sketchley has established an ostrich farm. The doctor was one of the pioneers in ostrich farming in Africa having been identified with that industry there for many years past and is the author of a number of treatises on the ostrich its habits requirements and diseases and the best methods of ostrich farming, which are regarded [illegible] as the standard works on these subjects. A visit to Los Angeles and a careful study of its climatic influences convinced the doctor that ostrich farming could be successfully carried on here and he resolved to make the experiment. The result was the Sketchley ostrich farm.

His farm is a large one numbering seventy or [illegible] hundred acres of which about sixty are devoted to the ostriches. There are thirty pairs of these beautiful birds equally divided as regards sex and all magnificent specimens of their kind besides a number of young ones recently hatched at the farm. Their food consists almost exclusively of corn and alfalfa. The latter is a very beautiful perennial plant allied to the clover family and much cultivated for fodder throughout California and Texas. Long experience has shown that this two-item bill of fare will cause the ostrich to produce more feathers and of a better quality than any other diet.

Each male is mated with a female and the two birds are assigned two acres of ground fenced off into lots of one acre each. They are kept in one of these lots until they have eaten off all the alfalfa it contains when they are transferred to the other, being thus alternated between the two.

"All the full grown ostriches that you see," said the doctor, "I imported directly from Africa, landing them in this country at Galveston, Texas and bringing with them four Madrasese men and one woman, the people of that race possessing more natural intelligence, and being more familiar with the ostrich than any native Africans. Thus far my experiment has succeeded beyond my most sanguine expectations. I have found that not only are the ostriches quite as healthy as in Africa, but that they are actually more prolific that in their native country, both in the number of eggs they lay and of the young ones they hatch, as well as in the quantity of feathers they produce, results due, I believe to this glorious climate of California, which seems to greatly increase the fertility of all animals. The feathers are fully equal in all respects to any grown in Africa. Our principal market for them is in New York.

"As you will observe, the height of the birds is from eight to twelve feet. Their weight varies from 300 to 400 pounds. The male is much the larger of the two sexes, and is black in color while the female is gray. Where, then, you will ask, do white ostrich feathers come from? They are found in both the male and female birds among the loose feathers of the wing and tail beneath the black and gray and it is the fact of their being so much rarer and less numerous that makes them so much desired and consequently so much higher in price than ostrich feathers of either of those two colors, for in some respects I consider them inferior to the latter.

"The ostrich is not regarded as having reached maturity until it begins to lay eggs which it usually does at the age of 4 years but it produces its first crop of feathers at the completion of its first year. Every seven months thereafter its plumage is ready for market, yielding about twenty five of the very finest feathers, besides a large number of less valuable ones. The feathers are not plucked out but are cut off quite close to the skin with large shears made for the purpose. There is no cruelty whatever in the operation, the bird not experiencing the slightest pain or inconvenience. Within a few days after the feathers have been cut the stubs dry and shrivel to such an extent that they are easily removed without the slightest annoyance to the ostrich. You can imagine how profitable the business is when I tell you that the longest and finest white feathers are worth at wholesale $4 apiece and good feathers $200 per pound. The first clipping of young birds will average $40 in value. Of course it requires a good deal of capital to start a large ostrich farm, as a full grown pair of birds is worth from $700 to $800, and a single young bird 6 months old, costs from $150 to $200 but after it is once under way the return from the investment is a large one.

"The ostrich's manner of making a nest is exceedingly simple. As you see the soil on which we keep the birds is a sandy one and when they have eaten all the alfalfa off a sufficiently large space they make a hollow in the sand from three to six feet in diameter, with a shallow border. In this they lay from twelve to thirty eggs, and around it scatter as many more to serve as food for the young chicks when hatched. The cock takes his turn with the hen in covering the eggs night and day. The broods average about twenty chicks, and are cared for by the parent birds with the most tender solicitude. Indeed, I know of no creature which manifests greater regard for its young than the ostrich. On one occasion in Africa myself and a native pursued a brood of ostriches on horseback, pushing them so closely that the father of the family flung himself on the ground and feigned to be wounded, in order to attract our attention from his young and thus facilitate their escape. We very seldom permit them to do their own hatching, however, but have most of it performed by incubators. The old idea that ostriches seldom or never require water has long since been proven false. They drink frequently and even bathe. We keep a water trough in each pen to enable them to do so. Did you ever eat an ostrich egg? If not come and try one," and the doctor led the way to his spacious dining room. Summoning one of his Madrasese servants an open ostrich egg was soon placed before us in a large bowl, capable of holding at least two dozen hens' eggs which it completely filled. The appearance of its white and yolk were very similar to those of a goose egg, but though the doctor assured me that it was perfectly fresh and good one taste of it was more than enough. It had a strong indescribably disagreeable flavor that made the eating of it an impossibility to an uneducated palate. The doctor said one ostrich egg is an ample meal for eight men, and that it is considered a great delicacy by the African bushmen, but like Katisha in "The Mikado" it is certainly an acquired taste. At my request the weight of the uneaten egg was ascertained to be nearly three pounds.

"And how about the ostrich itself as an article of food?" I asked the doctor.

"It is not so bad as you might think," he replied. "In Africa they are often eaten. A number of my friends having expressed a desire to know what roast ostrich would taste like, I had a young one cooked last Thanksgiving and invited them to partake of it. Their verdict was that it was quite palatable and scarcely distinguishable from a tough turkey. Old birds are apt to be loaded with fat and so tough that no knife could cut them. The native Africans esteem the blood and fat of the ostrich as great a dainty as our Southern negroes do the fat of an opossum. They obtain those delicacies in what they deem perfection by cutting the bird's throat putting a tight ligature below the incision and shaking the creature as one would a barrel in rinsing it. The ligature is then removed and from the incision there flows a large quantity of blood mingled with fat. No one knows to what age an ostrich may attain but I believe they are a little short of immortal. I have seen with a fine brood of their own little ones a pair of birds that were positively known to be over 80 years of age."

At this point I reminded the doctor of a promise he had made to me in Los Angeles that he would show me a footrace between ostriches if I would visit him at his farm and we immediately repaired to a broad open space some quarter of a mile in extent, between the ostrich pens and the house. At a command from the doctor one of the Madrasese keepers opened the door of one of the pens and in response to the doctor's call two superb ostriches came running to him. After caressing them for a few moments he showed them a handful of figs of which they are extremely fond. Two of his men then restrained the birds by placing nooses about their legs until he and myself had walked to the other end of the course. Then at a signal from the doctor the birds were released and the race began. It was a rare sight. Ornithologists tell us that the stride of the ostrich when feeding is from twenty to twenty-two inches, when walking but not feeding twenty six inches and when terrified, from eleven and one half to fourteen feet. It seemed that in an effort for a handful of figs from their master those gigantic birds covered the last named distance at every stride. Like the wind they came their great necks stretched forward and upward to their utmost length their wings like arms working with a motion similar to that made by their legs and filling the air with a mighty sound like the rushing of a whirlwind. I was almost terrified lest they should run us down feeling certain that we could not withstand the shock. They kept well abreast for nearly half of the distance, and then one began to forge ahead. He steadily increased his lead until within a few feet of us when he turned his head and seeing that his competitor was considerably in the rear, he slackened his pace and jogging up to the doctor received his reward in figs and caresses.

WAS IT A GHOST?

A Mysterious Occurrence in a Cincinnati Dry Goods Store

St Louis Republic

One of the best known dry goods houses of Cincinnati is in the very heart of the fashionable shopping district. Some years ago a man hanged himself in a room on the third floor of the building. There have been whispers of ghosts and strange noises, and lately these noises have increased. Last night they came to a climax, and several of the more timid of the sewing girls who occupy the floor directly under the former scene of the tragedy declare they will never go back after dark, if they lose their jobs by refusing. The store was closed as usual at 6 o'clock last evening, and all the floors were dark, deserted, and fastened as usual except in the room mentioned, where a dozen girls were engaged in sewing in charge of the foreman.

About 8 P M heavy steps were heard on the floor of the dark and presumably deserted room above.

"That's queer," said one of the girls as they all paused to listen, "who can be up there?"

Before the foreman could investigate, the steps were heard clumping heavily down the stairs leading to the room they were in one step at a time and the locked door at the foot rattled forcibly as if the intruder was demanding entrance. The foreman opened it instantly but there was nothing there. After he closed it bewildered he heard the same heavy steps ascending. A hasty opening of the door again revealed nothing but darkness. The foreman took a light and investigated the upper room thoroughly. Everything was undisturbed locked and as still as it had been left at 6 o'clock. He had hardly got back to the sewing room when the same heavy steps crossed the floor came down the stairs and the door was shaken as before. All was quiet for a moment, when sounds as of someone choking and gasping for breath, together with muffled groans, were heard. The girls stood not on the order of their going but tumbled helter skelter down to the first floor, throwing their work any way and leaving the foreman to turn out the gas, which he did and rushed down stairs as pale as the girls.

Nothing can convince the girls that it was not a genuine ghost.

When a reporter interrogated the foreman to-day he evinced a like belief. "It is certain that there was nothing human but myself in that room last night after 6 o'clock. I opened the door both times while the knob was yet turning. If it wasn't a ghost what was it?"

The Devil Scared for Once

Keating's History of Ireland

The chronicle relates that when St Colum Cill was in Ireland there lived a pagan priest in the county of Tyrconnell who erected a temple of great beauty and magnificence in those times, and among other curiosities of art and workmanship he made an altar of fine glass which he superstitiously adorned with representations of the sun and moon. It happened that this priest was seized with a sudden distemper which took away his senses and he was without motion, as if he had been in a swoon. The devil, who, it seems had a particular resentment against the man took advantage of the opportunity and seizing him with his talons was hurrying him away through the air. St Colum Cill, looking up perceived the fiend upon the wing bearing his prey, and when he was flying directly over him the saint made the sign of the cross in the air above his head, which so astonished the devil that he let go his hold and dropped the priest who providentially fell at St Colum's feet. This deliverance was so gratefully received by the priest that after a short discourse he became a convert to Christianity, and when he had dedicated his temple to the Christian service he bestowed it upon St Colum and entered into a religious order where he led a monastic life and became an eminent confessor of the faith.

Oil on the Waters

Br[illegible]

An improved method of distributing oil on the waters has been patented in Germany. It consists of a rocket to which is attached a cylinder filled with oil. It is said that the rocket can be fired with accuracy from a ship and that when it explodes the oil is scattered just where it is wanted. Several interesting specimens have recently been made between Bremen and New York. In one the rocket was fired to a distance of 1,[illegible] feet and less distance. By the explosion of five rockets at a distance of from 1,[illegible] to 1,500 feet from the ship a space of 1,500 to 2000 square feet of water was covered with oil and the waves were at once smoothed. The rocket was fired [illegible] feet against a gale. The importance of the invention to deep-water sailors consists in the certainty of explosion of the rocket at a sufficient distance to leave the vessel in calm water during a gale. The invention is said to have been purchased by the North German Lloyd.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FOR LIFE AND

Harriet Gelder was the most [illegible] pretty and altogether charming coquette that ever drove a devoted [illegible] distracted with her capricious [illegible] Florian Courtland was handsome [illegible] enough to have enslaved [illegible] woman but his heart was bound [illegible] brunette beauty, who daily [illegible] peace. She loved him for all [illegible] tried in vain to make her confess [illegible]

It was in the springtime of the [illegible] it had rained incessantly for [illegible] Harriet resided with her aunt, [illegible] Linwood, in Thornway, [illegible] miles away from where Florian [illegible] Naturally the impatient lover [illegible] fair weather but as there was [illegible] prospect for a cessation of the [illegible] on Sunday morning he resolved [illegible] weather at defiance, and accordingly [illegible] for his horse and prepared for [illegible]

[illegible] had been bound for any [illegible] he would have turned [illegible] going a mile as the road appeared [illegible] worse every step, and his horse [illegible] through the mud, stumbling [illegible] the many ruts and pitfalls.

After traveling for what seemed [illegible] to be hours he reached the bridge [illegible] spanned the little river, two miles [illegible] Linwood. In the distance he [illegible] the gray walls of the Linwood [illegible] and in his impatience he was about [illegible] his horse to a gallop when he [illegible] the [illegible] at a little distance [illegible] bridge was completely flooded, [illegible] overflowing having submerged [illegible] wide extent.

A point or knoll of land close [illegible] river's bank formed a little [illegible] midst of the whirling flood, and [illegible] stood a small, wooden house [illegible] Florian saw was occupied, for a [illegible] of smoke ascended from the chimney [illegible] there were people in the house [illegible] was most perilous, as the [illegible] rising fast and would soon sweep [illegible]

As Florian rode towards the [illegible] saw a female form approach the [illegible] and a handkerchief was waved [illegible] Unhesitatingly he rode into the [illegible] which soon grew deeper, and [illegible] was obliged to swim. Florian [illegible] forward and drawing near the [illegible] door was thrown open and he [illegible] surprise for there stood Miss Linwood [illegible] Harriet Gelder.

"Harriet!" cried Florian, "for [illegible] sake how came you here?"

"We came to see a sick woman," [illegible] replied Harriet, with prompt coolness [illegible] "the water rose before we—"

"It is rising now and fast," [illegible] rupted, excitedly, "and there is [illegible] waste. My horse will carry two; [illegible] you shall I take first?"

"The sick woman first," said [illegible] quietly.

Florian trembled as he looked [illegible] feeble old woman whom Miss [illegible] was assisting from her chair [illegible] and whom he had not noticed [illegible] called his attention to her. He [illegible] with the appalling fear that [illegible] not be time to go and return [illegible] the swiftly rising waters should [illegible] the frail structure from its foundation [illegible] there was already an inch of water [illegible] the floor. But he only cast one [illegible] Harriet's calm face and stooped [illegible] sick woman up before him. [illegible] word he turned his horse toward [illegible] shore and the good beast, with [illegible] further struggle [illegible] through the [illegible]

[illegible] standing knee deep [illegible] approached [illegible] He [illegible] speak a word, but looked silently [illegible] Harriet for and his white face [illegible] whiter yet as Harriet said in steady [illegible] "Aunt Hannah first."

"Harriet—" commenced Miss [illegible]

"Go Aunt Hannah!"

"Harriet I won't!"

"You must!" said Harriet, firmly [illegible]

"Harriet Harriet! for pity's sake [illegible]"

"You are [illegible] leaving her, Miss [illegible]" exclaimed Florian hoarsely. "Come [illegible] will you yield if she dies?"

With a groan Miss Linwood [illegible] and he lifted her upon his horse. [illegible] turbulent waters washed into the room [illegible] Harriet staggered and clung to the [illegible] support. Florian's face was ghastly [illegible] bent forward and placed his [illegible] her shoulder whispering, in a [illegible] voice "Kiss me Harriet."

She put her arms around his [illegible] kissed him—a long passionate [illegible] was their first and might be their [illegible]

He strained her to him, saying [illegible] riet, you do love me?"

"Yes, Florian."

Then she leaned against the wall [illegible] as he went and hid her face, [illegible] shut out the sight of those yellow [illegible] creeping up the side of the room, [illegible] and higher with every wave that [illegible] through the door.

As Florian reached the shore a [illegible] was approaching in the distance [illegible] from side to side with the [illegible] which the driver was lashing his [illegible]

"It's the carriage from Linwood! [illegible] Miss Hannah. We have been [illegible] hospital and they have taken [illegible] come to look for us."

Florian did not hear her, [illegible] ing his exhausted horse into the [illegible] again. The poor [illegible] [illegible] but Florian spurred him [illegible] shouting him with [illegible] shouting at him [illegible]

When the hurrying carriage [illegible] spot and Miss Linwood's coachman [illegible] to the ground! [illegible] to Harriet. Miss [illegible] pallid faces [illegible] silently watching the beautiful girl [illegible] clung to her frail support, and the [illegible] man with his white face, and [illegible] hair blowing back, as he dashed [illegible] through the flood to her rescue.

While they watched a great billow [illegible] rolling in from the river, roaring [illegible] and tossing its yellow water, [illegible] again Harriet's refuge. Miss [illegible] screamed and her servant uttered [illegible] cry for where the house had been [illegible] whirling wreck of boards and timber [illegible] Florian's horse was struggling [illegible] towards the shore.

But another moment and they [illegible] Harriet yet clung to the floating [illegible] Florian was beside her upon it. [illegible] long hard as the waters whirled [illegible] his rein. He guided the frail raft [illegible] towards the shore. As he neared the [illegible] the coachman from Linwood sprang [illegible] the water and came to his assistance [illegible] in a few moments they were all [illegible] upon the land a wet, dripping [illegible] family thankful party.

They proceeded as fast as the [illegible] could carry them to Linwood, where [illegible] all found plenty of employment [illegible] remainder of the day in getting [illegible] effects of their perilous adventure [illegible] as they could do so.

It transpired that the sick [illegible] not received any injury. Miss [illegible] had caught a slight cold, [illegible] caught a severe one, and [illegible] caught—Harriet.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

[illegible] Lorenzo Waite, Pittsfield, [illegible] "I[illegible] for a period of about [illegible] [illegible] of all other remedies [illegible] the restoration of health of a patient [illegible] emaciated to the last degree in [illegible] nervous prostration and dyspepsia [illegible] patient's stomach was in such an irritable [illegible] that he could not bear either liquid [illegible] An accomplished physician of [illegible] experience whom I called in consultation [illegible] his case an incurable one. At [illegible] decided to use Horsford's Acid Phosphate [illegible] resulted as above mentioned."

COMMERCIA

THURSDA

Merchandise received over [illegible] [illegible] 1 car agricultural imple[illegible] canned vegetables 1 car lard [illegible] [illegible] 7 pkgs dried f[illegible] [illegible] 10 bdls paper 52 cs boo[illegible] [illegible] 123 cts glass [illegible] 2 cs drugs 1 bxs medi[illegible] [illegible] dry goo[illegible] [illegible] 1 car furniture 26 sks [illegible] [illegible] 16 bdls galvanized i[illegible] [illegible] wheelbarrows [illegible] pk[illegible] [illegible] kets

[illegible] RECEIPTS—Pa[illegible] [illegible] wheat 712 sks flour [illegible] [illegible] potatoes 112 bbls hides [illegible] [illegible] pkgs [illegible] 12 pkgs fruit [illegible] [illegible] lb hops 40,030 lbs f[illegible]

FREIGHTS—The situation in [illegible] charters has improved somewh[illegible] report owing in part to the f[illegible] the wheat market but more p[illegible] the absence of any spot vessel [illegible] [illegible] the only disengaged v[illegible] being taken the other day by [illegible] at [illegible] rate. Then too the [illegible] of tonnage loaded for the C[illegible] help shipowners to hold thei[illegible] [illegible] rate is 52 6d. The F[illegible] [illegible] chartered prior to arrival by [illegible] Flouring Mills Company and [illegible] [illegible] Cesar & Co arrived [illegible] The former will load flour a[illegible] wheat. The Varuna and Trong[illegible] taking on flour for the Portl[illegible] Mill Company. The Maxwell [illegible] Balfour, Guthrie & Co the S[illegible] Allen & Lewis the Benjamin [illegible] Land Shipping Co and the F[illegible] [illegible] and Jerusalem C Caesar & [illegible] in wheat. The Alumnus and [illegible] with a cargo of wheat loaded [illegible] & Co went down the river to [illegible] finishing at Astoria. The C[illegible] with cargo of wheat is a[illegible] Astoria. The following is a [illegible] the registered tonnage at the p[illegible]

In port—Engaged loading
Ready for sea
Due October November
Later on
Total tonnage due
Total tonnage of port

The San Francisco *Comme*[illegible] weekly review of freight a[illegible]

Although the arrival s[illegible] month have materially incre[illegible] gaged in port the total at t[illegible] not large and in ideas few [illegible] Were an exporter compelled [illegible] market, therefore he would [illegible] number of ships to choose fro[illegible] doubtless be compelled to pay [illegible] rates. As the matter now stan[illegible] are at the moment fairly well s[illegible] tonnage as considerable was ca[illegible] to arrival October 31 cancel[illegible] ships managed to reach port [illegible] two saving their charters by [illegible] hours. Owners have not been [illegible] market and now ask £2 U[illegible] Antwerp from a decline from [illegible] rates of the season while expo[illegible] bid over £1 1s 6d same voy[illegible] have been free sellers of wheat [illegible] the season, and now that the [illegible] have set in, there is little rea[illegible] pate a change in this respec[illegible] list of ships loading wheat is so [illegible] reduced a renewed inquiry for [illegible] be looked for, and it is believe[illegible] will stiffen up somewhat [illegible] engagements reported for the [illegible] Tam O'Shanter at £1 15s [illegible] Antwerp. This is one of the [illegible] ships to accept business before [illegible] she has obtained the highest ra[illegible] son for her class. A vessel to [illegible] cargo of barley for Melbourne [illegible] features of the week's business.

WHEAT—Foreign advices [illegible] and private and Eastern mark[illegible] a firm feeling. The local ma[illegible] and not much business is bein[illegible] Our quotations of the past [illegible] been merely nominal [illegible] freight basis of 52s 6d and the [illegible] the English market. It appe[illegible] that we have been too low as [illegible] no been able to touch wheat [illegible] tions. For valley wheat $1 4[illegible] freely offered and for Eastern [illegible] has been refused. We quote [illegible] egon 1 37½@1 40, valley $1 47[illegible]

EGGS—The market is firm [illegible] Quote Oregon 30c, Eastern [illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEG

NEW YORK STOCK MARK[illegible]

NEW YORK Nov 22—The [illegible] was again weak and declining t[illegible] day though the losses except i[illegible] do not compare with those [illegible] Omaha preferred lost 2¼ and [illegible] 1⅝

Governments were dull and [illegible]

NEW YORK STOCK [illegible]

NEW YORK Nov 22—Money on c[illegible] 3 [illegible] closing [illegible] [illegible] paper 4½@6. Sterling e[illegible] firm at 4 8[illegible] for sixty-day bills [illegible] mand [illegible]

BONDS

U S 4s reg 126 U S 4½ [illegible]
U S 4s coupons 128 Pacific 6s [illegible]
U S [illegible] 107¾

STOCKS.

American Ex 111 N P Pref[illegible]
Canada Pacific 5[illegible] Northwes[illegible]
Canada Southern 51½ Oregon Im[illegible]
Central Pacific 34½ O R & N [illegible]
[illegible] 65 Transco[illegible]
Del & Lackawana [illegible] Pacific M[illegible]
[illegible] Rio Grande 16 Reading [illegible]
[illegible] 2 Rock Isla[illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] St Paul [illegible]
Louisville & Nash [illegible] Texas Pa[illegible]
[illegible] [illegible]
Missouri Pacific [illegible] U S Ex[illegible]

[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22 [illegible]

Ophir [illegible]
Mexican [illegible]
Gould & Curry [illegible]
Best & Belcher [illegible]
Con Virginia [illegible]
Savage [illegible]
Chollar [illegible]
Potosi [illegible]
Hale & Norcross [illegible]
Crown Point [illegible]
Yellow Jacket [illegible]
[illegible]
Confidence [illegible]
Sierra Nevada [illegible]
Utah [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO MARKE[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 22—[illegible] during past 24 hours [illegible] ctls wheat 6000 qr sks flour, [illegible] 10[illegible] sks potatoes 7800 ctls barl[illegible]

Freight—Grain freights hav[illegible] the past week and mostly eas[illegible] engaged list is of fair proporti[illegible] less than one half the amount [illegible] time last season. During the [illegible] eight hours a large fleet of de[illegible] have arrived in mostly under [illegible] ment. At the close shipowne[illegible] to make concessions to work c[illegible] following are latest arrivals [illegible] charters: Br ship Glencairn [illegible] for U K. Havre or Antwerp a[illegible] [illegible] Antwerp at 45 Ger bark L[illegible] 968 tons for U K. or Contin[illegible] The Ger bark J H [illegible] Pedro will load wheat at Portl[illegible] Havre or Antwerp.

Wheat—The improvement [illegible] cables from Liverpool has given [illegible] dence to the trade, and a bet[illegible] now all both for export and spe[illegible] poses. In the sample marke[illegible] more [illegible] with buyers a[illegible] $1 55 to $1 57½ and $1 59¾ f[illegible] standard shipping. The dow[illegible] of the market, which was ca[illegible] reasons, together with weak lo[illegible] appears to be checked and a [illegible] feeling exists. Options wer[illegible] steady. Sales buyer year 200 t[illegible]

IFE AND LOVE.

ler was the most provoking altogether charming little ever brove a devoted lover her capricious ways. He was handsome and winning ave enslaved some other s heart was bound up in the who daily destroyed his vel in for all that, but he o make her confess it.

spring time of the year, and incessantly for two weeks. with her aunt, Miss Hannah in Thornway about eight from where Florian lived, impatient lover longed to nt is there was no immediate cessation of the rain, ruing he resolved to set the time and accordingly sent and for his story

any other day ould have turned back before with appeared to grow the horse plodded and something frequently in and puddles. ing for it seemed to him the bridge which little river two miles from the distance he could see of the Linwood mansion, attention was about to spur when he noticed that a little distance below the flooded the river, having submerged it to a

knoll of land close upon the rm d a little island in the whirl and upon the small wooden house, where is occupied for a thin wreath ended from the chimney. people in the house their peril perilous as the water was it would soon sweep away the

rode towards the house he form approach the window, kerchief was waved imploringly, he rode into the water grew deeper and his horse o swim. Florian urged his drawing near the house, the own open and he cried out he there stood Miss Linwood

cried Florian "for heaven's me you here

to see a sick woman," with prompt coolness, se before we—

ng now and fast," he and there is no time horse will carry two, which ake first "

woman first said Harriet

trembled as he looked at the woman whom Miss Linwood ng from her chair to the door, he had not noticed until Harriet attention to her. He trembled appalling fear that there would to go and return twice before rising waters should have her eature from its foundations, already an inch of water But he only cast one glance dim face and stooped to lift n up before him. Without turned his horse towards the good beast, with its uggled back through the standing knee deep in nce more approached aking building. He did rd, but locked silently her aunt his white face grew as Harriet said in steady onah first

—" commenced Miss Linwood Hannah I won t st" said Harriet firmly. Harriet for pity s sake—" delaying her, Miss Hannah Florian hoarsely "Come—" ld if she dies!"

groan Miss Linwood gave her upon his horse. The rs washed into the room, ggered and clung to the wall Florian s face was ghastly as d and placed his hand er whispering, in a s me Harriet

her arms around his neck —a long passionate kiss, which ut and might be their last. ed her to him saying, "Harriet love me?"

rian "

leaned against the wall again, and hid her face, trying sight of those yellow waters the side of the rooms, higher with every wave that rolled door

reached the shore a carriage ling in the distance, rocking side with the furious speed river was lashing his horses. carriage from Linwood," h We have been afraid of they have taken alarm k for us

ld not hear her, he was hausted horse into the poor beast trembled and her Florian spurred him fiercely with his clinched fist him in his frantic excitement hurrying arriage reached the ss Linwood s coachman leaped Florian was half way back Mistress and man stood and hearts that hardly beat ning the beautiful girl as she frail support and the white face and his golden g back as he dashed flood to her rescue watched a great billow rom the river roaring fearfully its yellow water, it's range Miss Linwood her servant uttered re the house had been ck of boards and timbers, orse was struggling, shore er moment and they saw ung to the floating roof beside her upon it as the waters whirled it with guided the frail raft with shore. As he neared the n from Linwood sprang and came to his assistance, ments they were all standing and a wet dripping, but kful party eded as fast as the carriage hem to Linwood where the lenty of employment for the f the day in getting rid of the ir perilous adventure—so it d do so

ed that the sick woman any injury Miss Hannah a slight cold Harriet severe one and Florian rriet.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

Horsford s Acid Phosphate.

Waters, Pittsfield Mass, or a period of about eight of all other remedies, I a of health of a patient be last degree in consequence ration and dyspepsia. was in such an irritable not bear either liquid or ed physician of many I called in consultation incurable one. At Horsford's Acid Phosphate ve mentioned."

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Nov 22.

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail 1 car agricultural implements 1 car canned vegetables 1 car lard 53 bxs cheese 10 bbls 1 car apples dried fruit 10 pkgs brown paper 59 cs boots and shoes 3 cs rubbers 1 crt glassware 10 pkgs tobacco 11 cs medicines 11 pkgs patent medicines dry goods 44 cs hats and caps furniture 17 pkgs hardware 1 bdls galvanized iron buckets paints 7 miscellaneous pkgs tent material 15 doz baskets.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS. Past 24 hours 10 87 wheat flour 717 cts oats 32 sks potatoes 131 lbs hides 1 pkg fruit 12 pkgs 17 pkgs 1 pkg dried fruit 79 hogs 41 beef

FREIGHTS—The situation in freights and charters has improved somewhat since last reported owing in part to the firmer tone of the wheat market but more particularly to the absence of any spot vessel, the Scottish Bard the only disengaged vessel in port being taken the other day by Allen & Lewis at a 50s rate. Then too the small amount of tonnage loaded for the Columbia will help shipowners to hold their own. The nominal rate is 2 6d. The Firth of Stron sa chartered prior to arrival by the Portland Flouring Mills Company and the Thunderbolt Cronin Crear & Co arrived yesterday. The former will load flour and the latter wheat. The Varuna and Frongate are both taking on flour for the Portland Flouring Mill Company. The Maxwell and Moresby Balfour Guthrie & Co the Scottish Bard Allen & Lewis the Benjamin Sewell Portland Shipping Co and the Embleton Lorton and Jerusalem C. Crear & Co are loading wheat. The Alonly and Nereus both with a cargo of wheat loaded by C. C. & Co were ordered to the river and are finishing at Astoria. The Clan McKenzie with cargo of wheat is also finishing at Astoria. The following is a statement of the registered tonnage at this port

In port—Engaged loading	1 318
Ready for sea	4 69
Due October November	9 63
Later	21 47
Total tonnage due	4 341
Total tonnage of port	2 125

The San Francisco Commercial News in its weekly review of freights and charters says:

Although the arrivals since the first of the month have materially increased the disengaged list in port the total at this writing is not large and includes few ready ships. Were an exporter compelled to enter the market therefore he would find a small number of ships to choose from and would doubtless be compelled to pay full asking rates. As the matter now stands exporters are at the moment fairly well supplied with tonnage as considerable was chartered prior to arrival. October of cancelling and these ships managed to reach port in time, one or two saving their charters by only a few hours. Owners have not been pressing the market and now ask £2 U K Havre or Antwerp from a decline from the highest rates of the season while exporters refuse to bid over £1 17 6d same voyage. Farmers have been free sellers of wheat throughout the season and now that the winter rains have set in, there is little reason to anticipate any change in this respect. When the list of ships loading wheat is somewhat more reduced a renewed inquiry for tonnage may be looked for and it is believed the market will then stiffen up somewhat. Among the engagements reported for the week is the Tam O'Shanter at £1 15s U K Havre or Antwerp. This is one of the few American ships to accept business before arrival and she has obtained the highest rate of the season for her class. A vessel to load a full cargo of barley for Melbourne is one of the features of the week s business

WHEAT—Foreign advices both public and private and Eastern markets all display a firm feeling. The local market is quiet and not much business is being transacted. Our quotations for the past few days have been merely nominal and figured on a freight basis of 52s 6d and the condition of the English market. It appears, however that we have been too low as buyers have not been able to touch wheat at our quotations. For valley wheat $1 47½ has been freely offered and for Eastern Oregon $1 40 has been refused. We quote Eastern Oregon $1 37½@1 40 valley $1 47½ plump

EGGS—The market is firm and easy Quote Oregon 30c, Eastern 27½@ c

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK Nov 22—The stock market was again weak and declining thoughout the day, though the losses except in one stock do not compare with those of yesterday. Omaha preferred lost 2¾ and the common 1½.

Governments were dull and weak

MONEY BONDS AND STOCKS

NEW YORK Nov 22—Money on call easy at 2@3 last loan closing Prime mercantile paper 4½@6. Sterling exchange dull and firm $4 85 for sixty day bills $4 88¼ for demand

BONDS

U S 4s reg	128	U S 4½s coupon	115¼
U S 4s coupon	128	Pacific 6s	[illegible]
U S 4½s reg	107¾		

STOCKS

American Ex	111	N P preferred	58⅝
Canada Pacific	53¼	Northwestern	109
Canada Southern	51⅞	Oregon Imp	68
Central Pacific	34	O R & N	91
Burlington	108½	Transcontinental	29
Del & Lackawanna	137¾	Pacific Mail	37¼
Denver & Rio Grde	16	Reading	4
Erie	2	Rock Island	105
Lake Shore	98⅝	St Paul	60½
Louisville & Nashville	5	Texas Pacific	24⅝
Michigan Central	84	Union Pacific	6
Missouri Pacific	7	U S Express	
Kansas & Texas	1	Wells Fargo	1 8
N Y Central	107½	Western Union	8
Northern Pacific	25		

MONEY MARKETS

LONDON Nov 22—Consols 97 11-16 Silver bullion per fine ounce 4 Bank of England rate of discount 5 per cent

NEW YORK Nov 22—Sterling exchange long $4 85 short $4 88 U S bonds 128 do 4½s 107 Silver bullion per fine ounce

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22—Sterling exchange 60 days $4 ¾ documentary $4 83¼ Transfers per cent premium

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22

Ophir	4	Bullion	1 60
Mexican	4	Ex hequer	1
G & C	4	Seg Belcher	3 50
B & B	7	Union	2 10
Con Va	10	Utah	3
Savage		Alta Belcher	6
Chollar	4	N Belcher	25
Potosi		N Y Queen	3 00
Hale & Norcross	6	Albion	1
Crown Point	6 50	Peer	65
Yellow Jacket	5	Peerless	1
Belcher		Crocker	
Confidence	16	Overman	0
Sierra Nevada	3	Alpha	1 40
Utah	1	Imperial	1 10

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 22—Produce receipts during past 24 hours included 11 980 ctls wheat 6500 qr sks flour, 5600 ctls oats 5100 sks potatoes 7800 ctls barley

Freight—Grain freights have ruled quiet the past week and mostly easier. The disengaged list is of fair proportions although less than one half the amount open at this time last season. During the past forty-eight hours a large fleet of deep sea vessels have arrived in mostly under prior engagement. At the close shipowners would have to make concessions to work charters. The following are latest arrivals having prior charters Br ship Glencairn iron, 1564 tons, for U K, Havre or Antwerp at 40s. Br ship Blairgowrie iron 1560 tons U K Havre or Antwerp at 25 Ger bark Undine wood, 868 tons, for U K or Continent, at 37s 6d. The Ger bark J H Nicolai now at San Pedro will load wheat at Portland for U K, Havre or Antwerp

Wheat—The improvement reported by cable from Liverpool has given more confidence to the trade, and a better demand is noted both for export and speculative purposes. In the sample market buyers were more numerous with bids advanced from $1 55 to $1 57½ and $1 58¾ for round lots standard shipping. The downward course of the market, which was caused by local rains, together with weak foreign advices, appears to be checked and a more hopeful feeling exists. Options were quiet but steady. Sales buyer year 200 tons at $1 59¼ 700 tons at $1 59. Buyer season sold at $1 69½

Wheat—Afternoon session—Buyer year opened $1 59, closed $1 58½. Buyer season closed $1 69½

Barley—Firmer and higher. Receipts are moderate but there is a good demand for choice grades and stocks are well held. Choice feed 83¾@85c No 1 feed 82½@83c common to good feed 80@1½c. Brewing 90c@$1 05. Options slow buyer season 97½c

After council Buyer year closed 87½c buyer season 9⅛

Oats Heavy with a better demand. Receipts from the north are large and the situation on the river firmer. Common to good $1 1 No 1 $1 1 ½@1 13½ choice $1 1@1 1 milling $1 18¾@1

Potatoes—While the receipts are above the average the select stocks are small and desirable quality command an advance. Quote Burbanks good to choice $1@1 20

Hops—The Eastern movement has been of small proportions. Orders on the market are mostly for limited bids below sellers ideas. New fair to choice nominal 16@17½c

Millstuffs—The market has gradually weakened under heavy receipts. Bran all kinds $1 1 middlings $15 50@18

Bags—Firm with a good speculative demand. Calcutta buyer July 7½c

Wool Firmly held and demand fair, stocks reduced and little scope offered for large transactions. Eastern Oregon 1@15 valley Oregon nominal 16@21½c

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK Nov 22—Wheat opened firmer at $1 08⅞ December, $1 09¾ January $1 14⅜ May. Declined slightly before noon $1 06½ December $1 07⅞ January $1 14½ May. Closed $1 06⅜ November $1 07 December $1 08 January $1 09⅞ February $1 14¼ May

Atlantic grain freights by steamer from New York to Liverpool 3¼d per bushel

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK Nov 22—Petroleum opened stronger at 86¼c but after the first few minutes became very dull and sagged off slowly until the close when it was dull at 85⅝c

Mining quotations closed—Amador $2 Caledonia Black Hills $3 25 Colorado Central $2 Consolidated California & Virginia $3 50 Deadwood $1 50 Homestake $11 50 Iron Silver $1 Mount Diablo $ Navajo $ 25 Sierra Nevada $1 Standard $1

Hops Dull and weak

Coffee Options opened steady and closed hardly steady. Sales 101,000 bags including November at $14 30@14 50 December $14 20 @14 January $14 5@14 40 February $14 @14 March $14 @14 40 Spot Rio firm, fair cargoes $1

Sugar Raw strong in light demand refined steady and in fair demand

Copper—Nominal Lake November $17 50

Lead—Firmer domestic $3 0

Tin—Dull and steady straits $ 10

CHICAGO MARKETS

CHICAGO Nov 22—The market opened firmer and higher $1 07⅛ December $1 0 January $1 11½ May. Noon—Stronger $1 08 December $1 1 January $1 11½ May. Closed—Firm $1 08 December $1 0¾ January $1 11⅞ May

Wheat receipts past twenty four hours at the seven principal points were 500 000 bushels shipments from these points during the same time were 187 000 bushels

Provisions—Pork $14 45 December Ribs $8 22½ December Lard $7 40 December

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

CHICAGO Nov 22—Cattle—Receipts 15 000 irregular choice beeves $5 75 60 steers $ 30 stockers and feeders $ @3 20, Texas cattle $1 @3 20

Hogs Receipts 2 000 fairly active and steady mixed $5 15@5 35 heavy $5 20@5 40 light $5 00@5

Sheep—Receipts 10 000 market lower natives $ @5 Westerns $3 @4 Texans $2 90

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN REPORT

LONDON Nov 22—Wheat cargoes afloat steadier wheat cargoes on passage and for arrival steadier. Three wheat cargoes arrived off coast since last report one was sold and eight remain waiting orders. California off coast 41s 9d. Australian off coast 41s 9d Walla Walla off coast 39s 9d

LIVERPOOL Nov 22—Spot wheat opened steadier closed quiet with a small demand. Options improving No California per cental 8s 2½d November and December 8s 3d January and February 8s 3½d March and April

PARIS Nov 22—Spot wheat and flour firm French country markets quiet

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET

LIVERPOOL Nov 22—Wheat steady demand poor holders offer moderately, California No 1 8s 3d@8s 4½d per cental. Corn firm demand fair, mixed Western 4s 9d per cental

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 22—Arrived—Br sh Blairgowrie Sydney Br bk Frank Stafford Sydney str Willamette Valley, Yaquina bay Ger bk Josefa Newcastle A , str Ajax Coos bay, brg Orient Gray s harbor. Sailed—Sh John C Potter Melbourne, Br sh Wallacetown Cork sh J B Brown, Departure bay sh Gatherer Seattle

PORT DISCOVERY Nov 22—Arrived—Nor bk Augusta San Pedro, schr Reporter San Francisco

ASTORIA, Nov 22—Arrived down—Dixie with Br bk Allonby and Lurline with Br sh Nereus. Dixie left up 10 15 A M with Br bk Moresby and Lurline left up 2 P M with Br bk Thunderbolt, State of California passed out 2 P M

THE HOTELS

ESMOND

H Kulper Woodland	C Smith Dalles
C Cute New York	E A Dalton & w N J
J Pascal do	Capp Montana
J Maconnell, do	Miss Capp do
S Stogg, do	J Mosshouse Pendleton
J W Karr, Chicago	J Davis St Paul
R D Hewitt, Omaha	S Garland Astoria
N Bennett, Tacoma	R Lewis & w, Seattle
H P Denninson Vancouver	C F Reed do
W Tellotson, Dalles	N Meyer N Y
F W Lemonds S F	B H Charles Jr Mo
H C Randolph, Tenn	C A Coolidge Ashland
G C Lichfield, Salem	M a Steele, do
Mr & Mrs Lidlow N Y	Osborn Salem
C S Cole Eugene	G E Lademan, Albany
E W Hiscox N Y	

HOLTON

L B Buckley San Fran	Robt Smith, Willapa
LePage Astoria	W Chet do
J Gree Seattle	C o H Thurston Eugene
J P Black do	H C Perkins do
O P H baby Fola	Fred Chapman Salem
I M Buttam Paisley	H Reese Milwaukee
H R Tucker do	J I Black, Seattle
F F Munroe, The Dalles	F M Wadsworth Toledo
M a McCrum do	Dr Bayley Newport
G Jen do	R D Evans do
J H Sullivan do	J F Connor, do
J D Filor Michigan	B Tresca t Tacoma
T W Ruthford Morton	N B Turner do
Al Smith, Tacoma	

INTERNATIONAL

A Latoride Ranier	A G Bick, Albany
Mrs C Witsing Dak	H Aulson, do
J Pinle, Chehalis	B Lilded Idaho
H C Willard do	Dan Ferry Minneapolis
H B Cameron, Seattle	A J Woodword Albany
C A Evans do	W Kuhns, Minneapolis
J Errards San Jose	W W King Colfax
I M Ha Lamed Kans	M L Cavanagh Seattle
C C Hunter Montana	W Houth Laramie
J J Bylow Massachusetts	B Shep do
H A Buffington do	S J Steward Troy
W Kennedy Muskegon	Dr B Petre, Arlington
A G Brown w 2 c Ill	A Wittoskie w 2 c K City
Super Chicago	H Werrill & s S P
W Wussenborn Nase	J M Haworth Winnipeg
S F Vc r do	F Loss do
W H Thompson Abilene	P McMorragh, St Paul
J J Connell Lower City	C Guyer do
B D Webster, Lawrence	G N Knagie, Pueblo
G W Kerns Buena Vista	W D Cook do
W Johnson, do	Sands, do
G Slauson, N P R R	T Olson, do
Mrs Dr Edgar Corvallis	J N Eloper, do
A Prescott, Salem	S B Hope, Lexington
Mrs Bailey, Corvallis	T Reap do
G Vinton Iowa	O Bates w S c, Wasco
W J Parent S c, Wasco	Mrs C L Rogers c, do

MERCHANTS

D R Hughes, Illinois	C Drowley Tacoma
A Anderson do	T C Larson do
M Booth, Ranier	C H Brwinds, Waitsburg
B F Fowler, St Paul	C H Frye, Seattle
D J Harris, do	J C Conliak, Denver
C Lobner, do	J C Hughes, do
E M Stevens, do	John Gray, Colfax
W B Pleasant, San Fran	Miss P Sanders, do
M A Shaw, New York	M J Long, Victoria
Miss M A Brown, do	W Cassidy, do
C L Albudor do	A McKnee, Scotland
D Albu, do	Miss Bumble, San Fran
I H Routh, do	J P Hawkins, Kansas
A M Masterson, do	M Skinner, do
D Dennen, do	J W Burrell, do
J H Carr, do	J H Foster, Chicago
W J Darbey do	Mrs J Grantz Astoria
Miss C Albu, do	Jas Knight, Tacoma
P D Jackson do	T Evans, Butte City
G F Olong, Jamestown	C L Shaw, Albany
A T Zieber Tacoma	A Southwick, Michigan
C F Napes, Scappoose	Mrs A Jackson, Stamped
J M Quincy, do	D L Johnson & w, Maywd
Miss M C Soleman, Arling	B L Nelson do
R B Morony, Eagle	[illegible]
S S Goodwin, Brooklyn	[illegible]
F Quigley	[illegible]

ST CHARLES

D Dorling San Pedro	H F Smith Lewisville
Chas Miller Westport	A B Graham Marshland
P H Johnson Astoria	B F Shaw Vancouver
G A Trable do	C Osborne, do
Harry Lane Sacramento	W H Rose Butteville
J H Townsend Albany	W J Tyler Idaho
C McC Dan do	M D Pendleton Toledo
I J Fowle Warden	J F Bauer Heppner
L Grant Cascades	Lerkins do
Jno Seleneck Dalles	Mrs Wilde Dalles
T S Block Hurth	Nash I S Vancouver B C
John Duncan, B C	Wm B Fisher S I
C F A Loy Astoria	J n Robe t Il
J Q A P	J H Hoge
W F Larson, New Liberty	Orin L l l Dalles
I N Pretty of Grays Harbor	B S
	C T T ar Dea
J W H l Asto a	Fuller
J W H e C m ill	E P Fulton Harb
N J Hauck & wf Albany	W W Cr iwel Burn
H F J Kw a lie	I P B Or City
John C Hubb Dundee	F W Ire I Aber
Cha Sh y t Cherlali	J B n lv L Pe
W M Wright Seaton	I J Ferry St Helens
C H H r C l	J Cameron Alta
W Merrill Clatskanie	Mrs Jordan Yaizh

OREGON

Mrs Elizabeth Brown aged 44 years and 4 months died recently at her home in Astoria

The water works at Pendleton are in splendid running order but not financially profitable

The Hunt railroad subsidy is not growing as property owners at Pendleton will not subscribe

Stone crosswalks in Pendleton that were put down at heavy cost are being removed and replaced by planks

F R Bowlby of Pendleton who was bound over for murder in the second degree in $5 00 bonds has not secured bondsmen

WASHINGTON TERRITORY

Typho malaria is prevalent at Ripa ia and several have died of it

A party of fifteen emigrants have arrived at Vancouver from Kansas

Black frosts have nipped things on the Columbia river near Vancouver

The Ellensburg foundry will be ready for business before the 1st of January

In the way of firewood Walla Walla is getting into a close corner there being but little in the yard

Frank Ledman of Vancouver who had an accident policy had his arm put out by the kick of a horse

Hay is hauled eighteen miles to Walla Walla and the Journal thinks hay may be scarce by and b

Wm Hamilton of Hamilton island one of the old settlers at the Cascades died Monday evening

Ellensburg is looking for a city tablet who will build it a first class hotel for a reasonable consideration

Masons and carpenters at Ellensburg are busy early and late and the fine weather make it possible to keep on building

A petition is being circulated and numerously signed asking for the appointment of J D Laman as postmaster at Walla Walla

Shoo Fly and Andy Lee two full grown Chinamen both born in Walla Walla voted at the last election. Each voted a mixed ticket

November will be the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of Catholic mission on the coast and will be celebrated at Vancouver

Orley Hull of Walla Walla has a pullet hatched last March that is now raising its second brood of chickens. That beats any fish story of late

Edgar Nicholson was riding a scrub race near Dayton when a rein broke and his horse pulled around and threw him and left him with a broken leg

Thomas Dook of Wenatchee when driving to Ellensburg and coming down a hill was thrown in front of the wheels. One of them passed over him breaking the bone of his hip

The Walla Walla valley is noted the world over for its great crops of grains and fruits but when local merchants import eggs from Utah and which eggs by the way came from Iowa it looks as though there was a lack of something somewhere or somehow say the Union

Wm Perry Bruce one of the pioneers of Walla Walla county died at Waitsburg on Saturday last aged 63 years. Mr Bruce crossed the plains in 1854 locating in the Willamette valley. In the spring of 1861 he bought a claim where Waitsburg now stands, and has lived there continuously since

School and County Bonds.

The new board of school directors at Seattle at their first meeting appointed Mr J Furth their financial agent in the matter of negotiating the additional $50 000 bonds voted at the recent election says the *Post Intelligencer*. Mr Furth succeeded in placing them with the same New York capitalists who took the first $100 000 and at the same price—par. The board of county commissioners this week appointed Mr Furth their financial agent in the matter of negotiating the $200 000 King county bonds bearing 5 per cent interest. Sixty thousand dollars of the bonds run twenty years, and $140 000 run thirty years

A Revised Text of the Hebrew Bible

The revised version of the English bible is very unsatisfactory, because it adheres to the massoretic text and fails to give any adequate recognition of the critical scholarship of the last two hundred years. This massoretic text has no real claim to be considered an accurate transcript of the original manuscripts. Critical scholars for three centuries and more have been comparing and amending this imperfect text on the established principles of textual criticism. Examples of these changes are found in Genesis i 1 where for shamain (heavens) is to be read maim (waters) also in Judges iii 8 where for aram the correct reading is edom, in Deut xxxiii 2 where the translation of the corrected text is and came from Meribah kadesh. Other changes desirable are to remove passages which are out of place to their rightful positions to restore the ancient order of the O T books to give the prophetic writings their chronological order and assign them to their right authors and to perform a similar service for the psalms. A text thus amended and altered the result of twenty-five years of close, critical study has been prepared by Prof Graetz of Breslau and now awaits publication. The cost of publishing such a work will be great and it is hoped that American men of wealth and scholarship will feel it an honor to aid in this enterprise

It Made Her Sad.

Merchant Traveler

And the letter that he longed for never came, sang the youth with the large Adam s apple and the crosscut voice. When he had concluded Miss Pepperton remarked to him

Do you know, Mr Bibberton, I can scarcely keep the tears back when you sing that ballad "

Does it affect you so much as that?"

"Yes indeed

"Perhaps it recalls some incident that brings it home to you with more than ordinary force "

No, it is not that, But I always wish that the writer of the letter had thought to register it or at least put a special delivery stamp on it "

STONE IN THE KIDNEY

How It was Removed Without the Use of the Surgeon s Knife

In the spring of 1878 I was taken with sharp pains in the lower part of my bowels in the regions of the bladder. Shortly blood appeared mixed with my urine and a few weeks later I had an attack of brown gravel. I tried a number of doctors. One said it was gravel another said it was

Inflammation of the Bladder,

and another that I had a stone in my left kidney. For three months I was under the care of an eminent specialist at Albany, but constantly growing worse, went home to die. At this time I was induced to try Dr David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy of Rondout, N Y, and am now robust and strong. A remedy which can do this for one so near death as I was should be known everywhere. I hope this statement will cause others afflicted as I was to find relief in the same source.—W Brown, Petersburg N Y

FAVORITE REMEDY, RONDOUT N. Y
Price One Dollar. Sold by all Druggists

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD Portland Or., Agents.

OREGON HOTEL,

Corner First and D Sts., Portland, Oregon,

JOHN SALZER, Proprietor.

Board and Lodging $1.00 per day. Single Meal 25c. Lodging 25c and 50c.

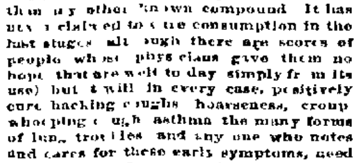
CURE and all urinary troubles easily, quickly and safely cured by DOCUTA Capsules. [illegible]

DOYLE'S ENGLISH REMEDY FOR Consumption.

A standard preparation that can show more cures in both Europe and America than any other known compound. It has never claimed to cure consumption in the last stages although there are scores of people whose physicians gave them no hope that are well to-day simply from its use) but it will in every case, positively cure hacking coughs hoarseness, croup whooping cough, asthma the many forms of lung troubles and any one who notes and cares for these early symptoms, need have no fear of consumption even if it is inherited

It is for sale by all dealers. You can't afford to be without it

W. H. HOOKER & CO.,
Sole Agents for America,
46 West Broadway, New York



SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Is entirely a vegetable preparation containing no Mercury Potash Arsenic, or other poisonous substances.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Has cured hundreds of cases of Epithelioma or Cancer of the Skin thousands of cases of Eczema, Blood Humors and Skin Diseases, and hundreds of thousands of cases of Scrofula, Blood Poison and Blood Taint.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Has relieved thousands of cases of Mercurial Poisoning Rheumatism and Stiffness of the Joints

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 27, 1888.—Swift s Specific Co Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen In the early part of the present year a bad case of blood poison appeared upon me. I began taking S S S under advice of another and to my I feel greatly improved. I am still taking the medicine and shall continue to do so until I am perfectly well. I believe it will effect a perfect cure. Yours truly
Doc P HOWARD,
111 West Sixth St.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 7, 1888.—The Swift Specific Co Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen I was a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism for two years. I could get no permanent relief from any medicine prescribed by my physician. I took over a dozen bottles of your S S S, and now I am as well as I ever was in my life. I am sure your medicine cured me and I would recommend it to any one suffering from any blood disease. Yours truly
O E HUGHES
Conductor C & G R R.

WACO TEXAS May 9, 1888—Gentlemen: The wife of one of my customers was terribly afflicted with a loathsome skin disease, that covered her whole body. She was confined to her bed for several years by this affliction, and could not help herself at all. She could not sleep from a violent itching and stinging of the skin. The disease baffled the skill of the physicians who treated it. Her husband began finally giving his wife Swift's Specific, and she commenced to improve almost immediately and in a few weeks she was apparently well. She is now a hearty fine-looking lady with no trace of the affliction left. Yours very truly
J R SEARS
Wholesale Druggist, Austin Avenue.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO Drawer 3, Atlanta Ga. New York 756 Broadway

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL

MOST AS PALATABLE AS MILK.

So disguised that the most delicate stomach can take it.

Remarkable as a FLESH PRODUCER. Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Is acknowledged by Physicians to be the FINEST and BEST preparation of its class for the relief of *CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, and CHRONIC COUGHS.*

ALL DRUGGISTS. Scott & Bowne, New York.

Country Dealers and Shippers

WILL SAVE MONEY

By Carefully Checking their Consignment Accounts With the Complete

PRICES CURRENT,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN THE

Portland Journal of Commerce

The only independent and reliable trade journal on the coast. Subscription $3 a year in advance

Office, Second and Oak Sts., Portland

The Great English Remedy,

The old reliable and never failing remedy for wasting diseases, the results of youthful follies and excesses in mature years. $3 00 a bottle, or four for $10 00. Sent C O D or on receipt of price. Also, treat Private and Special diseases.

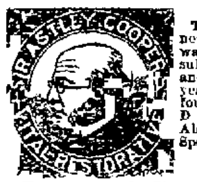
Address

English Medical Dispensary,
11 KEARNEY STREET San Francisco Cal.

NOTICE.

All plats filed for record must not be larger than sixteen by twenty inches in size.

W. L. DUDLEY,
Recorder of Conveyances.



STRONGEST Invigorant Known

For Mental Overwork, Sexual Debility, Impotency Nocturnal Emissions, Mental Apathy or Indifference, and [illegible] of the general system, and dull, heavy weakness in the back or spine [illegible] of the Reproductive Organs of both Male and Female. [illegible] Wilcox Specific Med. Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

L. BLUMAUER & CO., Agents, Portland.

FOR MEN ONLY

A NEW BOOK ON

DEBILITY & ATROPHY [illegible]

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

SACKS,

Wheat Sacks, Oat Sacks
FOR SALE CHEAP BY
EVERDING & FARRELL.

TRANSPORTATION LINES.

FOR ASTORIA! FAST TIME

Steamer Telephone!

(Leaves foot of Alder St. Portland.)

Leave Portland.		Leave Astoria.	
Sunday	8 A M.	Monday	5:00 A. M.
Tuesday	7 A M.	Tuesday	3 10 P M.
Wednesday	7 00 A M.	Wednesday	7 00 P M.
Thursday	11 30 P M.	Friday	7 00 P M.
Saturday	7 A M.	Saturday	3 00 P M.

TUESDAYS WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS—ROUND TRIP DAYS

Fare to Astoria $1 round trip $1 50 [illegible] days [illegible]

Close connections at Kalama to the Sound at Portland with the O & C R R, and Westside trains P & W V R R. Vancouver and Oregon City boats and Eastern bound trains

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.—ALASKA ROUTE.

[illegible]

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO, Gen l Agents San Francisco

A. D. CHARLTON, Assistant Pass. Agent N P R R Portland.

STR. GEN. MILES

Will leave Astoria every Tuesday and Friday morning on the arrival of the night boats from Portland

FOR GRAY'S HARBOR, DIRECT.

Fare including meals	$5 00
Freights from Portland	5 00
Freights from Astoria	4 00

Freight on mill feed $1 less per ton

The Gen Miles has been fitted out with several Pullman berths, and having large power has extra speed and is the only steamer on this route that never lies out at sea over night usually making the trip from Columbia to Gray's Harbor bar in four hours and from Astoria to Aberdeen from 7 to 9 hours.

The STEAMER "DOLPHIN" will leave Astoria for Bay Center South Bend and North River on Shoalwater Bay every Friday

For freight or passage apply to JACOB KAMM Portland or J. H. D. GRAY Agent Astoria Or

COWLITZ ROUTE.

For Freeport (via Willamette Slough) touching at St. Helens and way points Tuesday Thursday Saturday Str Joseph Kellogg 7 A M. For Toledo touching at St. Helens and way points Str Toledo Monday and Thursday at 6 A. M. South side of dock foot of Taylor street

Vancouver Transportation Co's

Strs. Lurline or Undine

Capt. James T Gray leave Portland at 10 A M and 4 P M and Vancouver at 8 A M and 1 P M daily Sunday excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Taylor street.

Towing between 10 A M and 2 P M

INSURANCE

THE OREGON

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF PORTLAND.

ASSETS	$361,088 75
CASH CAPITAL	240,100 00
NET SURPLUS	98,571 93

PRINCIPAL OFFICE

Northeast Corner Second and Stark Streets

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

HENRY FAILING	W S LADD
H W CORBETT	C H LEWIS
W M LADD,	S G REED
J W COOK	J K GILL

L WHITE.

Removed to 50 Stark St.

UNION INSURANCE CO.,

Fire and Marine,

Of San Francisco.

CAPITAL - - - $750,000

JAMES S. REED, Agent.

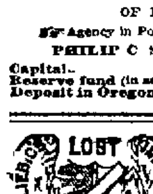
The Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Company,

OF LIVERPOOL.

Agency in Portland at No 5 First

PHILIP C SCHUYLER, Agent.

Capital	£2,000 000
Reserve fund (in addition)	375,000
Deposit in Oregon	10,000



DR. LIEBIG'S

Wonderful

GERMAN

Invigorator.

THE OLDEST GREATEST AND BEST REMEDY for the cure of Nervous and Physical Debility Vital Exhaustion Seminal Weakness Loss of Manhood, Failing Memory and Relaxed and Enfeebled Condition of the Genito Urinary Organs

It speedily cures Impotence Early Decay Loss of Vigor SEMINAL WEAKNESS and all the real effects of youthful follies and abuse or EXCESSES OF MATURITY

It permanently prevents all unnatural loss from the system as thousands can attest who have used the Remedy in the past quarter of a century which it has been before the public.

It is indeed a wonderful remedy—toning the nerves strengthening the muscles, checking the waste invigorating the whole system and restoring the afflicted to HEALTH and HAPPINESS.

The reason so many cannot be cured of Weakness and the above diseases is owing to complication called PROSTATORRHEA with Hyperesthesia which requires special treatment

DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR No 2 with one peculiar special treatment is the only positive cure for PROSTATORRHEA. By it MANHOOD is restored and the hand of time moved back from age to youth

Price of either Invigorator $2. Case of six bottles $10. Sent to any address covered securely from observation.

Dr Liebig & Co treat successfully by Homeopathy every form of SEXUAL PRIVATE or CHRONIC DISEASE without mercury or nauseous drugs. If vitality is drained from the body numerous diseases follow that baffle ordinary ed treatment. If allowed to continue, the unnatural loss causes Consumption, Diabetes Bright s Disease Insanity etc. Cures guaranteed. Diseases of the Genito Urinary organs, kidneys liver and bladder speedily treated. DISEASES OF WOMEN SPEEDILY CURED

Qualified and Responsible—Dr Liebig & Co from Europe are regular college educated physicians, and are now in their nineteenth year of special practice

If pimples appear on the face and body if you become listless and easily tired and exhausted to a out for the complication with Seminal Weakness discovered at the LIEBIG DISPENSARY known as Prostatorrhea. DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR No. 2 is the only known remedy for the above complication, Prostatorrhea.

Most powerful electric belts free to patrons

To prove the wonderful power of the Invigorator, a $2 bottle given or sent free. Consultation free and private

LIEBIG DISPENSARY
400 Geary St. San Francisco Cal.

Private entrance 405 Mason street four blocks up Geary street from Kearney. Main entrance through Dispensary Drug Store 2sftf

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

FOR LIVER, BILE, INDIGESTION, ETC., FREE from Mercury containing only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents—LANGLEY & MICHAELS, San Francisco.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

WEAK MEN [illegible]

BANKS.

Portland Trust Company

OF OREGON.

No 69 Third Street Ainsworth Block

The Savings Bank Department.

(Open on Saturday Nights)

Pays interest on Deposits on Bank Book or Certificate

The Company also acts as general agent, trustee or attorney for individuals or corporations, and as receiver or assignee.

Money to loan and advances made on mortgage or other security

Holds property in trust and takes care of the same pending litigation or settlement of conflicting interests

Assumes the general care of real estate with strict economy as to expenditure for repairs. Collects rents in profits dividends bills accounts and income

Pays taxes assessments and insurance premiums.

Keeps insurance policies and other valuable papers safely at moderate charges.

All trust funds are kept separate and apart from the company s assets and all trusts carefully and economically administered.

ALLEN NOYES	President
H C LEIPIOCH	Vice President
BENJ I COHEN	Secretary

FRANK DEKUM	D. P. THOMPSON	H C STRATTON
President	Vice President	Cashier

The Portland Savings Bank,

OF PORTLAND OREGON

S W COR SECOND and WASHINGTON

Pays Interest on Time Deposits,

Loans made on real or personal security

Acts as trustee for individuals corporations or estates pending litigation or settlement.

Savings Bank.

THE NORTHWEST LOAN & TRUST CO

No 15 Stark St., Portland Or

Capital : : : : : : $150,000

Open Wednesday & Saturday Evenings

Interest Paid on Savings Deposits

Loans made on Real Estate

GEO B MARKLE President

Commercial National Bank,

OF PORTLAND

General Banking Business Transacted

President	D P THOMPSON
Vice-President	R M WADE
Cashier	R. L. DURHAM
Assistant Cashier	H C WORTMAN

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York Boston Chicago Omaha St Paul San Francisco and all principal places throughout the Northwest

Exchange sold on principal cities in Europe and on Hong Kong

Collections receive prompt attention

Bank of British Columbia.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 186

Paid Up Capital	$2 425 000
Reserve	500,000

Head Office 28 Cornhill London.

Branches Portland San Francisco, Victoria New Westminster, Nanaimo Kamloops Vancouver B C

A General Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans made. Bills discounted. Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received on current account subject to check. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

GEO GOOD Acting Manager

Ladd & Tilton, Bankers,

Transact a General Banking Business

INTEREST allowed on time deposits.

COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in Europe and the Eastern States

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York Washington Chicago St. Louis Denver Omaha San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington Idaho Montana and British Columbia.

EXCHANGE sold on London Paris, Berlin Frankfort and Hong Kong

The Oregon National Bank,

OF PORTLAND

CAPITAL PAID IN $200 000

Transacts a General Banking Business

EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on San Francisco New York Chicago and principal points in the Northwest.

DRAFTS drawn on China, Japan and Europe.

MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.

VAN B. DeLASHMUTT	President
GEO B MARKLE JR	Vice-President
D F SHERMAN	Cashier

Ainsworth National Bank,

OF PORTLAND—Cor. Third and Oak

L. L. HAWKINS	W K SMITH	J P MARSHALL
President.	Vice-President	Cashier

U S Depositary and Financial Agent.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Exchange bought and sold on all the principal cities in Europe. Also facilities for Telegraphic Transfer. Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points. Highest market rates on Hong Kong Exchange.

SAFE DEPOSIT DEPARTMENT connected with the Bank. Safes rented on easy terms.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

The Oregon Mortgage Company (L'd)

LOANS MONEY on Improved Farm and City Property. Office in Abington Building

9jtlm R. LIVINGSTONE, Manager

Merchants National Bank,

PORTLAND - OREGON

Transacts a General Banking Business

President	JAMES STEEL
Vice-President.	J LOEWENBERG
Cashier	I. A. MACRUM

SELLS SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS and ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT available throughout the United States. DRAWS BILLS OF EXCHANGE on London Liverpool, Dublin Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on the Main, and all the principal cities of Europe, also on Hong Kong

COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points.

The Oregon & Washington Mortgage Savings Bank.

51 First Street, Portland Or

Rates of Interest on Deposits

THREE MONTHS	4	per cent.
SIX MONTHS	5	per cent.
NINE MONTHS	5½	per cent.
ONE YEAR	6	per cent.

LOANED ON MORTGAGES $7,507 721 IN 11 YEARS

Correspondence is solicited and every information and facility for examination will be furnished by applying to WILLIAM REID President.

City County and School Bonds Wanted

First National Bank,

OF PORTLAND

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States

President	HENRY FAILING
Vice-President	H W CORBETT
Cashier	G E WITHINGTON
Assistant Cashier	H J CORBETT

Letters of Credit Issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York Boston Chicago St. Louis St. Paul Omaha San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest.

Sight and Time Bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris Berlin, Frankfort-on the Main Hong Kong

Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points

London and San Francisco Bank,

LIMITED

Capital and Reserve $2 375 000

Head Office 22 Old Broad Street London

This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business makes loans discounts bills and issues commercial and travelers credits available in any city in the world.

Portland Branch, 48 First street

W MACINTOSH Manager

The Portland National Bank

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Accounts Kept, subject to check

Sells Exchange on San Francisco and New York.

Makes Collections on favorable terms.

Letters of Credit Issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

WILLIAM REID	President
WM. LOWE.	Acting Cashier

MARKETS

SPAULDING, PAPWORTH & CO.,

(Successors to O'Shea Bros.)

Wholesale Butchers and Packers.

Special attention given to supplying of ships. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock.

Intersection of Third, A and Ash Streets.

A. H. JOHNSON.

Central Market, ...33 First Street.

Wholesale Butcher and Packer

Special attention paid to supplying ships. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock

W. W. SPAULDING,

(Successor to J. R. Keller & Co.)

Corner First and Madison Streets, Portland.

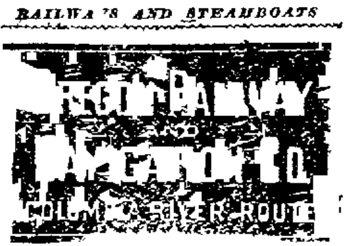
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh and Cured Meats.

[illegible]

Butcher and Packer.

[illegible]

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS



Two trains daily leaving Bridge Depot at 8 00 A M and 2 40 P M. The 8 00 A M train runs through to Walla Walla connecting at Wallula Junction with the Northern Pacific train for Helena, St. Paul and the East. The 2 40 P M train runs through to Farmington via Pendleton and Walla Walla and to Union, La Grande, Baker City connecting at Huntington with Oregon Short Line for Denver Council Bluffs Kansas City and the East. Pullman Palace and Family Sleeping cars on all through trains. West bound trains arrive at 6 10 A M and 5 10 P M.

San Francisco Line.

From Portland Leaving at 12 Midnight.			From San Francisco Leaving Spear st. 10 A. M.		
Elder	Sunday	Nov 4	State	Saturday	Nov 3
State	Thursday	Nov 8	Columbia	Wed'y	Nov 7
Columbia	Mond	Nov 12	Oregon	Sunday	Nov 11
Oregon	Friday	Nov 16	State	Thursday	Nov 15
State	Tuesday	Nov 20	Columbia	Mon'y	Nov 19
Columbia	Sat'y	Nov 24	Oregon	Friday	Nov 23
Oregon	Wednesday	Nov 28	State	Tuesday	Nov 27

The company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.

To Astoria —Steamers Mount Hood Queen and S. G Reed leave Ash street dock every day at 11 30 P M. U S mail steamer leaves Ash street daily except Sunday at 6 A M for Astoria.

To Dalles and Cascades —Leave Ash street at 6 A M except Sundays.

Dayton and Corvallis —Leave Portland at 7 A M Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays for Dayton and way points. Returning leave Dayton at 6 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. For Albany and way points at 6 A M Mondays and Thursdays. Returning leave Albany Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Tacoma Seattle and Victoria —Steamers Olympian and North Pacific between Tacoma and Victoria (except Sundays as follows. Leave Tacoma at 7 30 P M. leave Victoria at 11 00 A M

Snake River Points.—The 2 40 P.M. on Tuesday and Friday connects at Riparia next day with Snake river boat for Lewiston and intermediate points.

Ticket office First and Oak streets.

A. L. MAXWELL
Gen l Pass. and Ticket Agent.

THE YAQUINA ROUTE

OREGON PACIFIC RAILROAD

—AND—

Oregon Development Company's Steamship Line.

225 Miles Shorter—20 Hours Less Time than by any other route.

First-class through passenger and freight line from Portland and all points in the Willamette valley to and from San Francisco.

Time Schedule (except Sundays):

Leave Albany 1 30 P M	Leave Yaquina 6 45 A. M.
Leave Corvallis 1 40 P M	Leave Corvallis 10:35 A. M.
Arrive Yaquina 5 30 P M	Arrive Albany 11 10 A. M.

O & C. trains connect at Albany and Corvallis.

The above trains connect at Yaquina with the Oregon Development Co's Line of Steamships between Yaquina and San Francisco.

Sailing Dates.

Steamers	From San Fran	From Yaquina.
Willamette Valy	Nov 1 8 A M	November 6th
Willamette Valy	Nov 14 4 P M	November 18th
Willamette Valy	Nov 24 10 A M.	November 30th

The company reserves the right to change sailing dates without notice

N. B.—Passengers from Portland and all Willamette Valley Points can make close connection with the trains of the Yaquina Route at Albany or Corvallis and if destined to San Francisco should arrange to arrive at Yaquina the evening before date of sailing.

River Division—South Bound

Leaves Portland Monday Wednesday and Friday, 6 A M arrive at Salem same days 15 P M

Leaves Salem Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M arrives at Corvallis same days at 3 30 P M

North Bound

Leaves Corvallis Monday Wednesday and Friday at 8 A M arrive at Salem same days at 3 P M.

Leaves Salem Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 6 A M arrives at Portland same days at 3 30 P M

Passenger and freight rates always the lowest. For information apply to Messrs. HULMAN & CO., Freight and Ticket Agents 200 and 202 Front street, Portland Oregon or to C. C. HOGUE, Acting Gen l Frt. & Pass Agt., Oregon Pacific R. R. Co Corvallis Oregon

C H HASWELL Jr
Gen l Frt. & Pass Agt. Oregon Development Co. 304 Montgomery street San Francisco Cal

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

THE TRUE

TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

BETWEEN

The Pacific and Atlantic.

Its passenger equipments the finest in the world. consisting of luxurious sleeping cars, having drawing smoking and bath rooms comfortable and clean colonist cars, with free sleeping berths for holders of second-class tickets, and the most modern style of day coaches.

Its dining cars and hotels provide the best quality of food in unlimited quantity at reasonable rates.

The variety and grandeur of scenery along its line is unequaled and in the details of track train service etc., nothing is omitted that can add to the safety and comfort of its patrons.

All in all, it gives the best and most serviceable line of travel, whether for business or pleasure, between Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and all Pacific Coast Points, and Winnipeg, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago St. Louis, Ottawa, Toronto Montreal, Boston, New York, and all Eastern cities.

Through Tickets are issued to all principal points in the United States Canada and Europe at the lowest rates,

For detailed information apply to the following agents of the company

C G McCORD 6 Washington st Portland Or.
E. W McGINNESS Seattle W T
E. E. ELLIS Tacoma, W. T
D. E. BROWN District Frt. & Pass. Agent Vancouver B C

Correspondence respectfully solicited.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TWO FAST TRAINS DAILY!

NO CHANGE OF CARS!

SHORTEST LINE TO CHICAGO

And all points East via

St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Northern Pacific R. R.

Is the only line running

Passenger Trains
Second Class Sleepers (free of charge)
Luxurious Day Coaches
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
Palace Dining Cars (meals 75c).

From Portland to the East.

See that your tickets read via the Northern Pacific R. R. and avoid change of cars.

Leave Portland at 8 00 A. M. and 8 40 P. M. daily arrive at Minneapolis or St Paul at 1 30 P M

Pacific Division—Trains leave Front and G street daily at 11 5 A. M., and 5 10 P M arrive at New Tacoma at 10 P M and 4 30 A. M connecting with Company s boats for all points on Puget sound.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent No. 2 Washington street Portland Oregon

Depot corner First and G Streets.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA.

Via Southern Pacific Company s Lines.

THE MT. SHASTA ROUTE.

Time between Portland and San Francisco 39 hours. California Express Trains run Daily between

PORTLAND AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	4 00 P. M.	San Francisco	7 45 A. M.
San Francisco	7 00 P. M.	Portland	10:30 A. M.

Local Passenger (daily, except Sundays)

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	8.05 A. M.	Eugene	2 40 P. M.
Eugene	9 30 A. M.	Portland	3:45 P. M.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Tourist Sleeping Cars for accommodation of second-class passengers attached to express trains.

The O & C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with all the regular trains on the East Side Div. from foot of F st.

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

Portland and Corvallis—Mail Train.

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Corvallis	12.25 P. M.
Corvallis	1:30 P. M.	Portland	6 15 P. M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of the Oregon Pacific Railroad.

Express Train

Leave		Arrive	
Portland	4.50 P. M.	McMinnville	8:00 P. M.
McMinnville	5 45 A. M.	Portland	9 00 A. M.

Local tickets for sale and baggage checked at company's office corner F and Second streets.

Through Tickets for all points in California and the East can be procured at city office, No. 134, corner First and Alder streets. Depot office, corner F and Front streets, Portland, Oregon.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. G F & P Agent.
R. KOEHLER Manager.

WAS B. HOLLADAY A PAUPER?

Joe Says His Means Would Not Pay His Funeral Expenses.

He Says His Stewardship Has Been Embarrassed by the Action of His Brother's Wife and Her Legal Advisers

Yesterday was the time set by County Judge Catlin for Joseph Holladay executor of the estate of his brother Ben to come into court and show cause why he should not pay the decedent's widow the arrears amounting to about $3000 of her monthly allowance file a complete inventory of the property under his care and submit the estate to appraisement

Mr Holladay did not appear but instead his attorneys R & F B Williams filed his answers to the widow s petition Mrs Holladay s attorneys desiring to move to strike out parts of the answer Judge Catlin allowed them time and deferred the hearing

WAS BEN HOLLADAY A PAUPER?

Joe in his answer asserts that the delay in his qualification after the proof of the will was occasioned solely by the opposition of Mrs Holladay as the records and files of the court will show

He denies that Ben Holladay died possessed of an estate worth $1 500 000 or any other sum that while it is true that he was the owner of a large amount of property he was neither possessed nor entitled to the possession of it that the whole of it was at the time of his death and for a long time prior thereto encumbered and in the possession and control of other parties and at the time of his death he had not have means with which to pay the expenses of his last sickness and funeral

Joe then goes on to say that the inventory recently filed by him was a full list of the property belonging to the estate so far as he knows He denies that he refused or neglected to exhibit all the property to the appraisers and avers that he furnished them all the information at his disposal

He says further that he has filed no account of moneys received and disbursed for the reason that he has handled none which fact was well known to Mrs Holladay when she filed her petitions Joe avers that he has made diligent inquiry to ascertain the situation and true condition of the estate employing attorneys whom he has had to pay out of his own pocket to assist him in the investigation that the principal claims against the estate were not presented to him but a short time prior to the expiration of the first six months after notice of his appointment and not in time to enable him to examine pass upon and list them that in consequence he has been unable to file a complete list with his final action thereon Mr Holladay goes on

JOE S STEWARDSHIP EMBARRASSED

A large amount in value of the property of the estate consisting of the Oregon Real Estate Company stock was sold by order of the circuit court of the United States to pay debts against the decedent (Ben Holladay), which were in judgment in said court that said sale was made reserving the right to the executor to redeem the property on or before February next that the property is in the opinion of the executor much greater in value than the amount for which it was sold $530 000 the amount of said judgments and costs of sale

The executor by himself and in connection with George W Weidler has spent much time and incurred expense in an effort to redeem the property which he has as yet been unable to do but hopes with in the time allowed to be able to do so The acts of the petitioner and her advisers tend greatly to injure him in his efforts to raise the said money and to embarrass him in the management of the estate

THE WIDOW S MITE

Taking up Mrs Holladay s petition for the arrears of her allowance Joe says At the time of the making of the order allowing the petitioner the amount mentioned in the petition it was made on ex parte application and without any showing upon the part of the estate as to its ability to pay the allowance and before the filing of an inventory or the issuance of letters to the executor The executor believes that no such order would have been made had a full showing of the condition of the estate been made to the court George W Weidler had no authority in law or under said contract to pay money to Esther Holladay

It is not true that Esther Holladay is in need of money for her support In addition to the sum of $500 per month she has the use of the residence and her necessary firewood and with economy said sum is more than sufficient for the support and maintenance of herself and children It has not been necessary for her to incur any indebtedness since the death of her husband Her present incapacity does not arise from annoyance occasioned by indebtedness

The value of the estate placed by Mrs Holladay is exorbitant and unreasonable nor can $100 000 be realized by any management therefrom without reference to the amount paid $530 000 by the sale of the Oregon Real Estate Company owned by the estate There still remains due from the estate undisputed claims in the sum of $—— beside claims presented to the executor not yet audited or allowed by him as appears by his report the sum of $——

JOE HAS RECEIVED NO MONEY

If the executor is forced to sell the property of the estate to pay its indebtedness enough will not be realized to pay the claims due and presented against the estate No more than a percentage on the unsecured and unpreferred claims can be paid No money has ever come into the hands of the executor All the property of the estate is in the hands of other parties to secure the indebtedness of the estate as shown by the inventory on file in this court

The executor is unable to pay any money to the widow Of the claims presented against the estate the sum of $—— is claimed by the widow in her right If the facts stated in her petition are true she has ample means of her own with which to defray her expenses and to meet any debt owing by her The executor has made every effort to collect money

Executor Holladay concludes by asking the court to set aside the order making an allowance to Mrs Holladay and to dismiss her petition

THE INVENTORY SHOWS

He presents the following as a list of claims against the estate

W S M L & M Co	$111 0[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Cook & Cole	11 60
[illegible]	5 000 00
[illegible] hotel	86 10
Jos H Holladay	1 7[illegible] 48
Charles Ohle	[illegible] 86
Esther Holladay	71 [illegible] 70
[illegible]	[illegible] 66
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] 44
John M Bower	[illegible]
Gen Rufus Ingalls	11 00
Joseph Holladay	58 6[illegible]
Miscellaneous	1[illegible] 14
Grand total	$ [illegible] 05

[illegible] HIMSELF

Executor Holladay certifies that he has allowed the following claims

Joseph Holladay	$ [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	$

REJECTED

[illegible] Ocean hotel	$ [illegible] 40
[illegible]	[illegible] 000 00
Joseph Holladay	[illegible] 50 48
Miscellaneous	1 666 88
Total	$76 383 7[illegible]

Mr Holladay also makes an exhibit of claims amounting to $274 094 48 which he has been unable to inquire into It includes the claims of the W S M L & M Co Charles Ohle, Esther Holladay Alfred Jones et al Boulware & Co Gen Ingalls Cook & Cole, and Mitchell McDougal Tanner & Bower

LOCAL NOTES

Fred Brosseau a native of Great Britain filed his declaration of intention of becoming a citizen yesterday

Marriage licenses were granted yesterday for Peter Moore and Katie Abbuhl Albert E Ingford and Paulina Binder

The First Norwegian and Danish Methodist Episcopal church of Albina filed articles of incorporation yesterday The trustees are T A Saigard, L G Larsen and S. Thorson.

THEY WERE TIED BY THE LINES

An Exciting but Not Very Disastrous Runaway on Upper Front Street Yesterday

If a man were to try to get two horses to lie down in their harness on one side of the wagon tongue to which they were hitched he would have a difficult task But that job a team executed on Front street yesterday afternoon in the twinkling of an eye

Mr Howard Brooks a hauler of wood tied his team by the lines at the corner of Front and Taylor streets about 3 30 o clock and when he returned a few minutes later all there remained of the outfit was the end of the broken lines in the hitching The horses which are young and have run away before became frightened in some way and made a wild dash up Front street

When opposite 251 Front they collided with a passing express wagon and in an instant were both lying on the slippery pavement the off horse partially over the other A dozen stout hands quickly released them from their entangled condition and they scrambled to their feet scattering flint sparks and mud over the community Barring one bloody mouth the horse escaped injury the harness was badly demoralized and the wagon unhurt

HUNT SETTLES FOR $60,000.

His Litigation Against the Oregon Pacific Railroad Compromised.

The Contractor Takes a Check for the Amount Stated and Another for the Costs—Will Nelson Bennett Also Settle?

It has been known for several days that negotiations looking toward the settlement of Contractor G W Hunt s suit against the Oregon Pacific railroad were pending The law firm of Williams & Wood conducted the negotiations for their client Mr Hunt while Whalley Bronaugh & Northup looked out for the interests of the Oregon Pacific

Yesterday the compromise was effected Mr Hunt accepts a check for $60 000 for his claim against the company and another for $5073 to cover the costs of the suit

An OREGONIAN reporter who called on Hon Geo H Williams yesterday afternoon was shown the draft. Both are drawn on the banking firm of Ladd & Tilton and bear the signature of Hamilton Job & Co of Corvallis

HOW IT WAS DONE

After Mr Hunt annulled his contract with the Oregon Pacific last winter the company began suit against him in Albany for $150 000 He defended the suit and was recently awarded judgment for $76 000 He has consented to settle for $60 000 That is more than the work amounted to It was worth about $52 000 After the Oregon Pacific had filed suit against Mr Hunt at Albany he began another suit in the state circuit court in Portland for $160 000, of which $80 000 was claimed for work and $80 000 for damages This suit has been transferred to the United States circuit court Mr Hunt having become a citizen of Ohio The probabilities are that this suit will be dismissed now that a settlement has been made

Does the agreement include the resumption of the contract by Mr Hunt

No he will have nothing more to do with the company

HISTORY OF THE LITIGATION

A little history of this litigation might be of interest at this time Mr Hunt held the contract to build fifty miles of the Oregon Pacific line beginning at a point forty miles East of Albany Nelson Bennett s contract called for the building of the forty miles between Albany and the western end of Mr Hunt s work

On the 13th of last December both contractors annulled their agreements discharged their men and suspended work In an interview published in THE OREGONIAN December 15 Mr Hunt said that he had taken this course because he had received no money for four months and could get no satisfaction from the company as to when he would be paid that he had been dealt with unfairly Both gentlemen stated that they were induced to take the contract from the company on the positive assurance that it had $2 000 000 in the treasury with $5 000 000 more available that it had 100 miles of steel rails in San Francisco

On the 9th of December Mr Bennett set the legal ball in motion by suing the Oregon Pacific in the state circuit court in Portland for $501 5[illegible] of which $201 825 was claimed as balance due for work performed $150 000 for decreased valuation of his plant by reason of the abandonment of the contract and $150 000 for damages Mr Hunt followed by instituting suit for $160 000 Mr Bennett s suit is still pending in part 1 state circuit court

THE BENNETT SUIT ALSO

In connection with the Hunt settlement it was stated yesterday that steps were being taken to compromise the Bennett suit and the presence of Mr Bennett in the city in company with legal advisers was cited as corroborative evidence An OREGONIAN reporter telephoned to the Esmond last night to ascertain if Mr Bennett was about and being told that he was started for there to see him The contractor heard Mr Guinean reply yes he is still here' and judging and very correctly too that he was wanted disappeared in a trice The reporter after a brief investigation found him admiring high art in the show window of a First street art store

I thought I had given you the slip said the contractor smilingly as he diverted his gaze from an oil painting to the reporter

So did I when I did not find you at the hotel

Mr Bennett was then informed of the compromise in the Hunt suit which he had heard of and asked if it was true that a settlement was probable in his case

It there I have not heard of it he said I hope it is so You can tell the people that I know nothing

Mr Bennett then resumed his admiration of the oil painting and the reporter left him

SHOT IN THE GROIN

Hickory Johnson, During a Row is Severely Wounded by James H Stewart

The notorious Hickory Johnson was hit and severely wounded about noon yesterday by James H Stewart a saloon keeper of Vancouver in a room at the Creedmoor lodging house About three weeks since Stewart while here became infatuated with the notorious Lizzie Smallbones Johnson s paramour and induced her to go to Vancouver to work in his saloon which is called The Tell Light

It is supposed she went on an understanding with Johnson for the purpose of making what she could off of Stewart who is unsophisticated and new to the business Johnson went over to Vancouver and made a row in the saloon and was imprisoned for five days Saturday the woman came back to her old quarters in the Creedmoor lodging house and sent word to Stewart to come over to see her as she was sick He came over yesterday and went to her room and shortly afterwards Johnson came to the door and demanded admission, threatening to break down the door He was admitted and at once flew at Stewart struck him on the side of the head and knocked him across the room upon which Stewart pulled out a pistol and blazed away Johnson knocked the pistol down and the bullet struck him in the groin passing down into his leg

The pistol is an old fashioned Colt s revolver which some one left in pawn with Stewart, and he says he don t know how he happened to have it with him

Stewart was seen at the jail last night He had been weeping over his trouble and was afraid he was in a bad scrape The general opinion expressed was that his only fault was in not shooting higher

He is the son of a Clarke county farmer and his brothers are farmers and he now thinks it would have been better if he had stuck to the farm himself

Johnson was removed to the Good Samaritan hospital An effort was made to extract the bullet but without success At 11 o clock last night he was resting easily The wound though quite severe, is not necessarily fatal.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad the dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 2 Washington street.

DUCK HUNTERS' TROUBLES

Two Sportsmen Who Get Left by Train and Boat And Worry Their Friends

There is something not altogether unpleasing to us in the misfortunes of our friends said a philosopher and this is probably why Mr W S Ladd is enjoying the mishap of Messrs Wm M Ladd and H J Corbett They concluded to steal awhile away from the cares of business and enjoy a few hours hunting at Batchelor s island intending to cross over to St Helens in time to take the boat for this city and get home before they were fairly missed from their desks They reached the island on schedule time and banged away at the ducks for a time and all too soon to suit them broke away and started for St Helens When they got there the regular boat had gone and while they were considering what they should do the train passed and there they were Fortunately (?) a boat came along and they took passage for Portland and twenty seven hours after arrived safely to find their friends in a state of great alarm about them which is not to be wondered at considering the great number of shooting accidents recorded of late And now Mr Ladd senior enjoys recounting how the boys made their flying trip

LIGHTING THE CITY.

A Letter From a Citizen on This Important Subject

Cost of Lighting Considered—An Interesting Bit of Information on the Subject From Chicago

A citizen of Portland sends the following communication to THE OREGONIAN

PORTLAND Nov 22

It should be the aim of every city of the size and importance of Portland to own and control its own water and gas or electric works Fortunately we now have our own water works which are managed to the satisfaction of the community, and it now remains for the people to stir about and erect their own works for lighting the city

By the proceedings of last night's council meeting I see that it is proposed to erect more arc lights at an additional expense to the city of $550 per month We are already paying $2153 a month for lighting up the city and it is now proposed to increase the sum to $2703 per month or the enormous amount of $32 436 a year a large sum for lighting the streets of Portland

It is high time to make a halt Cannot some public spirited civil engineer give us the approximate cost of a plant that is now used by the electric company of this city? It would be well for the people to study over this matter and see whether it would not be a wise thing for our representatives at the coming session of the legislature to introduce a bill allowing the city of Portland to issue bonds for an amount necessary to build works to light the city Our efficient water committee could manage them in connection with the water works at a small additional cost outside of the operating expenses

Our taxes for this year will be over 3 per cent, a rate that has a tendency to keep out foreign capital The question is how are we going to reduce taxation TAXPAYER

Col John McCraken of this city who was in Chicago a few days ago, wrote from there to one of our prominent citizens on this subject saying he was satisfied from what he saw at Chicago that a great reduction could be made in Portland in the cost of electric lights for the street He enclosed a clipping from the Chicago *Tribune* from which we make an extract It will be seen that large electric lights are to be substituted on the streets of that city for gas lamps Here in Portland our streets are not now lit with gas but it would appear that the Chicago plan might be introduced here in lieu of the present system with great advantage If Chicago can get much more light for $9405 a year than 855 gas lamps will furnish it would appear that we ought to get much more light for our streets than we now have or than is proposed for less money than is now asked Here is the extract from the Chicago paper

Commissioner Swift and City Electrician Barrett have been for some time preparing a Christmas gift for the citizens of Chicago All of the south side to Van Buren street West Madison street to Ashland avenue and all the territory between Canal and Halsted and Madison and Van Buren will be brilliantly illuminated Christmas night by the city s system of electric lights The extension of the system to cover this territory will be completed by December 10 but will not be put into full operation until Christmas

I meant it to be not only a surprise but a welcome Christmas gift for Chicago said Commissioner Swift yesterday The result of it is it is no longer an experiment It is a success and before even any of us now believe the whole city will be lighted by the city itself and far more satisfactorily than at present The present power house for the whole system is on Jefferson street between Jackson and Van Buren It is all completed and can furnish power enough to run a system twice as extensive as the one we will have in operation Christmas In the system as it now is Madison street and the river will form our trunk line The working of the electric lights on the river has been seen and appreciated by every one The extension of the system will give equal satisfaction When we give our grand opening 171 electric lights will take the place of 855 gas lamps Each gaslight is of sixteen candle power or a total of 13 680 candle power Each of the 171 electric lights equals 2000 candle power making a total of 342 000 candle power instead of 13 680 Each gas lamp costs the city $26 a year or a total for the 855 to be displaced of $22,230 Each electric light including interest on investment will cost not to exceed $55 a year or a total of $9405 There it is in a nutshell We get over twenty five times as much light at less than one-half the cost Isn't that a good Christmas gift for Chicago?

"The system will be an ornamental one too continued the commissioner The posts are sixteen feet high while the lamp posts are but eleven feet high We have now sixteen miles of conduit laid and thirty five miles of cable The system as it will be Christmas day will have cost about $40 000

MR DWIGHT L MOODY

He Will Reach Portland Dec 5—Work of Evangelism on the Sound

Under date of November 21 Mr Moody writes that it is his plan to reach Portland about December 5 at which time the preliminary work of making ready for him will have been completed

A gentleman who has been acting as usher at the Seattle meetings reports the large Armory hall is wholly inadequate to supply the demand for room on the part of those attending At the four meetings of last Sunday the hall was filled to overflowing and the interest is growing rather than otherwise The reports of the recent meetings show an increased power and Mr Moody said the meetings of Tuesday were the best he had held on the Sound

The deed for the Chet Terry property was made out to the United States officer this week and Mr Moody says Terry is not the only one that has made restitution Seattle has her share of those that have dishonest money in hand

On Sunday evening the announcement was made that the evangelist would remain in Seattle until Saturday instead of Wednesday as published

From Tacoma the promise is out to go to Spokane Falls and already calls have come in for him to go to leading places in the Willamette valley but no promises can be made until the work in Portland is well under way and the length of time that will be spent here is known COMM

THANKSGIVING BELLS ARE RINGING.—T. J. Wright has just got in another full carload of church and school bells and says he is selling cheaper than before No church or school should be without a bell when they are sold so cheap He has all sizes in stock from 40 to 1200 pounds, and is always willing to make a liberal donation to a needy church

Union Ticket office corner First and Oak streets —Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, Union Pacific railway Northern Pacific railway Oregon Short Line Pullman reservation made for Northern Pacific and Oregon Short Line G S Taylor ticket agent Portland Oregon.

Solid men to the front and such men usually take their meals at the New York Family rooms, 11 Alder

"UNDER-CURRENTS new novel by THE DUCHESS, at Ed Denum s Price 25c.

HALF A MILLION DOLLARS

May be Said to Represent the Value of Oregon's 1888 Hop Product

The Total Crop Estimated at From 12,000 to 20,000 Bales—Improved Methods of Drying—Prospects for 1889

The two leading hop buyers of the city Mr W J Van Schuyver and M Koshland were seen yesterday and from their observations it is manifest that the hop business of the present season has been remunerative in a high degree to growers and a valuable feature of the year s products Both agree also that every indication points to an increased acreage the coming year

MR VAN SCHUYVER S OPINION

Has the season s hop crop realized your summer estimate of 12 000 bales Mr Van Schuyver? was asked

I think so just about replied the gentleman I should still estimate the state production at that figure

What proportion has been marketed

Probably all but about 1000 bales Of this quantity something like 400 are good and the balance will be classed as rejected There are no choice lots of any size left excepting one What are remaining are scattered about so that they do not have any bearing on the market

What have the growers realized on the average?

Prices have ranged from 15 to 20 cents I should say 17½ to 18 cents was about the average for the season There have been some deliveries on contracts made last year at 12½ cents for two or three seasons There have been and still are some trying to crawl out of their contracts As everything above 8 cents is profit the growers have done exceedingly well this year many and many a man who was heavily in debt last summer having met his obligations and got comfortably fixed

I have heard of no contracts being made this fall for next season Growers in view of the high prices now would not be disposed to accept a figure which the great uncertainty of the hop market would justify buyers in offering We have had no application from Eastern consumers for contracts

Of the hops already marketed 10 per cent have been classed as rejected This is partially due to improper methods of drying and partly to a lack of pickers at the proper season Hops ripened on the growers very rapidly the present season and in the valley some were lost and others damaged, though the Sound people were much more unfortunate than ours

Where have the hops been sent to mostly?

"None that I know of have been shipped direct to England though that is the ultimate destination of a large portion of our crop Shipments from here go to New York Philadelphia Milwaukee Chicago St Louis and Cincinnati There is only one local consumer of any appreciable quantity and he only uses comparatively few One of our local brewers imports yearly a supply of Bavarian hops

The prospect for next year is as good as this There will be none ploughed up and would not be as long as 12½ cents can be realized

ANOTHER ESTIMATE

The present season's hop crop said Mr M Koshland is the largest which Oregon ever produced We estimate the product at 18 000 bales and the yield 500 pounds to the acre in excess of previous years The heavy rains in June just at the opportune time were a godsend to the grower They have realized a handsome margin on their work Seven cents is about what they cost them and prices have run from 14 to 20 cents averaging about 16

"There are not over 1000 bales unsold in the state and the most of these would be classed as rejected, as for those already marketed an unusually small proportion has been poor About 5 per cent were damaged by being picked too late and a much smaller ratio spoiled by improper methods of drying Experience is teaching the growers so that they are far more successful in that department of the business

The local demand has not exceeded 500 bales Some shipments have been made direct to England but nearly all to New York and Chicago Some are reshipped from the former to England and from Chicago to the Wisconsin brewers though that state grows heavily herself in hops"

What about next year?"

No contracts have yet been made and it would be idle to speculate upon the price If the growers do as they say they will the Pacific coast will outdo itself in hops next year Enough increased acreage has been promised to produce at an ordinary rate of yield fully 25 000 bales in Oregon alone

THE SEASON AS IT IS AT THE EAST

As an indication of how the growers of this coast are regarded in the East the following from Emmett Wells s *Weekly Hop Circular* last issue will be of interest

The fact is becoming more apparent that there is a great scarcity of choice state hops such as come under a shipping grade Added to the fault of poor picking now comes the complaint that many growers have also been careless in the curing of their hops many parcels showing insufficient drying which of course renders them unfit for export This indifference displayed on the part of state growers only reflects credit to our Pacific coast friends whose hops are not only cleanly picked but show unusual good management in curing in fact the only drawback Pacifics are likely to encounter this season is the red and rusty appearance of many of the late pickings This going off in color was occasioned by a lack of pickers which rendered it impossible to secure all of the hops in their green and natural condition before the light frosts set in Many of these red hops though intrinsically worth as much or more to the brewer than green hops—by reason of their being thoroughly ripe and well filled with lupulin are rendered undesirable for export simply on account of their color our English friends preferring a hop of bright golden color and more in unison with the best East Kent Goldings

It will be very difficult to place a value on red Pacifics home brewers, finding that exporters will not take kindly to them will expect to buy them very cheap if at all Dealers on the Pacific coast will also handle cautiously as they will not feel inclined to take much risk in buying them for shipment East The result probably will be that a very large proportion of them will be handled by commission houses and sold for what they will fetch Under any circumstances we would advise all hopgrowers who do not hold a good shipping grade to lose no opportunity to make early sales whenever they can get a price within the bounds of reason for common hops always depreciate in value sooner than good ones do for the reason that they do not hold the same preserving qualities that good hops do and consequently deteriorate faster

THE STAGE

The J Z Little company have been entertaining the theater goers at New Park theater The scenery of the play is very fine and well worth witnessing Only three more performances by the company including the matinee tomorrow The performances will no doubt be liberally patronized

Next week Scott & Mills and the charming soubrette Miss Jessie Bonstelle will amuse the public in Chip O the Old Block Of this play the New York Sun of April 17 says The laughable comedy Chip O the Old Block by Herbert Hall Winslow, was presented to a large audience at the Third Avenue theater last night The comedy is full of thrilling tableaux songs dances and topical hits Mr Robert F Scott as the Commodore an old sailor, Mr Harry Mills as Jack Lightfoot, a jockey "born in the saddle and always first at the finish" with Miss Bonstelle were the principal merry makers of the company The burlesque on O Connor's Othello in the second act by Messrs Scott & Mills delighted the audience The company and comedy may be sure of its week of success

STILL UNCONSCIOUS.—Frank Cox still lies at the Portland hospital He is yet unconscious not recognizing faces at all or apparently taking any cognizance of his surroundings He has come out of his former lethargic condition however, and is far from quiet All his mutterings and cries are inarticulate It is thought he will recover but to what extent his brain will resume its former condition is yet a matter of doubt

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

For quick raising the Royal Baking Powder is superior to all other leavening agents It is absolutely pure and wholesome and of the highest leavening power It is always uniform in strength and quality and never fails to make light, sweet, most palatable and nutritive food. Bread, biscuits, muffins, cake, etc , raised with Royal Baking Powder may be eaten not without distressing results to the most delicate digestive organs It will keep in any climate without deterioration

Prof H A Mott, U S. Government Chemist, after examining officially the principal baking powders of the country, reported

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government.

"Because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

"DR. HENRY A. MOTT, PH D."
U S Government Chemist.

OVERCOATS

OVERCOATS $7.00 $9.50 $13.50

SATURDAY

THE BEST VALUE
EVER OFFERED.
SATURDAY ONLY.
J. SELLING & CO.

G. COHEN & BRO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Groceries, Produce, Provisions.
168-170 Front St., bet. Morrison and Yamhill, Portland.
We sell GROCERIES and PROVISIONS at the Lowest Wholesale Prices and Deliver Goods Free of Charge.

LAST CHANCE
For Bargains in
CLOTHING
---and---
Gents' Underwear
---At the---
[illegible]
---of---
E. MEYER & CO.

As the entire stock will positively be offered in a lump to the highest bidder within the next fifteen days. Only two weeks remain in which to take advantage of these unprecedented bargains. Come early, as this is the last call.

By order of the ASSIGNEE

For This Week Only.
[illegible]
In the Price of
LADIES' AND GENTS'
[illegible]
At
[illegible] S[illegible]'S,
169--First Street.--169.
Between Morrison and Yamhill.

$1,20.00
[illegible]
Given Away.

To every purchaser of Jewelry will be given a ticket in the drawing of the above Diamond Rings by a committee of ticket holders This Elegant Present to our patrons, with the Low Prices is to enable us to reduce our immense stock of Holiday Goods before Jan 1st—this sale commencing on Nov 2[illegible]th and ending Dec 25th

NEW YORK JEWELRY CO.
107 First St., Portland.

CHEAP STORAGE—WE ARE PREPARED to furnish cheap storage. In brick or frame warehouses. 30ulm J McCRAKEN & CO 60 N. Front st.

CORNS AND BUNIONS SKILLFULLY treated by DR. A S BERNSTEIN, Room 13, 165 First street, corner of Morrison. Consultation free 15nlm

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW PARK THEATER
A SHORT SEASON ONLY!
A GRAND SCENIC ATTRACTION
J. Z LITTLE'S
THE WORLD
GRAND SCENIC EFFECTS
Reserved seats at Prentice s

NEW PARK THEATER
Commencing MONDAY, Nov. 26
Positive Production of the Latest and Greatest New York Success,
Chip o' the Old Block
An Original Startling Musical Farcical Comedy Drama Introducing those Eminent Mirth Makers,
SCOTT & MILLS,
The Fashion Pretty Fascinating Little Queen of Singing Comediennes, Miss
JESSIE BONSTELLE
Together with the same select coterie of Comedians and Dramatic Artists that made the Big Hit in New York last April and May
E D STAIR Manager
Matinee Thanksgiving Day
Reserved Seats at D W Prentice s

EXTRA.
NEW PARK THEATER
The World-Renowned
BOSTON QUINTETTE CLUB
ASSISTED BY
MISS ANNE CARPENTER,
Prima Donna Soprano,
Will Appear Here Dec. 3d and 4th

THE MARINE BAND
WILL GIVE A
Grand Masquerade Ball
at Mechanics' Pavilion,
THANKSGIVING EVE,
(Wednesday Nov 28, 1888)
A number of Valuable Prizes will be Offered
Tickets admitting Gentleman with Lady in Costume
Extra ticket for lady in Costume
Spectator s ticket
Only Dancers in Costume allowed on the floor
Tickets may be obtained from any member of the Band

[illegible]
The Great Battle Painting
ADMISSION 50c Children, 25c.
This unequaled exhibition is open from 10 A M to 10 P M On Sundays from 1 30 P M. to 10 P M Third street between Ash and Pine.

Cort's Standard Theater
SAM WELLS AND HIS CIRCUS HEADS THE COLUMN
A HOST OF ATTRACTIONS
Change of Bill of Course.

KOHN THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
Cor. 2d & Morrison Sts.

[illegible]

But it is nasty, rainy, miserable weather Kohn can keep you dry. To-day's Bargains

[illegible] Fine Silk [illegible] at
LYONS MAKE,
$2.00 Each!
Regular stunners' Biggest bargains in town to-day. Go and get one at once

Boys' [illegible]
Extra quality All sizes to fit boys 5 to 14 years,
At $1.75 Each!
Youths' Rubber Coats
Sizes 30 32 34 breast, all long cut, extra quality Only a few dozen left Will be closed out at $1.35 each

KOHN'S
Children's Jersey Suits
All colors, Blue, Brown, Garnet, $4 50 to $6 00 each The FINEST JERSEY SUITS MADE

[illegible]
Keep the lead Five big bales of New Overcoats opened yesterday all bought at closing-out prices in New York
Look Out for Overcoat Bargains
Now is the time.
Big lot CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS Sizes 4 to 13 years.
Take a peep into our New Tailoring Parlors Lots of pretty things to look at.

KOHN THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
COR. 2d & MORRISON

VOL XXVIII.
NORTH PACIFIC
Great Recu
WILL OFFER
FARM WAGON
OREGON HAC
SQUIRES' PAT
And all other goods
FACTORY AND RE
W. JACKSO
L C.
DIAMONDS, WA
SILVER-W
WHOLESALE AND RETAI
149
ART
SANBORN,
VAIL & CO.,
172 First St., Portland
JUST
No. 126 FIR
Sealskin Garm
Best Alaska Seal, Lo
29 W
NAPTHALY KOHN
CHAS.
The Wholesale
44 Fro
Sole Agents o
"United We Stand"
Peruvian Bitters.
Delbeck & Co.
LOU
"CAR
THE MAR
OUR LA
JAMES MEANS & C
JOHN BRAD
THE RED FRONT '39
On and after Fe
SHOTZMAN & DePEANCE
No other dealers are authoriz